ABLEREX ELECTRONICS CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REVIEW REPORT
JUNE 30, 2023 AND 2022

For the convenience of readers and for information purpose only, the auditors' report and the accompanying financial statements have been translated into English from the original Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. In the event of any discrepancy between the English version and the original Chinese version or any differences in the interpretation of the two versions, the Chinese-language auditors' report and financial statements shall prevail.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REVIEW REPORT TRANSLATED FROM CHINESE

To the Board of Directors and Shareholders of ABLEREX ELECTRONICS CO., LTD.

Introduction

We have reviewed the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of ABLEREX ELECTRONICS CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES (the "Group") as at June 30, 2023 and 2022, and the related consolidated statements of comprehensive income for the three-month and sixmonth periods then ended, as well as the consolidated statements of changes in equity and of cash flows for the six-month periods then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and International Accounting Standard 34, "Interim Financial Reporting" that came into effect as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on these consolidated financial statements based on our reviews.

Scope of Review

Except as explained in the following paragraph, we conducted our reviews in accordance with the Standard on Review Engagements 2410 "Review of Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity" in the Republic of China. A review of consolidated financial statements consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

Basis for Qualified Conclusion

As explained in Note 4(3), the financial statements of certain insignificant consolidated subsidiaries were not reviewed by independent auditors. Those statements reflect total assets of NT\$613,278 and NT\$534,127, constituting 18% and 16% of the consolidated total assets, and total liabilities of NT\$115,687 and NT\$175,826, constituting 7% and 9% of the consolidated total liabilities as at June 30, 2023 and 2022, and total comprehensive income of NT\$16,333, NT(\$1,342), NT\$21,039 and NT\$6,455, constituting 68%, (16%), 65% and 19% of the consolidated total comprehensive income for the three-month and six-month periods then ended.

Qualified Conclusion

Except for the adjustments to the consolidated financial statements, if any, as might have been determined to be necessary had the financial statements of certain consolidated subsidiaries been reviewed by independent auditors, that we might have become aware of had it not been for the situation described above, based on our reviews, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying consolidated financial statements do not present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Group as at June 30, 2023 and 2022, and of its consolidated financial performance for the three-month and six-month periods then ended and its consolidated cash flows for the six-month periods then ended in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and International Accounting Standard 34, "Interim Financial Reporting" that came into effect as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission.

Lin, Se-Kai Lai, Chung-Hsi For and on behalf of PricewaterhouseCoopers, Taiwan August 7, 2023

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are not intended to present the financial position and results of operations and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. The standards, procedures and practices in the Republic of China governing the audit of such financial statements may differ from those generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. Accordingly, the accompanying consolidated financial statements and independent auditors' review report are not intended for use by those who are not informed about the accounting principles or auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China, and their applications in practice. As the financial statements are the responsibility of the management, PricewaterhouseCoopers cannot accept any liability for the use of, or reliance on, the English translation or for any errors or misunderstandings that may derive from the translation.

ABLEREX ELECTRONICS CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS JUNE 30, 2023, DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND JUNE 30, 2022 (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

			June 30, 202	December 31, 2		June 30, 2022		
	ASSETS	Notes	AMOUNT	<u>%</u>	AMOUNT	<u>%</u>	AMOUNT	<u>%</u>
•	Current assets							
1100	Cash and cash equivalents	6(1)	\$ 265,052	8	\$ 259,173	7	\$ 182,971	5
1136	Current financial assets at	6(3) and 8						
	amortised cost		22,382	1	13,418	1	13,511	-
1150	Notes receivable, net	6(4)	11,674	-	6,307	-	35,383	1
1170	Accounts receivable, net	6(4)	472,553	14	707,384	19	490,101	15
1180	Accounts receivable due from	6(4) and 7						
	related parties, net		3,463	-	7,709	-	623	-
1200	Other receivables		21,888	1	11,049	-	16,953	1
1220	Current tax assets		1,351	-	2,119	-	1,377	-
130X	Inventories, net	6(5)	1,367,224	40	1,490,274	40	1,596,311	47
1410	Prepayments		41,512	1	42,788	1	61,187	2
11XX	Total current assets		2,207,099	65	2,540,221	68	2,398,417	71
]	Non-current assets							
1517	Non-current financial assets at fa	ir 6(2)						
	value through other comprehensi	ve						
	income		243,536	7	243,536	7	81,000	3
1600	Property, plant and equipment	6(6) and 8	793,041	24	726,935	20	736,283	22
1755	Right-of-use assets	6(7), 7 and 8	12,056	1	13,780	-	18,195	1
1780	Intangible assets		45,244	1	45,970	1	46,542	1
1840	Deferred income tax assets		44,785	1	42,642	1	45,198	1
1900	Other non-current assets	6(8)	28,187	1	101,432	3	35,626	1
15XX	Total non-current assets		1,166,849	35	1,174,295	32	962,844	29
IXXX	Total assets		\$ 3,373,948	100	\$ 3,714,516	100	\$ 3,361,261	100

(Continued)

ABLEREX ELECTRONICS CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS JUNE 30, 2023, DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND JUNE 30, 2022 (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

	LIABILITIES AND EQUITY	Notes	June 30, 202 AMOUNT	23 %	December 31, 2 AMOUNT	2022	June 30, 202 AMOUNT	2 %
	Current liabilities	Notes	AWOUNT		AWOUNT		AWOUNT	
2100	Short-term borrowings	6(9)	\$ 550,737	16	\$ 616,473	17	\$ 629,729	19
2110	Short-term notes and bills payable	6(10)	29,995	1	69,845	2	-	-
2130	Current contract liabilities	6(18)	215,202	6	284,449	8	222,685	7
2150	Notes payable	-(-)	3,126	-	3,689	-	1,638	_
2170	Accounts payable		409,789	12	591,145	16	604,290	18
2200	Other payables	6(12)	218,235	7	151,021	4	173,883	5
2230	Current income tax liabilities	- ()	20,461	1	17,008	_	5,713	-
2250	Provisions for liabilities - current	6(13)	70,600	2	65,963	2	61,297	2
2280	Current lease liabilities	7	10,032	_	9,237	_	9,750	_
2320	Long-term liabilities, current	6(11)	,		, ,		- ,	
	portion		11,493	_	10,075	_	9,227	_
2399	Other current liabilities, others		22,508	1	18,916	1	20,585	1
21XX	Total current liabilities		1,562,178	46	1,837,821	50	1,738,797	52
	Non-current liabilities				1,037,021			
2540	Long-term borrowings	6(11)	14,758	1	19,460	1	24,108	1
2570	Deferred income tax liabilities	*()	92,975	3	92,975	2	93,294	3
2580	Non-current lease liabilities	7	1,510	-	4,032	-	7,853	-
2640	Net defined benefit liability, non-	6(14)	1,510		1,032		7,033	
20.0	current	0(11)	11,831	_	11,831	_	17,772	_
25XX	Total non-current liabilities		121,074	4	128,298	3	143,027	4
2XXX	Total liabilities		1,683,252	50	1,966,119	53	1,881,824	56
22000	Equity attributable to owners of		1,005,252		1,700,117		1,001,024	
	parent							
	Share capital	6(15)						
3110	Common stock	0(13)	450,000	13	450,000	12	450,000	13
3110	Capital surplus	6(16)	430,000	13	450,000	12	430,000	13
3200	Capital surplus	0(10)	713,657	21	713,416	19	711,878	21
3200	Retained earnings	6(17)	713,037	21	713,410	17	711,070	21
3310	Legal reserve	0(17)	236,999	7	225,053	6	225,053	7
3320	Special reserve		230,777	,	61,427	2	61,427	2
3350	Unappropriated retained earnings		163,324	5	163,863	5	60,741	2
3330	Other equity interest		103,324	5	103,003	5	00,741	2
3400	Other equity interest		113,870	4	122,444	3	(43,600)	(1)
31XX	Total equity attributable to				122,444		((
317171	owners of parent		1,677,850	50	1,736,203	47	1,465,499	44
36XX	Non-controlling interests		12,846		12,194	- 47	13,938	
3XXX	Total equity		1,690,696	50	1,748,397	47	1,479,437	44
JAAA	Significant commitments and	7 and 9	1,090,090		1,740,397		1,479,437	
	·	/ and 9						
	contingent liabilities Singificant events after the balance	11						
	sheet date	11						
3X2X	Total liabilities and equity		¢ 2 272 040	100	¢ 2 711 516	100	¢ 2 261 261	100
<i>J</i> ΛΔΛ	Total habilities and equity		\$ 3,373,948	100	\$ 3,714,516	100	\$ 3,361,261	100

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

ABLEREX ELECTRONICS CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME THREE-MONTH AND SIX-MONTH PERIODS ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 AND 2022 (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except earnings per share amount)

				Three-month periods en			30	Six-month periods ended June 30			
				2023		2022		2023		2022	
1000	Items	Notes		MOUNT	%	AMOUNT	<u>%</u>	AMOUNT	%	AMOUNT	%
4000	Sales revenue	6(18) and 7	\$	688,387		\$ 534,317		1,362,762	100	\$ 1,196,225	100
5000	Operating costs	6(5)(23)(24)	(499,669)	(388,487) (<u>73</u>) (_	1,004,331) ((905,486) (<u>76</u>)
5950	Gross profit from operations	((22)(24)		188,718	<u>27</u>	145,830	27	358,431	<u>26</u>	290,739	24
(100	Operating expenses	6(23)(24)	,	01 224	(10) (74 110) (1.45.7	162 100)	100	140.070\/	10)
6100	Selling expenses		(81,224)	(12) (74,112) (14) (162,189) (12) ((149,879) (12)
6200	General and administrative		,	20 142)	(1) (27 (92) (<i>5</i>) ((2,001)		55 (70) (<i>E</i> \
6300	expenses Research and development		(29,142)	(4)(27,683) (5)(62,091) (5)(55,672) (5)
0300	expenses		,	42,941)	(6) (40 222) (7)(92 424) (6)(90 163) (7)
6450	Expected credit loss		(1,057)	(6)(- (40,333) (424)	- (83,424) (1,453)	. O)(- ((80,162) ((882)	7)
6000	Total operating expenses		(154,364)	(22)(142,552) (26) (309,157) (23) (24)
6900	Net operating income		(34,354	(<u>22</u>) (_ 5		1	49,274	. <u>23</u>) (4,144	
6900				34,334		3,278	1	49,274		4,144	
	Non-operating income and expenses										
7100	Interest income	6(3)(19)		1,289		137		1,466		241	
7010	Other income	6(20)		2,262	-	6,666	1	4,845	-	10,025	1
7020	Other gains and losses	6(20)		12,688	2	5,440	1	9,972	1	11,585	1
7050	Finance costs	6(21) 6(22) and 7	(3,332)	- (2,061)	- (7,036)	- ((3,754)	1
7000	Total non-operating income	0(22) and 7	'	<u> </u>		2,001)		7,030)		3,734)	
7000	and expenses			12,907	2	10,182	2	9,247	1	18,097	2
7900	Profit before income tax			47,261	7	13,460	3	58,521	4	22,241	2
7950	Income tax expense	6(25)	(13,661)	(2)(4,156) (1)(17,213) (1)((6,177) (1)
8200	Profit for the period	0(23)	\$	33,600		\$ 9,304	2 \$		3	\$ 16,064	
8200			φ	33,000		\$ 9,304		41,306		\$ 10,004	
8361	Other comprehensive income Financial statements										
0301	translation differences of										
	foreign operations		(\$	12,018)	(2)(\$ 1,149)	- (\$	3 11,043) (1)	\$ 22,616	2
8399	Income tax relating to	6(25)	(ψ	12,010)	(2)(p 1,149)	- (4	11,043)(. 1)	φ 22,010	2
0377	components of other	0(23)									
	comprehensive (losses)										
	income that will be reclassified										
	to profit or loss			2,326	_	194	_	2,143	- ((4,457)	_
8360	Components of other			2,320		171		2,113	— `	1,137	
0200	comprehensive income										
	(loss) that will be										
	reclassified to profit or loss		(9,692)	(2)(955)	- (8,900)(1)	18,159	2
8300	Other comprehensive income		`—	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	`		`-				
	(loss), net		(\$	9,692)	(<u>2</u>)(\$ 95 <u>5</u>)	<u> </u>	8,900) (1)	\$ 18,159	2.
8500	Total comprehensive income		\$	23,908		\$ 8,349	2 \$		2	\$ 34,223	3
0500	Profit attributable to:		Ψ	23,700		φ 0,542		32,400		Ψ 34,223	
8610	Owners of the parent		\$	32,588	5	\$ 9,891	2 \$	39,980	3	\$ 16,335	1
8620	Non-controlling interest		Φ	1,012) (587)	- -	1,328	3	(271)	1
0020	Non-controlling interest		\$	33,600	5	\$ 9,304	2 \$		3	\$ 16,064	- 1
	C		φ	33,000		\$ 9,50 4		41,500		\$ 10,004	
	Comprehensive income attributable to:										
8710	Owners of the parent		¢	12 101	3	\$ 9,116	2 \$	21 406	2	¢ 24 160	2
8720	Non-controlling interest		\$	23,282	3 ,		2 \$	31,406 1,002	2	\$ 34,162	3
8/20	Non-controlling interest		φ.	626		767)				<u>61</u>	
			<u> </u>	23,908	3	\$ 8,349	<u>2</u> \$	32,408	2	\$ 34,223	3
	F . 1 . 2 . 1 . 1										
07.50	Earnings per share (in dollars)	((26)	Φ.		0.70	Φ	0.00 4		0.00	Ф	0.00
9750	Basic earnings per share	6(26)	\$				0.22		0.89		0.36
9850	Diluted earnings per share	6(26)	\$		0.73	\$	0.22)	0.89	\$	0.36

ABLEREX ELECTRONICS CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY SIX-MONTH PERIODS ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 AND 2022 (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

						Equity at	tributable to			parent						
			Capi	tal Surplus			Retained	Earnings	3			Other equi		_		
	Notes	Common stock	Capital surplus	chan own inter	l Surplus, nges in nership rests in idiaries	Legal reserve	Special r	eserve		appropriated ned earnings	diff trar forei	ll exchange erences on islation of gn financial atements	Unrealised gains (losses) from financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	Total	Non-controlling interests	Total equity
<u>2022</u>																
Balance at January 1, 2022		\$ 450,000	\$ 720,878	\$	-	\$ 217,453	\$ 52	2,110	\$	108,573	(\$	61,427)	\$ -	\$ 1,487,587	\$ 13,877	\$ 1,501,464
Profit (loss) for the period				· <u></u>	_	-	<u></u>		-	16,335	`-		-	16,335	(271	
Other comprehensive income for												17.007		17 027	222	10.150
the period Total comprehensive income										16,335		17,827 17,827		17,827 34,162	332	18,159 34,223
Appropriation and distribution of	6(17)									10,333		17,027		34,102		34,223
2021 earnings:	0(17)															
Legal reserve appropriated		-	-		-	7,600		-	(7,600)		-	-	-	-	-
Special reserve appropriated		-	-		-	-	ò	,317	(9,317)		-	-	-	-	-
Cash dividends to shareholders		-	-		-	-		-	(47,250)		-	-	(47,250)	-	(47,250)
Cash dividends paid by additional paid-in capital	6(16)	-	(9,000)	_	-		_		_		_	-	(9,000)	-	(9,000)
Balance at June 30, 2022		\$ 450,000	\$ 711,878	\$	_	\$ 225,053	\$ 61	,427	\$	60,741	(\$	43,600)	\$ -	\$ 1,465,499	\$ 13,938	\$ 1,479,437
<u>2023</u>								-								
Balance at January 1, 2023		\$ 450,000	\$ 711,878	\$	1,538	\$ 225,053	\$ 61	,427	\$	163,863	(\$	40,092)	\$ 162,536	\$ 1,736,203	\$ 12,194	\$ 1,748,397
Profit for the period		-	-		-	-		-		39,980		-	-	39,980	1,328	41,308
Other comprehensive loss for the period											,	8,574)		(8,574)	(326	(8,900)
Total comprehensive income (loss)		<u>-</u>		· -						39,980	<u> </u>	8,574)		31,406	1,002	32,408
1 ,	6(17)									37,700		0,574		31,400	1,002	32,400
Legal reserve appropriated		-	-		-	11,946		-	(11,946)		-	-	-	-	-
Special reserve reserved		-	-		-	-	(61	(427)		61,427		-	-	-	-	-
Cash dividends to shareholders		-	-		-	-		-	(90,000)		-	-	(90,000)	-	(90,000)
Changes in non-controlling interests	6(27)		 	. <u> </u>	241	<u> </u>								241	(350	
Balance at June 30, 2023		\$ 450,000	\$ 711,878	\$	1,779	\$ 236,999	\$		\$	163,324	(\$	48,666)	\$ 162,536	\$ 1,677,850	\$ 12,846	\$ 1,690,696

ABLEREX ELECTRONICS CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS SIX-MONTH PERIODS ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 AND 2022

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

			Six-month periods end		
	Notes		2023	2022	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES					
Profit before tax		\$	58,521 \$	22,241	
Adjustments		Ψ	50,521 ψ	22,211	
Adjustments to reconcile profit (loss)					
Depreciation expense (including depreciation	6(6)(7)(23)				
charges on right-of-use assets)	0(0)(1)(=0)		31,109	30,973	
Amortisation expense	6(23)		4,826	4,906	
Expected credit loss	()		1,453	882	
Financial costs	6(22)		7,036	3,754	
Interest income	6(19)	(1,466) (241)	
Dividend income	6(20)		- (4,860)	
Loss on disposal of property, plant and	6(6)(21)		•	.,,	
equipment	- (-)()		258	26	
Unrealised foreign exchange loss			532	348	
Changes in operating assets and liabilities					
Changes in operating assets					
Notes receivable, net		(5,367) (10,546)	
Accounts receivable		`	233,281	337,779	
Accounts receivable due from related parties,			,	,	
net			4,246	19,835	
Other receivables		(10,119) (8,949)	
Inventories, net		·	123,050 (397,404)	
Prepayments			1,276 (20,785)	
Changes in operating liabilities					
Current contract liabilities		(69,247)	34,978	
Notes payable		(563) (2,235)	
Accounts payable		(181,356)	53,734	
Other payables		(22,216) (33,808)	
Provisions for liabilities - current			4,637	4,388	
Other current liabilities, others			3,592	4,748	
Defined benefit liability			· -	3	
Cash inflow generated from operations			183,483	39,767	
Interest received			746	244	
Dividends received			-	4,860	
Interest paid		(7,606) (3,487)	
Income tax paid		(12,819) (15,859)	
Income tax refunded		•	5	3,412	
Net cash flows from operating activities			163,809	28,937	

(Continued)

ABLEREX ELECTRONICS CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS SIX-MONTH PERIODS ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 AND 2022

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

		Six-month periods ended June 30					
	Notes		2023		2022		
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES							
Acquisition of financial assets at amortised cost		(\$	9,342)	\$	-		
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	6(6)	(27,193)	(3,738)		
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and	6(6)						
equipment			18		-		
Acquisition of intangible assets			-	(1,379)		
Increase in prepayment of equipment		(121)	(6,246)		
Decrease in deposit			3,588		176		
Increase in other non-current assets		(3,681)	(2,877)		
Net cash flows used in investing activities		(36,731)	(14,064)		
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES							
Increase in short-term borrowings	6(28)		1,383,990		1,382,354		
Decrease in short-term borrowings	6(28)	(1,448,265)	(1,511,629)		
Increase in short-term notes and bills payable	6(28)		470,757		-		
Decrease in short-term notes and bills payable	6(28)	(510,607)		-		
Proceeds from long-term debt	6(28)		-		18,844		
Repayments of long-term debt	6(28)	(4,169)	(6,743)		
Repayment of principal portion of lease liabilities	6(28)	(5,226)	(4,936)		
Decrease in non-controlling interests	6(27)	(109)		<u>-</u>		
Net cash flows used in financing activities		(113,629)	(122,110)		
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash							
equivalents		(7,570)		21,260		
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents			5,879	(85,977)		
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period			259,173		268,948		
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period		\$	265,052	\$	182,971		

ABLEREX ELECTRONICS CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SIX-MONTH PERIODS ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 AND 2022

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except as otherwise indicated)

1. History and Organization

- (1) Ablerex Electronics Co., Ltd (the "Company"), formerly UIS Abler Electronics Co., Ltd., was incorporated under the provisions of the Company Law of the Republic of China (R.O.C.) on April 27, 1998. The Company merged with PEC Technology Co., Ltd. on April 1, 2002, with the Company as the surviving company and was then renamed as Ablerex Electronics Co., Ltd. The shares of the Company have been trading on the Taipei Exchange since September 9, 2010.
- (2) The Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred herein as the "Group") are primarily engaged in the following business activities:
 - (a) Manufacturing and sales of uninterruptible power supply systems.
 - (b) Manufacturing and sales of equipment to power quality devices.
 - (c) Manufacturing and sales of solar energy equipment.
 - (d) Maintenance and technical services.
- 2. <u>The Date of Authorization for Issuance of the Financial Statements and Procedures for Authorization</u> These consolidated financial statements were reported to the Board of Directors on August 7, 2023.
- 3. Application of New Standards, Amendments and Interpretations
 - (1) Effect of the adoption of new issuances of or amendments to International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") that came into effect as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission ("FSC") New standards, interpretations and amendments endorsed by the FSC and became effective from 2023 are as follows:

	Effective date by
	International
	Accounting
New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments	Standards Board
Amendments to IAS 1, 'Disclosure of accounting policies'	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IAS 8, 'Definition of accounting estimates'	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IAS 12, 'Deferred tax related to assets and liabilities arising	January 1, 2023
from a single transaction'	

The above standards and interpretations have no significant impact to the Group's financial condition and financial performance based on the Group's assessment

(2) Effect of new issuances of or amendments to IFRSs as endorsed by the FSC but not yet adopted by the Group

None.

(3) IFRSs issued by IASB but not yet endorsed by the FSC

New standards, interpretations and amendments issued by IASB but not yet included in the IFRSs as endorsed by the FSC are as follows:

	Effective date by
	International Accounting
New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments	Standards Board
Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28, 'Sale or contribution of assets	To be determined by
between an investor and its associate or joint venture'	International Accounting
	Standards Board
Amendments to IFRS 16, 'Lease liability in a sale and leaseback'	January 1, 2024
IFRS 17, 'Insurance contracts'	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IFRS 17, 'Insurance contracts'	January 1, 2023
Amendment to IFRS 17, 'Initial application of IFRS 17 and IFRS 9 –	January 1, 2023
comparative information'	
Amendments to IAS 1, 'Classification of liabilities as current or non-current	January 1, 2024
,	• •
Amendments to IAS 1, 'Non-current liabilities with covenants'	January 1, 2024
Amendments to IAS 7 and IFRS 7, 'Supplier finance arrangements'	January 1, 2024
Amendments to IAS 12, 'International tax reform - pillar two model rules'	May 23, 2023

The above standards and interpretations have no significant impact to the Group's financial condition and financial performance based on the Group's assessment.

4. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the periods presented, unless otherwise stated.

(1) Compliance statement

The consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers, and the International Accounting Standard 34, 'Interim financial reporting' that came into effect as endorsed by the FSC.

(2) Basis of preparation

- A. Except for the following items, the consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention:
 - (a) Financial assets and financial liabilities (including derivative instruments) at fair value through profit or loss.
 - (b) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income.
 - (c) Defined benefit liabilities recognised based on the net amount of pension fund assets plus less present value of defined benefit obligations.

B. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, IFRIC Interpretations, and SIC Interpretations that came into effect as endorsed by the FSC (collectively referred herein as the "IFRSs") requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial statements are disclosed in Note 5.

(3) Basis of consolidation

- A. Basis for preparation of consolidated financial statements:
 - (a) All subsidiaries are included in the Group's consolidated financial statements. Subsidiaries are all entities (including structured entities) controlled by the Group. The Group controls an entity when the Group is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. Consolidation of subsidiaries begins from the date the Group obtains control of the subsidiaries and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiaries.
 - (b) Inter-company transactions, balances and unrealised gains or losses on transactions between companies within the Group are eliminated. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been adjusted where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.
 - (c) Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the parent and to the non-controlling interests. Total comprehensive income is attributed to the owners of the parent and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.
 - (d) Changes in a parent's ownership interest in a subsidiary that do not result in the parent losing control of the subsidiary (transactions with non-controlling interests) are accounted for as equity transactions, i.e. transactions with owners in their capacity as owners. Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognised directly in equity.
 - (e) When the Group loses control of a subsidiary, the Group remeasures any investment retained in the former subsidiary at its fair value. That fair value is regarded as the fair value on initial recognition of a financial asset or the cost on initial recognition of the associate or joint venture. Any difference between fair value and carrying amount is recognised in profit or loss. All amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to the subsidiary are reclassified to profit or loss on the same basis as would be required if the related assets or liabilities were disposed of. That is, when the Group loses control of a subsidiary, all gains or losses previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to the subsidiary should be reclassified from equity to profit or loss, if such gains or losses would be reclassified to profit or loss when the related assets or liabilities are disposed of.

B. Subsidiaries included in the consolidated financial statements:

		Ownership (%)							
Name of	Name of	Main business							
investor	subsidiary	activities	June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022	June 30, 2022	Description			
The Company	Ablerex Electronics (Samoa) Co., Ltd. (Ablerex Samoa)	Investment holdings	100	100	100	Note 1, 2			
The Company	Ablerex Corporation (Ablerex-USA)	Sales of uninterruptible power supply systems and solar energy equipment and others	100	100	100	Note 2, 5			
The Company	Ablerex International Co., Ltd. (Ablerex-HK)	Sales of uninterruptible power supply systems and solar energy equipment and others	100	100	100	Note 2, 5			
The Company	Ablerex Electronics (S) Pte. Ltd. (Ablerex-SG)	Sales of uninterruptible power supply systems and solar energy equipment and others	100	100	100	Note 2, 5			
The Company	Ablerex Electronics U.K. Ltd. (Ablerex-UK)	Investment holdings	100	100	100	Note 2, 5			
The Company	Wada Denki Co., Ltd. (Ablerex-JP)	Sales of uninterruptible power supply systems and solar energy equipment and others	99	99	99	Note 2, 5			
Ablerex Electronics U.K. Ltd.	Ablerex Electronics Italy S.R.L. (Ablerex-IT)	Sales of uninterruptible power supply systems and solar energy equipment and others	100	100	100	Note 2, 5			
Ablerex Electronics (Samoa) Co., Ltd.	Ablerex Overseas Co., Ltd. (Ablerex-Overseas)	Investment holdings	100	100	100	Note 1, 2			
Ablerex Overseas Co., Ltd.	Ablerex Electronics (Suzhou) Co., Ltd. (Ablerex-SZ)	Manufacturing and sales of uninterruptible power supply systems and solar energy equipment and others	100	100	100	Note 1, 2			
Ablerex Overseas Co., Ltd.	Ablerex Electronics (Beijing) Co., Ltd. (Ablerex-BJ)	Sales of uninterruptible power supply systems and solar energy equipment and others	80	80	80	Note 2, 5			
Ablerex Electronics (S) Pte. Ltd.	Ablerex Electronics (Thailand) Co., Ltd. (Ablerex-TH)	Sales of uninterruptible power supply systems and solar energy equipment and others	100	94	70	Note 2, 3, 4, 5			
Ablerex Corporation	Ablerex Latam Corporation (Ablerex-Latam)	Sales of uninterruptible power supply systems and solar energy equipment and others	86	86	86	Note 2, 5			

- Note 1: The information included in these consolidated financial statements as at June 30, 2023 and 2022 is based on the audited financial statements of the investee.
- Note 2: The information included in these consolidated financial statements as at December 31, 2022 is based on the audited financial statement of the investee.
- Note 3: In December 2022, Ablerex Electronics (S)Pte. Ltd. participated in the cash capital increase of ordinary stock of the investee, Ablerex Electronics (Thailand) Co., Ltd. for a total of THB 1,600 thousand, which resulted to an increase of ownership to 94%. Additionally, in March 2023, Ablerex Electronics (S)Pte. Ltd., acquired the entire equity interests of non-controlling interests, which resulted to an increase of ownership to 100%.
- Note 4: Due to restriction of local regulations, the Company holds 51% ownership which is under the name of other individuals. The substantial ownership held by the Company is 100%.
- Note 5: The information included in those consolidated financial statements as at June 30, 2023 and 2022 is based on the unreviewed financial statements of each investee as the investees failed to meet the definition of a significant subsidiary.
- C. Subsidiaries not included in the consolidated financial statements: None.
- D. Adjustments for subsidiaries with different balance sheet dates: None.
- E. Significant restrictions
 - Cash and short-term deposits of \$110,314 deposited in Mainland China are under local foreign exchange control which restricts the capital to be remitted outside the borders (except for normal dividend distribution).
- F. Subsidiaries that have non-controlling interests that are material to the Group: None.

(4) Foreign currency translation

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the "functional currency"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in New Taiwan Dollars, which is the Company's functional and the Group's presentation currency.

- A. Foreign currency transactions and balances
 - (a) Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions or valuation where items are remeasured. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.
 - (b) Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the period end are retranslated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date. Exchange differences arising upon re-translation at the balance sheet date are recognised in profit or loss.

- (c) Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies held at fair value through profit or loss are re-translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date; their translation differences are recognised in profit or loss. Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies held at fair value through other comprehensive income are re-translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date; their translation differences are recognised in other comprehensive income. However, non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies that are not measured at fair value are translated using the historical exchange rates at the dates of the initial transactions.
- (d) All foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in the statement of comprehensive income within 'other gains and losses'.

B. Translation of foreign operations

- (a) The operating results and financial position of all the group entities associates and joint arrangements that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows:
 - i. Assets and liabilities for each balance sheet presented are translated at the closing exchange rate at the date of that balance sheet;
 - ii. Income and expenses for each statement of comprehensive income are translated at average exchange rates of that period; and
 - iii. All resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income.
- (b) When the foreign operation partially disposed of or sold is a subsidiary, cumulative exchange differences that were recorded in other comprehensive income are proportionately transferred to the non-controlling interest in this foreign operation. In addition, even when the Group retains partial interest in the former foreign subsidiary after losing control of the former foreign subsidiary, such transactions should be accounted for as disposal of all interest in the foreign operation.

(5) Classification of current and non-current items

- A. Assets that meet one of the following criteria are classified as current assets; otherwise they are classified as non-current assets:
 - (a) Assets arising from operating activities that are expected to be realised, or are intended to be sold or consumed within the normal operating cycle;
 - (b) Assets held mainly for trading purposes;
 - (c) Assets that are expected to be realised within twelve months from the balance sheet date;
 - (d) Cash and cash equivalents, excluding restricted cash and cash equivalents and those that are to be exchanged or used to settle liabilities more than twelve months after the balance sheet date.
- B. Liabilities that meet one of the following criteria are classified as current liabilities; otherwise they are classified as non-current liabilities:
 - (a) Liabilities that are expected to be settled within the normal operating cycle;
 - (b) Liabilities arising mainly from trading activities;

- (c) Liabilities that are to be settled within twelve months from the balance sheet date;
- (d) Liabilities for which the repayment date cannot be extended unconditionally to more than twelve months after the balance sheet date. Terms of a liability that could, at the option of the counterparty, result in its settlement by the issue of equity instruments do not affect its classification.

(6) Cash equivalents

Cash equivalents refer to short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amount of cash and subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. Time deposits that meet the above criteria and are held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitment in operations are classified as cash equivalents.

(7) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

- A. Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income comprise equity securities which are not held for trading, and for which the Company has made an irrevocable election at initial recognition to recognise changes in fair value in other comprehensive income.
- B. On a regular way purchase or sale basis, financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are recognised and derecognised using trade date accounting.
- C. At initial recognition, the Company measures the financial assets at fair value plus transaction costs. The Company subsequently measures the financial assets at fair value. The changes in fair value of equity investments that were recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to retained earnings and are not reclassified to profit or loss following the derecognition of the investment. Dividends are recognised as revenue when the right to receive payment is established, future economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the Company and the amount of the dividend can be measured reliably.

(8) Financial assets at amortised cost

- A. Financial assets at amortised cost are those that meet all of the following criteria:
 - (a) The objective of the Group's business model is achieved by collecting contractual cash flows.
 - (b) The assets' contractual cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest.
- B. On a regular way purchase or sale basis, financial assets at amortised cost are recognised and derecognised using trade date accounting.
- C. At initial recognition, the Group measures the financial assets at fair value plus transaction costs. Interest income from these financial assets is included in finance income using the effective interest method. A gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised or impaired.
- D. The Group's time deposits which do not fall under cash equivalents are those with a short maturity period and are measured at initial investment amount as the effect of discounting is immaterial.

(9) Accounts and notes receivable

- A. Accounts and notes receivable entitle the Group a legal right to receive consideration in exchange for transferred goods or rendered services.
- B. The short-term accounts and notes receivable without bearing interest are subsequently measured at initial invoice amount as the effect of discounting is immaterial.

(10) Impairment of financial assets

For debt instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income and financial assets at amortised cost, at each reporting date, the Group recognises the impairment provision for 12 months expected credit losses if there has not been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition or recognises the impairment provision for the lifetime expected credit losses (ECLs) if such credit risk has increased since initial recognition after taking into consideration all reasonable and verifiable information that includes forecasts. On the other hand, for accounts receivable or contract assets that do not contain a significant financing component, the Group recognises the impairment provision for lifetime ECLs.

(11) <u>Derecognition of financial assets</u>

The Group derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to receive the cash flows from the financial asset expire.

(12) Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost is determined using the weighted-average method. The cost of finished goods and work in process comprises raw materials, direct labour, other direct costs and related production overheads (allocated fixed production overheads based on normal capacity). It excludes borrowing costs. The item by item approach is used in applying the lower of cost and net realizable value. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

(13) Property, plant and equipment

- A. Property, plant and equipment are initially recorded at cost. Borrowing costs incurred during the construction period are capitalised.
- B. Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to profit or loss during the financial period in which they are incurred.
- C. Land is not depreciated. Other property, plant and equipment apply cost model and are depreciated using the straight-line method to allocate their cost over their estimated useful lives. Each part of an item of property, plant, and equipment with a cost that is significant in relation to the total cost of the item must be depreciated separately.

D. The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each balance sheet date. If expectations for the assets' residual values and useful lives differ from previous estimates or the patterns of consumption of the assets' future economic benefits embodied in the assets have changed significantly, any change is accounted for as a change in estimate under IAS 8, 'Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors', from the date of the change. The estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment are as follows:

Buildings and structures $10\sim50$ yearsMachinery and equipment $5\sim10$ yearsTransportation equipment5 yearsOffice equipment $5\sim10$ yearsLeasehold improvements10 years

(14) Leasing arrangements (lessee)—right-of-use assets/ lease liabilities

- A. Leases are recognised as a right-of-use asset and a corresponding lease liability at the date at which the leased asset is available for use by the Group. For short-term leases or leases of low-value assets, lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.
- B. Lease liabilities include the net present value of the remaining lease payments at the commencement date, discounted using the incremental borrowing interest rate. Lease payments are mainly fixed payments, less any lease incentives receivable.
 - The Group subsequently measures the lease liability at amortised cost using the interest method and recognises interest expense over the lease term. The lease liability is remeasured and the amount of remeasurement is recognised as an adjustment to the right-of-use asset when there are changes in the lease term or lease payments and such changes do not arise from contract modifications.
- C. At the commencement date, the right-of-use asset is stated at cost and the cost is mainly the amount of the initial measurement of lease liability.

The right-of-use asset is measured subsequently using the cost model and is depreciated from the commencement date to the earlier of the end of the asset's useful life or the end of the lease term. When the lease liability is remeasured, the amount of remeasurement is recognised as an adjustment to the right-of-use asset.

(15) <u>Intangible assets</u>

A. Trademark right and patent rights

Trademark right and patent rights are stated at cost, have a finite useful life and are amortised on a straight-line basis over its estimated useful life of 5 years.

B. Computer software

Computer software is stated at cost and amortised on a straight-line basis over its estimated useful life of 3~5 years.

C. Goodwill

Goodwill arises in a business combination accounted for by applying the acquisition method.

(16) Impairment of non-financial assets

- A. The Group assesses at each balance sheet date the recoverable amounts of those assets where there is an indication that they are impaired. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell or value in use. Except for goodwill, when the circumstances or reasons for recognising impairment loss for an asset in prior years no longer exist or diminish, the impairment is reversed. The increased carrying amount due to reversal should not be more than what the depreciated or amortised historical cost would have been if the impairment had not been recognised.
- B. The recoverable amounts of goodwill shall be evaluated periodically. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. Impairment loss of goodwill previously recognised in profit or loss shall not be reversed in the following years.
- C. For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill acquired in a business combination is allocated to each of the cash-generating units, or groups of cash-generating units, that is/are expected to benefit from the synergies of the business combination. Each unit or group of units to which the goodwill is allocated represents the lowest level within the entity at which the goodwill is monitored for internal management purposes. Goodwill is monitored at the operating segment level.

(17) Borrowings

Borrowings comprise long-term and short-term bank borrowings. Borrowings are recognised initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently stated at amortised cost; any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is recognised in profit or loss over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.

(18) Notes and accounts payable

- A. Accounts payable are liabilities for purchases of raw materials, goods or services and notes payable are those resulting from operating and non-operating activities.
- B. The short-term notes and accounts payable without bearing interest are subsequently measured at initial invoice amount as the effect of discounting is immaterial.

(19) Derecognition of financial liabilities

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability specified in the contract is discharged or cancelled or expires.

(20) Provisions

Provisions (primarily warranties) are recognised when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, and it is probable that an outflow of economic resources will be required to settle the obligation and the amount of the obligation can be reliably estimated.

Provisions are measured at the present value of the expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation on the balance sheet date, which is discounted using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects the current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the obligation. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to passage of time is recognised as interest expense. Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses.

(21) Employee benefits

A. Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits are measured at the undiscounted amount of the benefits expected to be paid in respect of service rendered by employees in a period and should be recognised as expense in that period when the employees render service.

B. Pensions

(a) Defined contribution plans

For defined contribution plans, the contributions are recognised as pension expense when they are due on an accrual basis. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent of a cash refund or a reduction in the future payments.

(b) Defined benefit plans

- i. Net obligation under a defined benefit plan is defined as the present value of an amount of pension benefits that employees will receive on retirement for their services with the Group in current period or prior periods. The liability recognised in the balance sheet in respect of defined benefit pension plans is the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the balance sheet date less the fair value of plan assets, together with adjustments for unrecognised past service costs. The net defined benefit obligation is calculated annually by independent actuaries using the projected unit credit method. The rate used to discount is determined by using interest rates of government bonds (at the balance sheet date) of a currency and term consistent with the currency and term of the employment benefit obligations.
- ii. Remeasurement arising on defined benefit plans are recognised in other comprehensive income in the period in which they arise and are recorded as retained earnings.
- iii. Past service costs are recognised immediately in profit or loss.
- iv. Pension cost for the interim period is calculated on a year-to-date basis by using the pension cost rate derived from the actuarial valuation at the end of the prior financial year, adjusted for significant market fluctuations since that time and for significant curtailments, settlements, or other significant one-off events. And, the related information is disclosed accordingly.

C. Termination benefits

Termination benefits are employee benefits provided in exchange for the termination of employment as a result from the Group's decision to terminate an employee's employment before the normal retirement date, or an employee's decision to accept an offer of redundancy benefits in exchange for the termination of employment. The Group recognises termination benefits when it is demonstrably committed to a termination, when it has a detailed formal plan to terminate the employment of current employees and when it can no longer withdraw the plan. In the case of an offer made by the Group to encourage voluntary termination of employment, the termination benefits are recognised as expenses only when it is probable that the employees are expected to accept the offer and the number of the employees taking the offer can be reliably estimated. Benefits falling due more than 12 months after balance sheet date are discounted to their present value.

D. Employees', directors' and supervisors' remuneration

Employees', directors' and supervisors' remuneration are recognised as expense and liability, provided that such recognition is required under legal or constructive obligation and those amounts can be reliably estimated. Any difference between the resolved amounts and the subsequently actual distributed amounts is accounted for as changes in estimates. If employee compensation is distributed by shares, the Group calculates the number of shares based on the closing price at the previous day of the board meeting resolution.

(22) Income tax

- A. The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or items recognised directly in equity, in which cases the tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or equity.
- B. The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date in the countries where the Company and its subsidiaries operate and generate taxable income. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in accordance with applicable tax regulations. It establishes provisions where appropriate based on the amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities. An additional 10% tax is levied on the unappropriated retained earnings and is recorded as income tax expense in the year the stockholders resolve to retain the earnings.
- C. Deferred income tax is recognised, using the balance sheet liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated financial statements. However, the deferred income tax is not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of goodwill or of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss. Deferred income tax is provided on temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries, except where the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference is controlled by the Group and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the balance sheet date and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realised or the deferred income tax liability is settled.

- D. Deferred income tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised. At each balance sheet date, unrecognised and recognised deferred income tax assets are reassessed.
- E. Current income tax assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the balance sheet when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are offset on the balance sheet when the entity has the legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and they are levied by the same taxation authority on either the same entity or different entities that intend to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.
- F. The interim period income tax expense is recognised based on the estimated average annual effective income tax rate expected for the full financial year applied to the pretax income of the interim period, and the related information is disclosed accordingly.
- G. If a change in tax rate is enacted or substantively enacted in an interim period, the Group recognises the effect of the change immediately in the interim period in which the change occurs. The effect of the change on items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised in other comprehensive income or equity while the effect of the change on items recognised in profit or loss is recognised in profit or loss.

(23) Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or stock options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

(24) Dividends

Dividends are recorded in the Company's financial statements in the period in which they are approved by the Company's shareholders. Cash dividends are recorded as liabilities; stock dividends are recorded as stock dividends to be distributed and are reclassified to ordinary shares on the effective date of new shares issuance.

(25) Revenue recognition

A. Sales revenue

(a) The Group manufactures and sells uninterrupted power supply equipment and system, improved power quality system and equipment and solar energy equipment and other related products. Sales are recognised when control of the products has transferred, being when the products are delivered to the wholesaler, the wholesaler has full discretion over the channel and price to sell the products, and there is no unfulfilled obligation that could affect the wholesaler's acceptance of the products. Delivery occurs when the products have been shipped to the specific location, the risks of obsolescence and loss have been transferred to the wholesaler, and either the wholesaler has accepted the products in accordance with the sales contract, or the Group has objective evidence that all criteria for acceptance have been satisfied.

- (b) The Group's obligation to provide a repair for faulty products under the standard warranty terms is recognised as a provision.
- (c) A receivable is recognised when the goods are delivered as this is the point in time that the consideration is unconditional because only the passage of time is required before the payment is due.

B. Sale of goods—Project construction

- (a) The Group provides sales services related to uninterruptible power system and equipment, improved power quality system and equipment and solar energy system and equipment. The project construction revenue includes equipment sales and installation services, and the contract involves and provides integrated services. Therefore, the equipment and installation are indistinguishable and are regarded as a single performance obligation. The Group installs equipment, the customer performs the acceptance procedure, and the Group opens the warranty book. The customer obtains the control of the equipment and the benefits arising therefrom. When all the acceptance criteria are met, the Group completes the contractual performance obligated of contract to recognise revenue.
- (b) The Group's obligation to provide a repair for project construction under the standard warranty terms is recognised as a provision.
- (c) A receivable is recognised when the project construction is completed and the warranty book is delivered to the customer. As this is the point in time that the consideration is unconditional because only the passage of time is required before the payment is due.

C. Service revenue

The Group provides related services of maintaining uninterruptible power supply equipment, improved power quality system and equipment and solar energy system and equipment. Service revenue is recognised as income during the financial reporting period in which the services are provided to customers. Revenue from fixed price contracts is recognised as a percentage of the number of months of service actually provided on the balance sheet date. The customer pays the contract price in accordance with the payment schedule agreed upon, and is recognised as a contract assets when the services provided by the Group exceed the customers' payables, and are recognized as contract liabilities if the customer pays more than the services provided by the Group.

D. Costs of obtaining a customer contract

Given that the contractual period lasts less than one year, the Group recognises the incremental costs of obtaining a contract as an expense when incurred although the Group expects to recover those costs.

(26) Operating segments

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the Chief Operating Decision-Maker. The Group's Chief Operating Decision-Maker, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, has been identified as the Board of Directors that makes strategic decisions.

5. Critical Accounting Judgements, Estimates and Key Sources of Assumption Uncertainty

The preparation of these consolidated financial statements requires management to make critical judgements in applying the Group's accounting policies and make critical assumptions and estimates concerning future events. Assumptions and estimates may differ from the actual results and are continually evaluated and adjusted based on historical experience and other factors. Such assumptions and estimates have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year; and the related information is addressed below:

(1) <u>Critical judgements in applying the Group's accounting policies</u> None.

(2) <u>Critical accounting estimates and assumptions</u>

A. Evaluation of inventories

Evaluation of inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realizable value, the Group must determine the net realizable value of inventories on balance sheet date using judgements and estimates. Due to the rapid technology innovation, the Group evaluates the amounts of normal inventory consumption, obsolete inventories or inventories without market selling value on balance sheet date, and writes down the cost of inventories to the net realizable value. Such an evaluation of inventories is principally based on the demand for the products within the specified period in the future. Therefore, there might be material changes to the evaluation.

As of June 30, 2023, the Group's carrying amount of inventories was \$1,367,224.

B. Estimation of provisions for liabilities

The sale of goods requires consideration of the cost incurred or to be incurred in connection with the transaction. Therefore, the Group formulates the proposed policy for the determination of the warranty for the sale of the product, which is used to measure the actual operating profit and loss of the company. The Group's liability determination is based on the Group's policy based on the historical warranty data of the product as the basis for the assessment, and the related product warranty liabilities are estimated to estimate the future maintenance costs.

As of June 30, 2023, the Group estimated the liability provision to be \$70,600.

6. Details of Significant Accounts

(1) Cash and cash equivalents

	Jun	e 30, 2023	December 31, 2022			June 30, 2022	
Cash on hand and revolving funds	\$	852	\$	640	\$	847	
Checking accounts and demand deposits		230,506		247,936		171,461	
Time deposits		33,694		10,597		10,663	
	\$	265,052	\$	259,173	\$	182,971	

- A. The Group transacts with a variety of financial institutions all with high credit quality to disperse credit risk, so it expects that the probability of counterparty default is remote.
- B. The Group has no cash and equivalents pledged to others.

(2) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

Items		e 30, 2023	Decen	nber 31, 2022	June 30, 2022		
Non-current items:							
Equity instruments							
Unlisted stocks	\$	81,000	\$	81,000	\$	81,000	
Fair value adjustments		162,536		162,536		_	
	\$	243,536	\$	243,536	\$	81,000	

- A. The Group has elected to classify equity instruments that are considered to be strategic investments as financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income. The fair value of such investments amounted to \$243,536, \$243,536 and \$81,000, as at June 30, 2023, December 31, 2022 and June 30, 2022, respectively.
- B. Amounts recognised in profit or loss and other comprehensive income in relation to the financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income for the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2023 and 2022 were \$0, \$4,860, \$0 and \$4,860, respectively.
- C. As at June 30, 2023, December 31, 2022 and June 30, 2022 without taking into account any collateral held or other credit enhancements, the maximum exposure to credit risk in respect of the amount that best represents the financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income held by the Group were \$243,536, \$243,536 and \$81,000, respectively.
- D. Information relating to price risk of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income is provided in Note 12(2)(3).

(3) Financial assets at amortised cost

Items	June	e 30, 2023	Decem	nber 31, 2022	June 30, 2022	
Current items:						
Time deposits expiring						
beyond three months	\$	22,216	\$	13,224	\$	13,317
Pledged time deposits		166		194		194
Total	\$	22,382	\$	13,418	\$	13,511

- A. Amounts recognised in profit or loss in relation to financial assets at amortised cost for the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2023 and 2022 were \$0, \$0, \$1 and \$1, respectively.
- B. As at June 30, 2023, December 31, 2022 and June 30, 2022, without taking into account any collateral held or other credit enhancements, the maximum exposures to credit risk in respect of the amount that best represents the financial assets at amortised cost held by the Group were \$22,382, \$13,418 and \$13,511, respectively.
- C. Details of the Group's financial assets at amortised cost pledged to others as collateral are provided in Note 8.
- D. Information relating to credit risk and fair value of financial assets at amortised cost is provided in Note 12(2). The counterparties of the Group's investments in certificates of deposits are financial institutions with high credit quality, so the Group expects that the probability of counterparty default is remote.

(4) Notes and accounts receivable (including related parties)

	Jun	e 30, 2023	Decer	mber 31, 2022	Jur	ne 30, 2022
Notes receivable	\$	11,674	\$	6,307	\$	35,383
Accounts receivable	\$	483,854	\$	717,134	\$	498,454
Less: Allowance for bad debts — accounts receivable	(11,301)	(9,750)	(8,353)
	\$	472,553	\$	707,384	\$	490,101
Accounts receivable due from related parties	\$	3,463	\$	7,709	\$	623

A. The ageing analysis of accounts receivable and notes receivable is as follows:

		June 30, 2022	3	December 31, 2022					
	Accounts receivable	Related parties	Notes receivable	Accounts receivable	Related parties	Notes receivable			
Not overdue	\$ 455,766	\$ 3,463	\$ 11,674	\$ 689,859	\$ 7,709	\$ 6,307			
Within 30 days	7,119	-	-	18,110	-	-			
31 to 60 days	7,056	-	-	1,677	-	-			
61 to 90 days	291	-	-	664	-	-			
Over 90 days	13,622			6,824					
	\$ 483,854	\$ 3,463	\$ 11,674	\$ 717,134	\$ 7,709	\$ 6,307			
					June 30, 2022	2			
				Accounts	Related	Notes			
				receivable	parties	receivable			
Not overdue				\$ 456,172	\$ 623	\$ 35,383			
Within 30 days				22,875	-	-			
31 to 60 days				8,203	-	-			
61 to 90 days				5,575	_	-			
Over 90 days				5,629					
				\$ 498,454	\$ 623	\$ 35,383			

The above ageing analysis was based on past due date.

- B. As at June 30, 2023, December 31, 2022 and June 30, 2022, accounts receivable and notes receivable were all from contracts with customers. And as of January 1, 2022, the balance of receivables including related parties from contracts with customers amounted to \$881,995.
- C. As at June 30, 2023, December 31, 2022 and June 30, 2022, without taking into account any collateral held or other credit enhancements, the maximum exposure to credit risk in respect of the amount that best represents the Group's notes and accounts receivable including related parties were \$11,674, \$6,307 and \$35,383; \$476,016, \$715,093 and \$490,724, respectively.
- D. The Group does not hold any collateral as security.
- E. Information relating to credit risk of accounts receivable including related parties and notes receivable is provided in Note 12(2).

(5) <u>Inventories</u>

			June 30, 2023	
			Allowance for	
	 Cost		valuation loss	Book value
Raw materials	\$ 329,570	(\$	81,578)	\$ 247,992
Work in process	71,798	(3,513)	68,285
Semi-finished goods	194,817	(35,621)	159,196
Finished goods	185,459	(8,447)	177,012
Goods	294,799	(22,530)	272,269
Inventory in transit	43,118		-	43,118
Unfinished constructions	 399,352		<u>-</u>	399,352
	\$ 1,518,913	(\$	151,689)	\$ 1,367,224
		D	December 31, 2022	
		Allowance for		
	 Cost		valuation loss	 Book value
Raw materials	\$ 387,442	(\$	75,656)	\$ 311,786
Work in process	106,459	(5,776)	100,683
Semi-finished goods	191,943	(34,546)	157,397
Finished goods	131,245	(10,586)	120,659
Goods	217,206	(22,527)	194,679
Inventory in transit	119,399		-	119,399
Unfinished constructions	 485,671		<u>-</u>	 485,671
	\$ 1,639,365	(<u>\$</u>	149,091)	\$ 1,490,274
			June 30, 2022	
			Allowance for	
	 Cost		valuation loss	 Book value
Raw materials	\$ 459,464	(\$	70,096)	\$ 389,368
Work in process	131,951	(10,267)	121,684
Semi-finished goods	192,970	(36,564)	156,406
Finished goods	133,174	(10,062)	123,112
Goods	190,903	(17,945)	172,958
Inventory in transit	78,595		-	78,595
Unfinished constructions	 554,188		<u>-</u>	 554,188
	\$ 1,741,245	(\$	144,934)	\$ 1,596,311

The cost of inventories recognised as expense for the period:

	For the three-month periods ended June 30						
		2023		2022			
Cost of goods sold	\$	473,185	\$	372,922			
Maintenance cost		16,284		13,505			
Decline in (gain on reversal of) market value of							
inventory		2,830	(1,735)			
Others		7,370		3,795			
	\$	499,669	\$	388,487			
	Fo	r the six-month pe	eriods	ended June 30,			
		2023		2022			
Cost of goods sold	\$	957,466	\$	871,064			
Maintenance cost		29,940		26,099			
Decline in (gain on reversal of) market value of							
inventory		4,290	(1,088)			
Others		12,635		9,411			
	\$	1,004,331	\$	905,486			

For the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2022, the gain on reversal of decline in market value was recognised due to the sale of inventories which had previously been recognised a price decline.

(6) Property, plant and equipment

	_	2023														
A. I		Land		Buildings	_ <u>N</u>	1achinery_		insportation quipment	e	Office quipment		easehold		Others		Total
At January 1 Cost	\$	169,793	\$	721,408	\$	271,130	\$	12,706	\$	59,983	\$	18,591	\$	140	\$	1,253,751
Accumulated depreciation	<u> </u>	169,793	(<u> </u>	264,050) 457,358	(<u> </u>	200,452) 70,678	(<u> </u>	9,837) 2,869	(<u> </u>	37,212) 22,771	(<u> </u>	15,168) 3,423	(<u> </u>	97) 43	(<u> </u>	526,816) 726,935
0.00	<u> </u>															
Opening net book amount as at January 1	\$	169,793	\$	457,358	\$	70,678	\$	2,869	\$	22,771	\$	3,423	\$	43	\$	726,935
Additions		-		37		24,360		-		2,796		-		-		27,193
Transfers		-		-		69,434		-		20		-		-		69,454
Disposals		-		-	(265)		-	(11)		-		-	(276)
Depreciation charge		-	(12,544)	(8,331)	(389)	(4,207)	(437)		-	(25,908)
Net exchange differences	_	52	(2,958)	(1,322)	(7)	(56)	(66)		<u>-</u>	(_	4,357)
Closing net book amount as at June 30	\$	169,845	\$	441,893	\$	154,554	\$	2,473	\$	21,313	\$	2,920	\$	43	\$	793,041
At June 30																
Cost	\$	169,845	\$	715,763	\$	355,902	\$	12,659	\$	62,429	\$	18,436	\$	142	\$	1,335,176
Accumulated depreciation			(273,870)	(201,348)	(10,186)	(41,116)	(15,516)	(99)	(_	542,135)
	\$	169,845	\$	441,893	\$	154,554	\$	2,473	\$	21,313	\$	2,920	\$	43	\$	793,041

2022)
2022	_

At January 1	L	and	B	Buildings	N	I achinery		nsportation quipment	ec	Office quipment		easehold		Others		Total
Cost	\$ 1	69,426	\$	713,377	\$	259,889	\$	11,711	\$	58,552	\$	17,870	\$	126	\$	1,230,951
Accumulated depreciation		- 1	· ·	234,334)		190,100)		8,420)		33,245)		13,556)		87)	· (479,742)
	\$ 1	69,426	\$	479,043	\$	69,789	\$	3,291	\$	25,307	\$	4,314	\$	39	\$	751,209
Opening net book amount as at January 1	\$ 1	69,426	\$	479,043	\$	69,789	\$	3,291	\$	25,307	\$	4,314	\$	39	\$	751,209
Additions		-		-		1,428		-		2,185		125		-		3,738
Transfers		-		-		129		-		-		-		-		129
Disposals		-		-	(17)		-	(9)		-		-	(26)
Depreciation charge		- 1	(14,574)	(6,204)	(467)	(4,180)	(539)		-	(25,964)
Net exchange differences		247		5,454		1,121		144		145		84		2		7,197
Closing net book amount as at June 30	<u>\$ 1</u>	69,673	\$	469,923	\$	66,246	\$	2,968	\$	23,448	\$	3,984	\$	41	\$	736,283
At June 30																
Cost	\$ 1	69,673	\$	721,135	\$	266,321	\$	12,251	\$	61,364	\$	18,488	\$	135	\$	1,249,367
Accumulated depreciation			(251,212)	(200,075)	(9,283)	(37,916)	(14,504)	(94)	(513,084)
	\$ 1	69,673	\$	469,923	\$	66,246	\$	2,968	\$	23,448	\$	3,984	\$	41	\$	736,283

- A. The abovementioned equipment are all assets for its own use.
- B. The significant components of buildings include buildings, air conditioners, elevators and utility construction. Buildings are depreciated over 26 to 50 years, and others are depreciated over 10 to 20 years.
- C. Information about the property, plant and equipment that were pledged to others as collaterals is provided in Note 8.
- D. There were no borrowing costs capitalised as part of property, plant and equipment.
- E. As of June 30, 2023, December 31, 2022 and June 30, 2022, the amount paid but not yet delivered for equipment, under the equipment purchase contracts for production and operation, were \$433, \$70,362 and \$6,842, respectively.

(7) <u>Leasing arrangements – lessee</u>

- A. The Group leases various assets including land, buildings (including land), transportation equipment and office equipment. Rental contracts are typically made for periods of 1 to 3 years. Lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis and contain a wide range of different terms and conditions. The lease agreements do not impose covenants, but leased assets may not be used as security for borrowing purposes.
- B. Short-term leases with a lease term of 12 months or less comprise buildings. Low-value assets comprise office equipment. As of June 30, 2023, December 31, 2022 and June 30, 2022, payments of lease commitments for short-term leases amounted to \$625, \$1,158 and \$696, respectively.

C. The carrying amount of right-of-use assets and the depreciation charge are as follows:

	June	30, 2023	Decemb	per 31, 202	2 _	June 30, 2022
	Carryii	ng amount	Carryi	ng amount	(Carrying amount
Land	\$	804	\$	841	1 \$	860
Buildings (including land)		11,206		12,858	3	17,220
Office equipment		46		81	<u> </u>	115
	\$	12,056	\$	13,780	<u>\$</u>	18,195
		For	the three	e-month pe	riods	s ended June 30,
			2023	3		2022
		Dep	preciation	n charge	Dep	preciation charge
Land		\$		7	\$	7
Buildings (including land)				2,583		2,517
Office equipment				18		18
		\$		2,608	\$	2,542
		Fo	or the six-	-month per	iods	ended June 30,
			2023	3		2022
		Dep	preciation	n charge	Dep	preciation charge
Land		\$		14	\$	14
Buildings (including land)				5,152		4,960
Office equipment				35		35
		\$		5,201	\$	5,009

- D. For the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, the additions to right-of-use assets were \$2,430, \$12,688, \$3,499 and \$12,688, respectively.
- E. The information on profit and loss accounts relating to lease contracts is as follows:

	For the three-month periods ended June 30,					
		2023		2022		
Items affecting profit or loss						
Interest expense on lease liabilities	\$	104	\$	122		
Expense on short-term lease contracts		243		217		
Expense on leases of low-value assets		68		31		
	For the six-month periods ended June 30,					
		2023		2022		
Items affecting profit or loss						
Interest expense on lease liabilities	\$	219	\$	243		
Expense on short-term lease contracts		625		696		
Expense on leases of low-value assets		106		63		

- F. For the six-month periods ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, the Group's total cash outflow for leases were \$6,176 and \$5,938, respectively.
- G. Information about the right-of-use assets land use right that were pledged to others as collateral is provided in Note 8.

(8) Other non-current assets

	_ June	e 30, 2023	Decem	ber 31, 2022	June 30, 2022
Overdue receivable	\$	39,147	\$	39,034 \$	38,773
Allowance for bad debts	(39,147)	(39,034) (38,773)
 overdue receivable 					
Prepayments for equipment		433		70,362	6,842
Guarantee deposits paid		12,180		15,768	13,074
Others		15,574		15,302	15,710
	\$	28,187	\$	101,432 \$	35,626

(9) Short-term borrowings

Type of borrowings	Ju	ne 30, 2023	Interest rate range	Collateral
Bank borrowings				
Unsecured borrowings	\$	486,940	$1.75\% \sim 5.70\%$	None
Secured borrowings		63,797	$3.60\% \sim 3.70\%$	Please refer to Note 8
	\$	550,737		
Type of borrowings	Dece	ember 31, 2022	Interest rate range	Collateral
Bank borrowings				
Unsecured borrowings	\$	496,631	$1.64\% \sim 5.26\%$	None
Secured borrowings		119,842	$3.60\% \sim 4.65\%$	Please refer to Note 8
	\$	616,473		
Type of borrowings	Ju	ne 30, 2022	Interest rate range	Collateral
Bank borrowings				
Unsecured borrowings	\$	542,168	$1.12\% \sim 3.00\%$	None
Secured borrowings		87,561	$0.80\% \sim 3.75\%$	Please refer to Note 8
	\$	629,729		

(10) Short-term notes and bills payable

Acceptance agency	Jun	ne 30, 2023	Interest rate range	Collateral
MEGA BILLS	\$	29,995	1.66%	None
Acceptance agency	Decer	mber 31, 2022	Interest rate range	Collateral
CBF BILLS	\$	69,845	1.50%	None

As at June 30, 2022, the Group had no short-term notes and bills payable.

(11) <u>Long-term borrowings</u>

	Borrowing period	Interest rate			
Type of borrowings	and repayment term	range	<u>Collateral</u>	June 30	, 2023
Installment-repayment borrowings					
Unsecured EUR borrowings	Borrowing period is from July 3, 2020 to July 3, 2024; interest is repayable monthly; principal is repayable in 36 installments from August 3, 2021.(Note 2)	1.00%	None	\$	4,314
Unsecured EUR borrowings	Borrowing period is from October 27, 2020 to December 31, 2026; interest is repayable half monthly from June 30, 2021; principal is repayable in 8 installments from June 30, 2023.(Note 3)	0.74%	None		3,307
Unsecured EUR borrowings	Borrowing period is from March 30, 2022 to March 30, 2026; interest is repayable monthly; principal is repayable in 36 installments from April 30, 2023.	1.50%	None		19 620
	1				18,630
					26,251
Less: Current portion (shown as "other current liabilities")			(11,493)
				\$	14,758

	Borrowing period	Interest rate		D 1 21 2022
Type of borrowings	and repayment term	range	Collateral	<u>December 31, 2022</u>
Installment-repayment borrowings				
Unsecured EUR borrowings	Borrowing period is from September 27, 2019 to January 27, 2023; interest is repayable monthly; principal is repayable in 24 installments from October 27, 2019.(Note 1)	0.40%	None	\$ 616
Unsecured EUR borrowings	Borrowing period is from July 3, 2020 to July 3, 2024; interest is repayable monthly; principal is repayable in 36 installments from August 3, 2021.(Note 2)	1.00%	None	6,087
Unsecured EUR borrowings	Borrowing period is from October 27, 2020 to December 31, 2026; interest is repayable half monthly from June 30, 2021; principal is repayable in 8 installments from June 30, 2023.(Note 3)	0.74%	None	3,200
Unsecured EUR borrowings	Borrowing period is from March 30, 2022 to March 30, 2026; interest is repayable monthly; principal is repayable in 36 installments from April 30, 2023.	1.50%	None	19,632
				29,535
Less Current nortion	shown as "other current liabilities")			(10,075)
Less. Current portion (shown as other current natimities)			\$ 19,460
				Ţ 17,100

Type of borrowings	Borrowing period and repayment term	Interest rate range	Collateral	June 30, 2022	
Installment-repayment			<u></u>		<u> </u>
borrowings Unsecured EUR borrowings	Borrowing period is from September 27, 2019 to January 27, 2023; interest is repayable monthly; principal is repayable in 24 installments from October 27, 2019.(Note 1)	0.40%	None	\$	4,087
Unsecured EUR borrowings	Borrowing period is from July 3, 2020 to July 3, 2024; interest is repayable monthly; principal is repayable in 36 installments from August 3, 2021.(Note 2)	1.00%	None		7,581
Unsecured EUR borrowings	Borrowing period is from October 27, 2020 to December 31, 2026; interest is repayable half monthly from June 30, 2021; principal is repayable in 8 installments from June 30, 2023.(Note 3)	0.74%	None		3,037
Unsecured EUR borrowings	Borrowing period is from March 30, 2022 to March 30, 2026; interest is repayable monthly; principal is repayable in 36 installments from April 30, 2023.	1.50%	None		
					18,630
				33,335	
Less: Current portion (shown as "other current liabilities")			(9,227)
				\$	24,108

- Note 1: Ablerex-IT, a subsidiary of the Group, received a bank notice in March 2020. Due to the COVID-19 pandemic, the bank suspended the installments until March 2020 for a total of 16 installments and the repayment was resumed in July 2021.
- Note 2: Ablerex-IT, a subsidiary of the Group, was approved to apply for relief loan from the Italian government due to the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic.
- Note 3: Ablerex-IT, a subsidiary of the Group, was approved to apply for a loan from the Italian government. This loan is provided by the Italian government to encourage the internationalization of Italian companies, the total amount of funding is EUR\$163,000, of which EUR\$65,200 are government grants.

(12) Other payables

	Jun	June 30, 2023		December 31, 2022		June 30, 2022	
Dividends payable	\$	90,000	\$	_	\$	56,250	
Payable for wages and salaries		29,925		27,385		28,352	
Payable for year-end bonus		30,577		53,033		29,009	
Compensation due to employees,							
directors and supervisors		19,255		14,655		12,688	
Payable for other short-term							
employee benefits		16,395		15,474		16,284	
Others		32,083		40,474		31,300	
	\$	218,235	\$	151,021	\$	173,883	

(13) Provisions for liabilities -current

		2023	2022		
Warranty:					
At January 1	\$	65,963 \$	56,909		
Additional provisions		8,312	8,089		
Used during the period	(3,675) (3,701)		
At June 30	\$	70,600 \$	61,297		

The Group's provisions for warranties are primarily for uninterruptible power supplies and solar energy related products. The provisions for warranties are estimated based on historical warranty data of uninterruptible power supplies and solar energy related products.

(14) Pensions

A. (a) The Company has a defined benefit pension plan in accordance with the Labor Standards Law, covering all regular employees' service years prior to the enforcement of the Labor Pension Act on July 1, 2005 and service years thereafter of employees who chose to continue to be subject to the pension mechanism under the Law. Under the defined benefit pension plan, two units are accrued for each year of service for the first 15 years and one unit for each additional year thereafter, subject to a maximum of 45 units. Pension benefits are based on the number of units accrued and the average monthly salaries and wages of the last 6 months prior to retirement. The Company and its domestic subsidiaries contribute monthly an amount equal to 2% of the employees' monthly salaries and wages to the retirement fund deposited with Bank of Taiwan, the trustee, under the name of the independent retirement fund committee. Also, the Company and its domestic subsidiaries would assess the balance in the aforementioned labor pension reserve account by December 31, every year. If the account balance is insufficient to pay the pension calculated by the aforementioned method of the employees expected to qualify for retirement in the following year, the Company will make contributions to cover the deficit by next March.

- (b) For the aforementioned pension plan, the Group recognised pension costs of \$86, \$86, \$172 and \$173 for the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively.
- (c) Expected contributions to the defined benefit pension plans of the Group for the year ending December 31, 2023 amount to \$859.
- B. (a) Effective July 1, 2005, the Company has established a defined contribution pension plan (the "New Plan") under the Labour Pension Act (the "Act"), covering all regular employees with R.O.C. nationality. Under the New Plan, the Company contributes monthly an amount based on 6% of the employees' monthly salaries and wages to the employees' individual pension accounts at the Bureau of Labour Insurance. The benefits accrued are paid monthly or in lump sum upon termination of employment.
 - (b) The Company's mainland China indirect subsidiaries, Ablerex Electronics (Suzhou) Co., Ltd. and Ablerex Electronics (Beijing) Corporation Limited, have a defined contribution plan. Monthly contributions to an independent fund administered by the government in accordance with the pension regulations in the People's Republic of China (PRC) are based on a certain percentage of employees' monthly salaries and wages. The contribution percentage for the sixmonth periods ended June 30, 2023 and 2022 was both 20%. Other than the monthly contributions, the Group has no further obligations. Ablerex Corporation, Ablerex Latam Corporation, Ablerex Electronics (S) Pte. Ltd., Ablerex Electronics (Thailand) Co Ltd., Ablerex Electronics Italy S.R.L and Wada Denki Co., Ltd. have a defined contribution plan under the local regulations and have no further obligations. Other consolidated subsidiaries do not have any employees.
 - (c) The pension costs under the defined contribution pension plans of the Group for the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2023 and 2022 were \$8,174, \$7,773, \$15,901 and \$15,232, respectively.

(15) Share capital

As of June 30, 2023, the Company's authorised capital was \$800,000, consisting of 80 million shares of ordinary stock, and the paid-in capital was \$450,000 with a par value of \$10 (in dollars) per share. All proceeds from shares issued have been collected. The Group's ordinary shares at the beginning of the period are the same with the outstanding shares at the end of the period.

(16) Capital surplus

A. Pursuant to the R.O.C. Company Act, capital surplus arising from paid-in capital in excess of par value on issuance of common stocks and donations can be used to cover accumulated deficit or to issue new stocks or cash to shareholders in proportion to their share ownership, provided that the Company has no accumulated deficit. Further, the R.O.C. Securities and Exchange Law requires that the amount of capital surplus to be capitalized mentioned above should not exceed 10% of the paid-in capital each year. However, capital surplus should not be used to cover accumulated deficit unless the legal reserve is insufficient.

B. The shareholders resolved to appropriate capital surplus in cash at their meeting on June 23, 2022:

	<u>Y</u> (ear ended Dec	ember 31, 2021		
			Cash	per share	
		Amount	(in dollars)		
Capital surplus appropriated in cash	\$	9,000	\$	0.2	

The cash appropriation of capital surplus is in agreement with the proposal submitted by the Board of Directors.

(17) Retained earnings

- A. Under the Company's Articles of Incorporation, the current year's earnings, if any, shall first be used to pay all taxes and offset prior years' operating losses and then 10% of the remaining amount shall be set aside as legal reserve unless the accumulated legal reserve has reached the total capital stock balance. Special reserve shall be appropriated in accordance with related regulations promulgated by competent authorities, and the special reserve along with the accumulated unappropriated retained earnings from previous years is considered as the distributable earnings. The remainder, if any, after considering the operating status, and through a proposition by the Board of Directors and a resolution by the shareholders, shall be retained.
- B. The Company's dividend policy is based on the Company's current operation status, future capital requirements, long-term operation plan, shareholders' benefits, balanced dividends and the Company's long-term financial plan, etc. The appropriation is proposed by the Board of Directors and then approved by the shareholders during their meeting. Cash dividends shall not be less than 20% of the total dividends distributed to shareholders.
- C. Except for covering accumulated deficit or issuing new stocks or cash to shareholders in proportion to their share ownership, the legal reserve shall not be used for any other purpose. The use of legal reserve for the issuance of stocks or cash to shareholders in proportion to their share ownership is permitted, provided that the distribution of the reserve is limited to the portion in excess of 25% of the Company's paid-in capital.
- D. In accordance with the regulations, the Company shall set aside special reserve from the debit balance on other equity items at the balance sheet date before distributing earnings. When the debit balance on other equity items is reversed subsequently, the reversed amount may be included in the distributable earnings.

E. The appropriations of 2022 and 2021 earnings as resolved by the Board of Directors on June 27, 2023 and June 23, 2022 are as follows:

	<u>Y</u>	Year ended December 31, 2022			Ye	Year ended December 31, 2021			
			Divide	end per share			Div	vidend per share	
		Amount	(in	dollars)	A	mount	(in dollars)		
Legal reserve	\$	11,946			\$	7,600			
Special reserve	(61,427)				9,317			
Cash dividends		90,000	\$	2.00		47,250	\$	1.05	

For the information relating to the distribution of earnings as approved by the Board of Directors or shareholders, please refer to the "Market Observation Post System" at the website of the Taiwan Stock Exchange.

(18) Sales revenue

	For the three-month periods ended June 30,					
		2023	2022			
Sales revenue	\$	418,453	\$	354,552		
Project construction revenue		234,354		149,964		
Service revenue		35,580		29,801		
	\$	688,387	\$	534,317		
	For the six-month periods ended June 30,					
		2023		2022		
Sales revenue	\$	793,169	\$	748,157		
Project construction revenue		502,906		392,079		
Service revenue		66,687		55,989		
	\$	1,362,762	\$	1,196,225		

A. Disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers

The Group derives revenue from the transfer of goods and services over time and at a point in time in the following:

		First	Second	T	echnical					
For the three-month period	F	Business	Business	S	Services]	Energy	Re	econciliation	
ended June 30, 2023	I	Division	 Division	I	Division		Division	anc	d elimination	Total
Revenue from external customer contracts	\$	118,287	\$ 399,844	\$	98,603	\$	71,653	\$	-	\$ 688,387
Inter-segment revenue		11,873	 499,114				_	(510,987)	
Total segment revenue	\$	130,160	\$ 898,958	\$	98,603	\$	71,653	(\$	510,987)	\$ 688,387
Segment income	\$	18,131	\$ 41,522	\$	34,508	\$	5,527	(\$	65,334)	\$ 34,354
Timing of revenue recognition										
At a point in time	\$	118,287	\$ 399,844	\$	74,780	\$	61,020	\$	-	\$ 653,931
Over time			 		23,823		10,633			 34,456
	\$	118,287	\$ 399,844	\$	98,603	\$	71,653	\$	_	\$ 688,387

	First	Secon	d	T	echnical									
For the three-month period	Business	Busine	SS	S	Services		Energy	Red	conciliation					
ended June 30, 2022	Division	Divisio	on	Γ	Division	I	Division	and	elimination	Total				
Revenue from external customer contracts	\$ 129,412	\$ 276	,151	\$	62,678	\$	66,076	\$	-	\$ 534,317				
Inter-segment revenue	11,788	542	,809	_				(554,597)	 				
Total segment revenue	\$ 141,200	\$ 818	,960	\$	62,678	\$	66,076	(\$	554,597)	\$ 534,317				
Segment income	\$ 5,705	\$ 21	,284	\$	30,673	\$	8,500	(\$	62,884)	\$ 3,278				
Timing of revenue recognition														
At a point in time	\$ 129,412	\$ 276	,151	\$	42,660	\$	58,038	\$	-	\$ 506,261				
Over time					20,018		8,038		_	 28,056				
	\$ 129,412	\$ 276	,151	\$	62,678	\$	66,076	\$		\$ 534,317				
	First	Secon	d	T	echnical			·-						
For the six-month period ended	Business	Busine	SS	S	Services		Energy	Reconciliation		Reconciliation		Reconciliation		
June 30, 2023	Division	Divisio	on	Γ	Division	I	Division	and elimination		and elimination		 Total		
Revenue from external customer contracts	\$ 337,599	\$ 707	,498	\$	172,514	\$	145,151	\$	-	\$ 1,362,762				
Inter-segment revenue	22,536	979	,937		_			(1,002,473)	 				
Total segment revenue	\$ 360,135	\$ 1,687	,435	\$	172,514	\$	145,151	(\$	1,002,473)	\$ 1,362,762				
Segment income	\$ 33,098	\$ 67	,460	\$	70,723	\$	8,984	(\$	130,991)	\$ 49,274				
Timing of revenue recognition														
At a point in time	\$ 337,599	\$ 707	,498	\$	127,306	\$	127,024	\$	_	\$ 1,299,427				
Over time					45,208		18,127		<u>-</u>	 63,335				
	\$ 337,599	\$ 707	,498	\$	172,514	\$	145,151	\$	_	\$ 1,362,762				
	F'	C	1	T	1 1									
For the six-month period ended	First Business	Secon Busine			echnical Services		Energy	Dag	conciliation					
June 30, 2022	Division	Divisio			Division		Division		elimination	Total				
Revenue from external customer		-		\$	125,285	\$	130,134	\$	-	\$ 1,196,225				
contracts														
Inter-segment revenue	22,930	1,063	,204					(1,086,134)	 <u>-</u>				
Total segment revenue	\$ 398,953	\$ 1,627	,987	\$	125,285	\$	130,134	(<u>\$</u>	1,086,134)	\$ 1,196,225				
Segment income	\$ 22,888	\$ 34	,009	\$	60,357	\$	9,865	(\$	122,975)	\$ 4,144				
Timing of revenue recognition														
At a point in time	\$ 376,023	\$ 564	,783	\$	86,448	\$	116,409	\$	-	\$ 1,143,663				
Over time					38,837		13,725		_	 52,562				
	\$ 376,023	\$ 564	,783	\$	125,285	\$	130,134	\$		\$ 1,196,225				

B. Contract liabilities

The Group has recognised the following revenue-related contract liabilities:

	Jun	e 30, 2023	Dece	mber 31, 2022	Jun	e 30, 2022	Jan	uary 1, 2022
Contract liabilities: Contract liabilities - advance receipts for construction	\$	170,939	\$	246,698	\$	192,909	\$	156,666
Contract liabilities – advance sales								
receipts		44,263		37,751		29,776		31,041
-	\$	215,202	\$	284,449	\$	222,685	\$	187,707

- (a) Significant changes in contract liabilities None.
- (b) Revenue recognised that was included in the contract liability balance at the beginning of the period

	For the three-month periods ended June 30,					
		2023		2022		
Revenue recognised that was included in the contract liability balance at the beginning of the period						
Sales revenue	\$	82,860	\$	23,891		
	For the six-month periods ended June 30,					
		2023		2022		
Revenue recognised that was included in the contract liability balance at the beginning of the period						
Sales revenue	\$	177,107	\$	76,305		

(19)

Sales revenue	Ψ	177,107	Ψ	70,303
) <u>Interest income</u>				
	For the	three-month p	periods end	led June 30,
		2023		2022
Interest income from bank deposits Interest income from financial assets measured at amortised cost	\$	1,289	\$	137
		_		
	\$	1,289	\$	137
	For th	e six-month pe	eriods ende	ed June 30,
		2023	2	2022
Interest income from bank deposits	\$	1,465	\$	240
Interest income from financial assets measured at amortised cost		1		1
	\$	1 466	\$	241

(20) Other income

(20) <u>2 max m. vm. v</u>	For the	three-month p	eriods (ended June 30,
		2023		2022
Dividend income	\$	_	\$	4,860
Government subsidy income		583		1,202
Other income, others		1,679		604
	\$	2,262	\$	6,666
	For th	e six-month pe	eriods e	nded June 30,
		2023		2022
Dividend income	\$	-	\$	4,860
Government subsidy income		1,011		2,557
Other income, others		3,834		2,608
	\$	4,845	\$	10,025
(21) Other gains and losses				
	For the	three-month p	eriods (ended June 30,
		2023		2022
Foreign exchange gain	\$	12,981	\$	5,514
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	(241)		-
Others	(52)	(74)
	\$	12,688	\$	5,440
	For th	e six-month pe	eriods e	nded June 30,
		2023		2022
Foreign exchange gain	\$	10,347	\$	11,739
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	(258)	(26)
Others	(117)	(128)
	\$	9,972	\$	11,585
(22) <u>Finance costs</u>				
	For the	three-month p	eriods (ended June 30,
		2023		2022
Interest expense	\$	3,332	\$	2,061
-	For th	e six-month pe	eriods e	nded June 30,
		2023		2022
Interest expense	\$	7,036	\$	3,754
*				

(23) Expenses by nature

By function		nree-month per June 30, 2023		For the	For the three-month period ended June 30, 2022			
By nature	Operating costs	Operating expenses	Total	Operating costs	Operating expenses	Total		
Employee benefit expense	\$ 53,483	\$ 103,497	\$ 156,98	54,268	\$ 93,419	\$ 147,687		
Depreciation expense	9,113	6,559	15,67	7,396	8,132	15,528		
Amortization expense	222	2,165	2,38	7 210	2,204	2,414		
By function	For the	six-month peri	od ended	For the	For the six-month period ended June 30, 2022			
		June 30, 2023			June 30, 2022			
By nature	Operating costs	June 30, 2023 Operating expenses	Total	Operating costs	June 30, 2022 Operating expenses	Total		
By nature Employee benefit expense	Operating	Operating		costs	Operating expenses	Total \$ 295,519		
·	Operating costs	Operating expenses	Total	costs 8 \$ 108,455	Operating expenses			

(24) Employee benefit expense

	For the three-month periods ended June 30				
		2023		2022	
Wages and salaries	\$	131,690	\$	124,974	
Labor and health insurance fees		12,308		11,469	
Pension costs		8,260		7,859	
Directors' remuneration		892		284	
Other personnel expenses		3,830		3,101	
	\$	156,980	\$	147,687	
	For the six-month periods ended June 30,				
		2023		2022	
Wages and salaries	\$	255,638	\$	248,178	
Labor and health insurance fees		25,696		24,117	
Pension costs		16,073		15,405	
Directors' remuneration		1,092		457	
Other personnel expenses		7,479		7,362	
	\$	305,978	\$	295,519	

A. In accordance with the Articles of Incorporation of the Company, a ratio of distributable profit of the current year, after covering accumulated losses, shall be distributed as employees' compensation and directors' and supervisors' remuneration. The ratio shall be 6% to 10% for employees' compensation and shall not be higher than 2% for directors' and supervisors' remuneration.

B. For the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, employees' compensation was accrued at \$2,699, \$864, \$3,305 and \$1,390, respectively; while directors' and supervisors' remuneration was accrued at \$892, \$283, \$1,092 and \$456, respectively. The aforementioned amounts were recognised in salary expenses. The employees' compensation and directors' and supervisors remuneration were estimated and accrued based on 6% and 2% of distributable profit of current year for the year ended June 30, 2023.

There is no difference between employees' compensation (directors' and supervisors' remuneration) as resolved by the Board of Directors and reported at the shareholders' meeting and the amount recognised in the 2022 financial statements of \$8,748, \$2,884 had been adjusted in profit or loss for 2022. The appropriation was in the form of cash.

Information about the appropriation of employees' compensation (bonus) and directors' and supervisors' remuneration by the Company as proposed by the Board of Directors and resolved will be posted in the "Market Observation Post System" at the website of the Taiwan Stock Exchange.

(25) Income tax

A. Income tax expense

(a) Components of income tax expense:

	For the three-month periods ended June 30,						
		2023	2022				
Current tax:							
Current tax on profit for the period	\$	13,667	\$	2,797			
Tax on undistributed surplus earnings		-		498			
Prior year income tax overestimation	(6)	(273)			
Total current tax		13,661		3,022			
Deferred tax:							
Origination and reversal of temporary							
differences				1,134			
Income tax expense	\$	13,661	\$	4,156			
	For	the six-month pe	eriods e	ended June 30,			
		2023		2022			
Current tax:							
Current tax on profit for the period	\$	18,334	\$	5,020			
Tax on undistributed surplus earnings		-		498			
Prior year income tax overestimation	(1,121)	(1,950)			
Total current tax		17,213		3,568			
Deferred tax:							
Origination and reversal of temporary							
differences				2,609			
Income tax expense	\$	17,213	\$	6,177			

(b) The income tax (charge)/credit relating to components of other comprehensive income are as follows:

	For the three-month periods ended June 30,					
Currency translation differences		2023	2022			
	(\$	2,326) (\$	194)			
	For th	e six-month periods	ended June 30,			
		2023	2022			
Currency translation differences	(\$	2,143) \$	4,457			

B. The Company's income tax returns through 2021 have been assessed and approved by the Tax Authority.

(26) Earnings per share

	For the three-month period ended June 30, 2023					
			Weighted average			
			number of ordinary	E	arnings	
	Amo	ount after	shares outstanding	-	er share	
		tax	(shares in thousands)	(in	dollars)	
Basic earnings per share						
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent company	\$	32,588	45,000	\$	0.73	
Diluted earnings per share						
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of	\$	32,588	45,000			
the parent company						
Assumed conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares						
Employees' compensation			50			
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent plus assumed conversion of						
all dilutive potential ordinary shares	\$	32,588	45,050	\$	0.73	

	For the three-month period ended June 30, 2022					
	Amount after tax		Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding (shares in thousands)	per	nings share lollars)	
Basic earnings per share						
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent company	\$	9,891	45,000	<u>\$</u>	0.22	
Diluted earnings per share						
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of	\$	9,891	45,000			
the parent company Assumed conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares Employees' compensation			21			
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent plus assumed conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares	\$	9,891	45,021	\$	0.22	
		or the six-	month period ended Jui	ne 30, 2	2023	
	Amo	ount after	Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding (shares in thousands)	per	nings share lollars)	
Basic earnings per share Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent company Diluted earnings per share	\$	39,980	45,000	\$	0.89	
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of	\$	39,980	45,000			
the parent company Assumed conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares Employees' compensation Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent plus assumed conversion of			147			
all dilutive potential ordinary shares	\$	39,980	45,147	\$	0.89	

	For the six-month period ended June 30, 2022					
	Amount after tax		Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding (shares in thousands)	pe	arnings er share dollars)	
Basic earnings per share						
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent company <u>Diluted earnings per share</u>	\$	16,335	45,000	\$	0.36	
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of	\$	16,335	45,000			
the parent company Assumed conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares						
Employees' compensation			71			
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent plus assumed conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares	\$	16,335	45,071	\$	0.36	

(27) Transactions with non-controlling interest

Acquisition of additional equity interest in a second-tier subsidiary

The Group's subsidiary, Ablerex Electronics (S)Pte. Ltd., acquired 6% of additional issuance of shares of the second-tier subsidiary, Ablerex Electronics (Thailand)Co., Ltd., by cash amounting to \$109 in March 15, 2023. The carrying amount of non-controlling interest in Ablerex Electronics (Thailand)Co., Ltd. was \$350 at the acquisition date. This transaction decreased non-controlling interest by \$350 and increased equity attributable to owners of the parent by \$241.

(28) Changes in liabilities from financing activities

						2023				
			Sł	nort-term]	Liabilities
	S	hort-term	no	otes and		Long-term			fro	m financing
	bo	orrowings	bill	s payable	1	borrowings	Le	ase liabilities	acti	vities-gross
At January 1	\$	616,473	\$	69,845	\$	29,535	\$	13,269	\$	729,122
Changes in cash flow from										
financing activities	(64,275)	(39,850)	(4,169)	(5,226)	(113,520)
Impact of changes in foreign										
exchange rate	(1,461)		-		885		-	(576)
Changes in other non-cash items		_				_		3,499		3,499
At June 30	\$	550,737	\$	29,995	\$	26,251	\$	11,542	\$	618,525

							L	Liabilities from
	S	Short-term		Long-term			fina	ncing activities-
	bo	orrowings		borrowings	L	ease liabilities		gross
At January 1	\$	752,544	\$	21,510	\$	9,851	\$	783,905
Changes in cash flow from								
financing activities	(129,275)		12,101	(4,936)	(122,110)
Impact of changes in foreign								
exchange rate		6,460	(276)		-		6,184
Changes in other non-cash items		_				12,688		12,688
At June 30	\$	629,729	\$	33,335	\$	17,603	\$	680,667

7. Related Party Transactions

(1) Names of related parties and relationship

Names of related parties	Relationship with the Company
United Integrated Services Co., Ltd.	The entity with significant influence to the Group
Eco Energy Corporation	Other related party
Wada	Other related party
Directors, supervisors, general manager and vice	The Group's key management
general manager	

(2) Significant related party transactions and balances

A. Sales revenue

	For the three-month periods ended June 3					
	2023			2022		
Sales revenue						
Entities with significant influence to the Group	\$	3,357	\$	67		
Other related parties		816				
	\$	4,173	\$	67		
	For the six-month periods ended June 30,					
		2023		2022		
Sales revenue						
Entities with significant influence to the Group	\$	14,366	\$	294		
Other related parties		2,653				
	\$	17,019	\$	294		

The transaction prices and terms of the Group and entities with significant influence over the Group are determined in accordance with the agreed contracts. The credit term is commensurate with non-related parties, which is $60\sim120$ days after monthly billings.

B. Leasing arrangements - lessee

(a) The Group leased office and plant from United Integrated Services Co., Ltd. Rental contracts are typically made for periods from 2022 to 2024. Rents are paid at the end of each month.

(b) Lease liabilities

i. Outstanding balance

	Ju	June 30, 2023		mber 31, 2022	June 30, 2022		
United Integrated							
Services Co., Ltd.	\$	4,831	\$	7,436	\$	10,022	

ii. Interest expense

	For the three-month periods ended June 30,						
	20	023	2	022			
United Integrated Services Co., Ltd.	\$	22	\$	15			
	For the six-month periods ended June						
	20	023	2	022			
United Integrated Services Co., Ltd.	\$	50	\$	21			

C. Accounts receivable from related parties

	June 30, 2023		Decem	ber 31, 2022	June 30, 2022	
Accounts receivable						
Entities with significant influence	\$	2,607	\$	6,367	\$	623
to the Group						
Other related parties		856		1,342		
	\$	3,463	\$	7,709	\$	623

The accounts receivable of the Group and entities with significant influence over the group are construction accounts. The transaction prices and terms are determined in accordance with the agreed contracts.

D. Endorsements and guarantees

As of June 30, 2023, December 31, 2022 and June 30, 2022, there were unsecured bank borrowings amounting to \$486,940, \$496,631 and \$542,168, respectively. The Company's key management was a joint guarantor.

E. Commitments

Promissory notes issued for the warranty of sales and performance guarantees of lease contracts.

	June	e 30, 2023	Decen	nber 31, 2022	Ju	ine 30, 2022
Entities with significant influence						
to the Group	\$	2,292	\$	11,008	\$	10,867

(3) Key management compensation

	For the	three-month p	eriods e	nded June 30,		
		2023		2022		
Short-term employee benefits	\$	10,322	\$	8,613		
Termination benefits		251		244		
	\$	10,573	\$	8,857		
	For the six-month periods ended June 30,					
		2023		2022		
Short-term employee benefits	\$	22,527	\$	19,826		
Termination benefits		500		486		
	\$	23,027	\$	20,312		

8. Pledged Assets

The Group's assets pledged as collateral are as follows:

			В	ook value			
Pledged assets	June	30, 2023	Dece	mber 31, 2022	Jun	e 30, 2022	Purpose
Financial assets at amortised cost —time deposits	\$	166	\$	194	\$	194	Performance guarantee for contracts
Property, plant and equipment —land and buildings		117,747		124,489		105,086	Short-term borrowings or guarantee for line of credit
Right-of-use assets							Short-term borrowings or
—land use rights		804		841		860	guarantee for line of credit
-	\$	118,717	\$	125,524	\$	106,140	

9. Significant Contingent Liabilities and Unrecognised Contract Commitments

(1) Contingencies

None.

(2) Commitments

A. As of June 30, 2023, December 31, 2022 and June 30, 2022, other than the details of contingencies and commitments between the Group and related parties as provided in Note 7(2) E, contingencies and commitments between the Group and third parties are as follows:

Capital expenditure contracted for at the balance sheet date but not yet incurred

	June	2023	Decem	ber 31, 2022	June	200, 2022
Property, plant and equipment	\$	8,263	\$	8,696	\$	35,533
Intangible assets		1,919		1,143		1,216
	\$	10,182	\$	9,839	\$	36,749

Warranty and performance guarantee

As of June 30, 2023, December 31, 2022 and June 30, 2022, promissory notes issued for the warranty and performance guarantee of sales amounted to \$117,283, \$121,977 and \$124,201, respectively.

B. Details of endorsements/guarantees provided by the Company to subsidiaries are provided in Note 13(1) B.

10. Significant Disaster Loss

None.

11. Significant Events after the Balance Sheet Date

None.

12. Others

(1) Capital management

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure with reasonable cost of funds. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders, issue new shares or sell assets to reduce debt. The Group monitors capital on the basis of the gearing ratio. This ratio is calculated as total liabilities divided by total assets.

In 2023, the Group's strategy, which was unchanged from 2022, was to maintain the gearing ratio of about 40%. The gearing ratios at June 30, 2023, December 31, 2022 and June 30, 2022 were as follows:

	<u>Ju</u>	ne 30, 2023	Dece	mber 31, 2022	<u>Ju</u>	ne 30, 2022
Total liabilities	\$	1,683,252	\$	1,966,119	\$	1,881,824
Total equity		1,690,696		1,748,397		1,479,437
Total assets	\$	3,373,948	\$	3,714,516	\$	3,361,261
Gearing ratio		50%		53%		56%

(2) Financial instruments

A. Financial instruments by category

	Ju	ne 30, 2023	Dece	mber 31, 2022	Ju	ne 30, 2022
Financial assets						
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income						
Designation of equity instrument	\$	243,536	\$	243,536	\$	81,000
Financial assets at amortised cost						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	265,052	\$	259,173	\$	182,971
Financial assets at amortised cost		22,382		13,418		13,511
Notes receivable		11,674		6,307		35,383
Accounts receivable						
(including related parties)		476,016		715,093		490,724
Other receivables		21,888		11,049		16,953
Guarantee deposits paid		12,180		15,768		13,074
	\$	809,192	\$	1,020,808	\$	752,616

	Jı	ane 30, 2023	Dece	ember 31, 2022	J	une 30, 2022
Financial liabilities						
Financial liabilities at amortized						
cost						
Short-term borrowings	\$	550,737	\$	616,473	\$	629,729
Short-term notes and bills payable		29,995		69,845		-
Notes payable		3,126		3,689		1,638
Accounts payable		409,789		591,145		604,290
Other accounts payable		218,235		151,021		173,883
Long-term borrowings						
(including current portion)		26,251		29,535		33,335
Guarantee deposits received		373		374		375
	\$	1,238,506	\$	1,462,082	\$	1,443,250
Lease liability	-					
(including related parties)	\$	11,542	\$	13,269	\$	17,603

B. Financial risk management policies

- (a) The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk and price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. To minimise any adverse effects on the financial performance of the Group, derivative financial instruments, such as foreign exchange forward contracts and foreign currency option contracts are used to hedge certain exchange rate risk, and interest rate swaps are used to fix variable future cash flows. Derivatives are used exclusively for hedging purposes and not as trading or speculative instruments.
- (b) Risk management is carried out by a central treasury department (Group treasury) under policies approved by the Board of Directors. Group treasury identifies, evaluates and hedges financial risks in close cooperation with the Group's operating units. The Board provides written principles for overall risk management, as well as written policies covering specific areas and matters, such as foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk, credit risk, use of derivative financial instruments and non-derivative financial instruments, and investment of excess liquidity.

C. Significant financial risks and degrees of financial risks

(a) Market risk

Foreign exchange risk

- i. The Group operates internationally and is exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from various currency exposures, primarily with respect to the USD and RMB. Foreign exchange risk arises from future commercial transactions and recognised assets and liabilities.
- ii. Management has set up a policy to require group companies to manage their foreign exchange risk against their functional currency. The companies are required to hedge their entire foreign exchange risk exposure with the Group treasury. Exchange rate risk is measured through a forecast of highly probable USD and RMB expenditures. Forward

- foreign exchange contracts are adopted to minimise the volatility of the exchange rate affecting cost of forecast inventory purchases.
- iii. The Group's businesses involve some non-functional currency operations (the Company's functional currency: NTD; other certain subsidiaries' functional currency: USD and RMB). The information on assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies whose values would be materially affected by the exchange rate fluctuations is as follows:

						For the	six-	month pe	riod ei	nded
		Ju	ine 30, 2023	ı			Jun	ne 30, 202	23	
						So	ensit	ivity Ana	lysis	
(Foreign currency: Functional currency) Financial assets	c	Foreign urrency amount thousands)	Exchange rate	В	ook value (NTD)	Degree of variation		ffect on profit	comp	t on other orehensive
Monetary items USD:NTD RMB:NTD JPY:NTD USD:RMB SGD:USD Financial liabilities Monetary items USD:NTD	\$	5,849 1,550 44,312 2,098 1,195	31.1400 4.2820 0.2150 7.2723 0.7373	\$	182,138 6,637 9,527 65,332 27,437	1% 1% 1% 1% 1%	\$	1,821 66 95 653 274	\$	- - - -
USD:NTD USD:RMB	Þ	281	7.2723	Э	49,263 8,750	1%	Þ	493 88	Э	-
SGD:USD		218	0.7373		5,005	1%		50		-
			ember 31, 20)22		So	ensit	2022 civity Ana	lysis	
(Foreign currency: Functional currency) Financial assets Monetary items	c	Foreign urrency amount thousands)	Exchange rate	В	ook value (NTD)	Degree of variation	Effect on profit before tax		Effect on othe comprehension income	
USD:NTD RMB:USD RMB:NTD JPY:NTD USD:RMB SGD:USD Financial liabilities Monetary items	\$	8,021 411 137 19,579 619 1,170	30.7100 0.1435 4.4080 0.2324 6.9669 0.7450	\$	246,325 1,811 604 4,550 19,010 26,768	1% 1% 1% 1% 1% 1%	\$	2,463 18 6 46 190 268	\$	- - - -
USD:NTD USD:RMB SGD:USD	\$	2,270 1,647 440	30.7100 6.9669 0.7450	\$	69,712 50,580 10,067	1% 1% 1%	\$	697 506 101	\$	- - -

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						Se	ensit	ivity Ana	ılysi	s
	CI	oreign urrency				-		ffect on		fect on other
(Foreign currency:	a	mount	Exchange	В	ook value	Degree		profit	CO	mprehensive
Functional currency)	(In t	housands)	rate		(NTD)	of variation	be	fore tax	_	income
Financial assets										
Monetary items										
USD:NTD	\$	5,494	29.7200	\$	163,282	1%	\$	1,633	\$	-
RMB:NTD		2,650	4.4390		11,763	1%		118		-
JPY:NTD		17,228	0.2182		3,759	1%		38		-
USD:RMB		36	6.6952		1,070	1%		11		-
SGD:USD		702	0.7190		15,001	1%		150		-
Financial liabilities										
Monetary items										
USD:NTD	\$	2,404	29.7200	\$	71,447	1%	\$	714	\$	-
USD:RMB		782	6.6952		23,241	1%		232		-
SGD:USD		235	0.7190		5,022	1%		50		-

iv. The total exchange (loss) gain arising from significant foreign exchange variation on the monetary items held by the Group for the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, amounted to \$12,981, \$5,514, \$10,347 and \$11,739, respectively.

Price risk

- i. The Group's equity securities, which are exposed to price risk, are the held financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income. To manage its price risk arising from investments in equity securities, the Group diversifies its portfolio. Diversification of the portfolio is done in accordance with the limits set by the Group.
- ii. The Group's investments in equity securities comprise unlisted shares issued by the domestic companies. The prices of equity securities would change due to the change of the future value of investee companies. If the prices of these equity securities had increased/decreased by 1% with all other variables held constant, other components of equity for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2023 and 2022 would have increased/decreased by \$2,435 and \$810, respectively, as a result of other comprehensive income classified as equity investment at fair value through other comprehensive income.

Cash flow and fair value interest rate risk

The Group's borrowings are mostly with fixed interest rate and maturity within one year. Therefore, the Group does not expect to be exposed to significant interest rate risk.

(b) Credit risk

i. Credit risk refers to the risk of financial loss to the Group arising from default by the clients on the contract obligations. The main factor is that counterparties could not repay in full the contract cash flows of accounts receivable, notes receivable and amortized cost financial assets based on the agreed terms.

- ii. The Group manages their credit risk taking into consideration the entire group's concern. For banks and financial institutions, only independently rated parties with a minimum rating of investment grade or above are accepted. According to the Group's credit policy, each local entity in the Group is responsible for managing and analysing the credit risk for each of their new clients before standard payment and delivery terms and conditions are offered. Internal risk control assesses the credit quality of the customers, taking into account their financial position, past experience and other factors. Individual risk limits are set based on internal or external ratings in accordance with limits set by the management. The utilisation of credit limits is regularly monitored. The main credit risk arises from wholesale and retail customers, including outstanding receivables.
- iii. The Group adopts the assumptions under IFRS 9, there has been a significant increase in credit risk on that instrument since initial recognition, when the contract payments were past due over 30 days.
- iv. The Group adopts the assumptions under IFRS 9, the default occurs when the contract payments are past due over 90 days.
- v. The following indicators are used to determine whether the credit impairment of debt instruments has occurred:
 - (i) It becomes probable that the issuer will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganization due to their financial difficulties;
 - (ii) Default or delinquency in interest or principal repayments;
 - (iii) Adverse changes in national or regional economic conditions that are expected to cause a default.
- vi. The Group classifies customers' accounts receivable in accordance with sales area. The Group applies the modified approach using provision matrix to estimate expected credit loss under the provision matrix basis.
- vii. The Group wrote-off the financial assets, which cannot be reasonably expected to be recovered, after initiating recourse procedures. However, the Group will continue executing the recourse procedures to secure their rights. As of June 30, 2023, December 31, 2022 and June 30, 2022, the Group's written-off financial assets that are still under recourse procedures amounted to \$0, \$3,369 and \$3,369, respectively.

viii. The Group used the forecastability of Taiwan Institute of Economic Research boom observation report to adjust historical and timely information to assess the default possibility of accounts receivable. As of June 30, 2023, December 31, 2022 and June 30, 2022, the provision matrix is as follows:

	_No	ot overdue	Ov	verdue within 30 days	O	verdue within 60 days	O	verdue within 90 days		verdue for re than 90 days	Total
At June 30, 2023											
Expected loss rate		0.03%	1.	.2%~39.72%	22	2.59%~100%	8	1.96%~100%	11	%~100%	
Total book value	\$	459,229	\$	7,119	\$	7,056	\$	291	\$	13,622	\$487,317
Loss allowance		137		723		4,566		250		5,625	11,301
At December 31, 2022											
Expected loss rate	0.03	3%~0.30%	0.7	79%~12.43%	5.3	37%~71.42%	37.	32%~99.58%	11	%~100%	
Total book value	\$	697,568	\$	18,110	\$	1,677	\$	664	\$	6,824	\$724,843
Loss allowance		1,507		1,385		405		448		6,005	9,750
At June 30, 2022											
Expected loss rate		0.03%	1.0	03%~13.49%		16%~87%		50%~94%	31	%~100%	
Total book value	\$	456,795	\$	22,875	\$	8,203	\$	5,575	\$	5,629	\$499,077
Loss allowance		137		236		2,426		3,809		1,745	8,353

ix. Movements in relation to the Group applying the modified approach to provide loss allowance for accounts receivable are as follows:

		20	23	
	Accoun	ts receivable	Overdu	ue receivable
At January 1	\$	9,750	\$	39,034
Provision for impairment loss		1,930		-
Reversal of impairment loss	(477)		-
Effect of foreign exchange		98		113
At June 30	\$	11,301	\$	39,147
	Accoun	ts receivable	22 Overdı	ue receivable
	Accoun	ts receivable	Overdu	ue receivable
	\$	7,770	\$	
At January 1		7,770	•	41,139
At January 1 Provision for impairment loss		890	•	41,139
	(*		41,139
Provision for impairment loss	(890	(41,139 - - 2,902)
Provision for impairment loss Reversal of impairment loss	(890 8)	(- -
	\$	7 770	\$	

(c) Liquidity risk

- i. Cash flow forecasting is performed in the operating entities of the Group and aggregated by Group treasury. Group treasury monitors rolling forecasts of the Group's liquidity requirements to ensure it has sufficient cash to meet operational needs.
- ii. Surplus cash held by the operating entities over and above balance required for working capital management are transferred to the Group treasury. Group treasury invests surplus cash in interest bearing current accounts, time deposits and other cash equivalents, choosing instruments with appropriate maturities or sufficient liquidity to provide sufficient headroom as determined by the above-mentioned forecasts.
- iii. The Group has the following undrawn borrowing facilities:

	June 30, 2023		Dec	ember 31, 2022	June 30, 2022		
Fixed rate:							
Expiring within one year	\$	1,267,191	\$	1,202,392	\$	1,210,106	

iv. The table below analyses the Group's non-derivative financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the balance sheet date to the contractual maturity date. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows.

Non-derivative financial liabilities

	L	ess than 3	Ве	etween 3 months					
June 30, 2023	months			and 1 year	Ove	er 1 year	Book value		
Short-term borrowings	\$	552,735	\$	-	\$	-	\$	552,735	
Short-term notes and bills									
payable		30,000		-				30,000	
Notes payable		3,126		-		-		3,126	
Accounts payable		370,993		38,796		-		409,789	
Other payables		88,529		121,083		8,623		218,235	
Lease liability		2,721		7,547		1,532		11,800	
Long-term borrowings									
(including current									
portion)		3,157		8,618		14,955		26,730	

	L	ess than 3	В	etween 3 months				
December 31, 2022		months		and 1 year	О	ver 1 year	В	ook value
Short-term borrowings	\$	292,049	\$	329,472	\$	_	\$	621,521
Short-term notes and bills								
payable		70,000		-		-		70,000
Notes payable		3,689		-		-		3,689
Accounts payable		558,208		32,937		-		591,145
Other payables		125,773		16,581		8,667		151,021
Lease liability		2,577		6,975		4,075		13,627
Long-term borrowings								
(including current								
portion)		1,659		8,752		19,759		30,170
	L	ess than 3	В	etween 3 months				
June 30, 2022		months		and 1 year	Over 1 year		В	ook value
Short-term borrowings	\$	613,180	\$	18,342	\$	-	\$	631,522
Notes payable		1,638		-		-		1,638
Accounts payable		563,351		40,939		-		604,290
Other payables		64,279		99,641		9,963		173,883
Lease liability		2,818		7,384		8,000		18,202
Long-term borrowings								
(including current								
portion)		2,743		6,826		24,497		34,066

Loss than 2 Datasan 2 months

v. The Group does not expect the timing of occurrence of the cash flows estimated through the maturity date analysis will be significantly earlier, nor expect the actual cash flow amount will be significantly different.

(3) Fair value information

- A. The different levels that the inputs to valuation techniques are used to measure fair value of financial and non-financial instruments have been defined as follows:
 - Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date. A market is regarded as active where a market in which transactions for the asset or liability take place with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis.
 - Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.
 - Level 3: Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability. The fair value of the Group's investment in unlisted stocks is included in Level 3.
- B. Financial instruments not measured at fair value.

The Group's carrying amounts of cash and cash equivalents, notes receivable, accounts receivable, other receivables, accounts payable and other payables are approximate to their fair values. The carrying amounts are provided in Note 12(2) A.

C. The related information of financial and non-financial instruments measured at fair value by level on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the assets and liabilities is as follows:

The related information of natures of the assets and liabilities is as follows:

June 30, 2023	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Assets				
Recurring fair value measurements				
Financial assets at fair value				
through other comprehensive				
income				
Equity securities	\$	- \$ -	\$ 243,536	\$ 243,536
December 31, 2022	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Assets				
Recurring fair value measurements				
Financial assets at fair value				
through other comprehensive				
income				
Equity securities	\$	- \$ -	\$ 243,536	\$ 243,536
June 30, 2022	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Assets				
Recurring fair value measurements				
Financial assets at fair value				
through other comprehensive				
income				
Equity securities	\$	- \$ -	\$ 81,000	\$ 81,000

- D. The methods and assumptions the Group used to measure fair value are as follows:
 - (a) When assessing non-standard and low-complexity financial instruments, for example, debt instruments without active market, interest rate swap contracts, foreign exchange swap contracts and options, the Group adopts valuation technique that is widely used by market participants. The inputs used in the valuation method to measure these financial instruments are normally observable in the market.
 - (b) The valuation of derivative financial instruments is based on valuation model widely accepted by market participants, such as present value techniques and option pricing models. Forward exchange contracts are usually valued based on the current forward exchange rate.
- E. For the six-month periods ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, there was no transfer between Level 1 and Level 2.
- F. The following chart is the movement of Level 3 for the six-month period ended June 30, 2023:

	 2023
	 Equity instrument
At January 1 / June 30	\$ 243,536

G. For the six-month periods ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, there was no transfer into or out from Level 3.

- H. Financial segment is in charge of valuation procedures for fair value measurements being categorized within Level 3, which is to verify independent fair value of financial instruments. Such assessment is to ensure the valuation results are reasonable by applying independent information to make results close to current market conditions, confirming the resource of information is independent, reliable and in line with other resources and represented as the exercisable price, and frequently calibrating valuation model, performing back-testing, updating inputs used to the valuation model and making any other necessary adjustments to the fair value.
- I. The following is the qualitative information of significant unobservable inputs and sensitivity analysis of changes in significant unobservable inputs to valuation model used in Level 3 fair value measurement:

				Significant	Range	Relationship
		Fair value at	Valuation	unobservable	(weighted	of inputs to
		June 30, 2023	technique	input	average)	fair value
Non-derivative equity instrument:						
Unlisted shares	\$	243,536	Market comparable companies	Discount for lack of marketability	25%	The higher the discount for lack of marketability, the lower the fair value.
				Significant	Range	Relationship
		Fair value at	Valuation	unobservable	(weighted	of inputs to
	De	cember 31, 2022	technique	input	average)	fair value
Non-derivative equity instrument: Unlisted shares	\$	243,536	Market comparable	Discount for lack of	25%	The higher the discount for
			companies	marketability		lack of marketability, the lower the fair value.

				Significant	Range	Relationship
		Fair value at	Valuation	unobservable	(weighted	of inputs to
	J	une 30, 2022	technique	input	average)	fair value
Non-derivative						
<u>equity</u>						
instrument:						
Unlisted	\$	81,000	Market	Discount for	30%	The higher the
shares			comparable	lack of		discount for
			companies	marketability		lack of
						marketability,
						the lower the
						fair value.

J. The Group has carefully assessed the valuation models and assumptions used to measure fair value. However, use of different valuation models or assumptions may result in different measurement. The following is the effect of profit or loss or of other comprehensive income from financial assets and liabilities categorised within Level 3 if the inputs used to valuation models have changed:

			0, 2023						
			Recognise	d in profit or	Recognis	ed in other			
			1	oss	comprehensive income				
			Favourable	Unfavourable	Favourable	Unfavourable			
	<u>Input</u>	Change	change	change	change	change			
Financial assets Equity instrument	25%	±1%	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,247	(\$ 3,247)			
1 0				December	r 31, 2022				
			Recognise	d in profit or	Recognis	ed in other			
			1	oss	comprehensive income				
			Favourable	Unfavourable	Favourable	Unfavourable			
	Input	Change	change	change	change	change			
Financial assets	25%	±1%	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,247	(\$ 3,247)			
Equity instrument			φ -	<u> </u>	0, 2022	$(\underline{\phi} = 3,247)$			
						1.1.1			
			Č	d in profit or	_	ed in other			
			1	OSS	compreher	nsive income			
			Favourable	Unfavourable	Favourable	Unfavourable			
	Input	Change	change	change	change	change			
Financial assets Equity instrument	30%	±1%	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,906	(\$ 1,906)			

13. Supplementary Disclosures

(1) Significant transaction information

A. Loans to others: Please refer to table 1.

B. Provision of endorsements and guarantees to others: Please refer to table 2.

- C. Holding of marketable securities at the end of the period (not including subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures): Please refer to table 3.
- D. Acquisition or sale of the same security with the accumulated cost exceeding \$300 million or 20% of the Company's paid-in capital: None.
- E. Acquisition of real estate reaching \$300 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: None.
- F. Disposal of real estate reaching \$300 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: None.
- G. Purchases or sales of goods from or to related parties reaching \$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: Please refer to table 4.
- H. Receivables from related parties reaching \$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: Please refer to table 5.
- I. Trading in derivative instruments undertaken during the reporting period: None.
- J. Significant inter-company transactions during the reporting period: Please refer to table 6.

(2) <u>Information on investees (not including investees in Mainland China)</u>

Names, locations and other information of investee companies (not including investees in Mainland China): Please refer to table 7.

(3) Information on investments in Mainland China

- A. Basic information: Please refer to table 8.
- B. Significant transactions, either directly or indirectly through a third area, with investee companies in the Mainland Area:
 - (a) Purchasing amount and percentage and related receivables' percentage and ending balance: Please refer to tables 6 and 9.
 - (b) Selling amount and percentage and related receivables' percentage and ending balance: Please refer to tables 6 and 9.
 - (c) Property transaction amounts and gains and loss arising from them: None.
 - (d) Ending balance and purpose of provision of endorsements/guarantees or collaterals: None.
 - (e) Maximum balance, ending balance, interest rate range and interest for financing during the sixmonth period ended June 30, 2023: Please refer to table 1.
 - (f) Other significant transactions that affected the gains and loss or financial status for the period, i.e. rendering/receiving of service: Please refer to table 9.

(4) Major shareholders information

Major shareholders information: Please refer to table 10.

14. Segment Information

(1) General information

Management has determined the reportable operating segments based on the reports reviewed by the Chief Operating Decision-Maker that are used to make strategic decisions. The Group has four reportable operating segments: First Business Division, Second Business Division, Technical Services Division and Energy Division. The primary sources of revenue from products and services are as follows:

First Business Division : Promotes domestic sales of consigned and self-manufactured

products

Second Business Division : Responsible for international sales and market promotion of

self-manufactured products

Technical Services Division: Responsible for the installation, testing, and warranty of products,

as well as development of the repair and maintenance business line,

and purchases and sales of spare parts and miscellaneous

Energy Division : Domestic sales and market promotion of self-manufactured

energy-related products

(2) Segment information

The segment information provided to the Chief Operating Decision-Maker for the reportable segments is as follows:

For the three-month	First	Second	Technical				
period ended	Business	Business	Services	Energy	Reconciliation		
June 30, 2023	Division	Division	Division	Division	and elimination		Total
Revenue from external	\$ 118,287	\$ 399,844	\$ 98,603	\$ 71,653	\$ -	\$	688,387
customer contracts							
Inter-segment revenue	11,873	499,114			(510,987)		
Total segment revenue	\$ 130,160	\$ 898,958	\$ 98,603	\$ 71,653	(\$ 510,987)	\$	688,387
Segment income	\$ 18,131	\$ 41,522	\$ 34,508	\$ 5,527	(\$ 65,334)	\$	34,354
For the three-month	First	Second	Technical				
For the three-month period ended	First Business	Second Business	Technical Services	Energy	Reconciliation		
		~~~~		Energy Division	Reconciliation and elimination		Total
period ended	Business	Business	Services	•		\$	Total 534,317
period ended June 30, 2022	Business Division	Business Division	Services Division	Division	and elimination	\$	
period ended June 30, 2022 Revenue from external	Business Division	Business Division	Services Division	Division	and elimination	\$	
period ended June 30, 2022  Revenue from external customer contracts	Business Division \$ 129,412	Business Division \$ 276,151	Services Division	Division	and elimination \$ -	\$	

For the six-month	First	Second	Technical			
period ended	Business	Business	Services	Energy	Reconciliation	
June 30, 2023	Division	Division	Division	Division	and elimination	Total
Revenue from external customer contracts	\$ 337,599	\$ 707,498	\$ 172,514	\$ 145,151	\$ -	\$ 1,362,762
Inter-segment revenue	22,536	979,937			(1,002,473)	
Total segment revenue	\$ 360,135	\$ 1,687,435	\$ 172,514	\$ 145,151	(\$ 1,002,473)	\$ 1,362,762
Segment income	\$ 33,098	\$ 67,460	\$ 70,723	\$ 8,984	(\$ 130,991)	\$ 49,274
For the six-month	First	Second	Technical			
For the six-month period ended	First Business	Second Business	Technical Services	Energy	Reconciliation	
				Energy Division	Reconciliation and elimination	Total
period ended	Business	Business	Services		and elimination	Total \$ 1,196,225
period ended June 30, 2022	Business Division	Business Division	Services Division	Division	and elimination	
period ended June 30, 2022 Revenue from external	Business Division	Business Division	Services Division	Division	and elimination	
period ended June 30, 2022  Revenue from external customer contracts	Business Division \$ 376,023	Business Division \$ 564,783	Services Division	Division	<u>and elimination</u> \$ - ( <u>1,086,134</u> )	

# (3) Reconciliation for segment income (loss)

Sales between segments are carried out at arm's length. The revenue from external customers reported to the Chief Operating Decision-Maker is measured in a manner consistent with that in the statement of comprehensive income.

Reconciliations of reportable segment income to the income before tax from continuing operations for the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2023 and 2022 are as follows:

	For	the three-month p	eriods	s ended June 30,	
		2023	2022		
Reportable segments income before tax	\$	34,354	\$	3,278	
Interest income		1,289		137	
Other income		2,262		6,666	
Other gains and losses		12,688		5,440	
Finance costs	(	3,332)	(	2,061)	
Income before tax from continuing operations	\$	47,261	\$	13,460	
	For the six-month pe		eriods ended June 30,		
		2023		2022	
Reportable segments income before tax	\$	49,274	\$	4,144	
Interest income		1,466		241	
Other income		4,845		10,025	
Other gains and losses		9,972		11,585	
Finance costs	(	7,036)	(	3,754)	
Income before tax from continuing operations	\$	58,521	\$	22,241	

The Group did not provide the total assets and total liabilities amounts to the Chief Operating Decision-Maker.

#### Loans to others

For the six-month period ended June 30, 2023

Table 1

No	Creditor	Borrower	General ledger account	Is a related	Maximum outstanding balance during the six-month period ended June 30, 2023	Balance at June 30, 2023	Actual amount drawn down	Interest rate	Nature of loan	Amount of transactions with the borrower	Reason for short- term financing	Allowance for doubtful accounts	Coll	ateral	Limit on loans granted to a single party	Ceiling on total loans	
0	The Company	Ablerex- IT	Other recivables	party Y	\$ 29,824 (USD 958 thousand)	\$ 29,824 (USD 958 thousand)	\$ 29,824 (USD 958 thousand)		Transactions with the borrower	\$ 134,377	-		None		\$ 167,785	\$ 671,140	Note 1 Note 9
0	The Company	Ablerex- LATAM	Other recivables	Y	18,044 (USD 589 thousand)	17,824 (USD 572 thousand)	17,824 (USD 572 thousand)	-	Transactions with the borrower	78,330	-	-	None	-	167,785	671,140	Note 1 Note 9
0	The Company	Ablerex- LATAM	Other recivables	Y	46,710 (USD 1,500 thousand)	46,710 (USD 1,500 thousand)	46,710 (USD 1,500 thousand)	3.50%	Short-term financing	-	Turnover of operation	-	None	-	167,785	671,140	Note 1 Note 5
1	Ablerex- HK	Ablerex- SZ	Other recivables	Y	93,420 (USD 3,000 thousand)	93,420 (USD 3,000 thousand)	62,280 (USD 2,000 thousand)	3.50%	Short-term financing	-	Turnover of operation	-	None	-	167,785	671,140	Note 1 Note 2 Note 6
2	Ablerex- USA	Ablerex- SZ	Other recivables	Y	15,570 (USD 500 thousand)	15,570 (USD 500 thousand)	15,570 (USD 500 thousand)	1.25%	Short-term financing	-	Turnover of operation	-	None	-	167,785	671,140	Note 1 Note 3 Note 7
3	Ablerex- SG	Ablerex- TH	Short term loan	Y	18,684 (USD 600 thousand)	18,684 (USD 600 thousand)	13,795 (USD 443 thousand)	1.00%	Short-term financing	-	Turnover of operation	-	None	-	167,785	671,140	Note 1 Note 4 Note 8

- Note 1: In accordance with the Company's "Procedures for Provision of Loans", limit on total loans to others is 40% of the Company's net assets. Limit on loans to a single party with business transactions is the higher value of purchases or sales during current year on the year of financing. Limit on loans to a single party with short-term financing is 10% of the Company's net assets; but limit on total loans to subsidiaries is 40% of the parent company's current net assets. Furthermore, for the foreign companies which the Group holds 100% of the voting rights directly or indirectly, limit on loans is not restricted. The deadline of each loan is 1 year from the lending day.
- Note 2: In accordance with the Ablerex-HK's "Procedures for Provision of Loans", limit on total loans to others is 40% of the parent company's net assets. Limit on loans to a single party with business transactions is the higher value of purchases or sales during current year. Limit on loans to a single party with short-term financing is 10% of the parent company's net assets; but limit on total loans to subsidiaries is 40% of the parent company's current net assets. Furthermore, for the foreign companies which the Group holds 100% of the voting rights directly or indirectly, limit on loans is not restricted. The deadline of each loan is 1 year from the lending day.
- Note 3: In accordance with the Ablerex-USA's "Procedures for Provision of Loans", limit on total loans to others is 40% of the parent company's net assets. Limit on loans to a single party with business transactions is the higher value of purchases or sales during current year. Limit on loans to a single party with short-term financing is 10% of the parent company's net assets; The deadline of each loan is 1 year from the lending day. Furthermore, for the foreign companies which the Group holds 100% of the voting rights directly or indirectly, limit on loans is not restricted.
- Note 4: In accordance with the Ablerex-SG's "Procedures for Provision of Loans", limit on total loans to others is 40% of the parent company's net assets. Limit on loans to a single party with business transactions is the higher value of purchases or sales during current year. Limit on loans to a single party with short-term financing is 10% of the parent company's net assets; The deadline of each loan is 1 year from the lending day. Furthermore, for the foreign companies which the Group holds 100% of the voting rights directly or indirectly, limit on loans is not restricted.
- Note 5: The maximum credit to be drawn as approved by the Board of Directors was USD 1,500 thousand. The period-end available credit balance was USD 1,500 thousand. The actual amount drawn was USD 1,500 thousand.
- Note 6: The maximum credit to be drawn as approved by the Board of Directors was USD 3,000 thousand. The period-end available credit balance was USD 3,000 thousand. The actual amount drawn was USD 2,000 thousand.
- Note 7: The maximum credit to be drawn as approved by the Board of Directors was USD 500 thousand. The period-end available credit balance was USD 500 thousand. The actual amount drawn was USD 500 thousand.
- Note 8: The maximum credit to be drawn as approved by the Board of Directors was USD 600 thousand. The period-end available credit balance was USD 600 thousand. The actual amount drawn was USD 443 thousand.
- Note 9: Accounts receivable beyond the normal credit period are regarded as capital loans.

Provision of endorsements and guarantees to others

For the six-month period ended June 30, 2023

Table 2

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

		Party bei endorsed/gua			Maximum				Ratio of accumulated endorsement/					
				T * *,	outstanding	0.44			guarantee	G '1'	Provision of	Provision of	Provision of	
				Limit on	endorsement/	Outstanding		Amount of	amount to net	U	endorsements/			
			Relationship	endorsements/	guarantee	endorsement/			asset value of	total amount of	guarantees by	guarantees by	-	1
			with the	guarantees	amount as of	guarantee		guarantees	the endorser/	endorsements/	parent	subsidiary to	the party in	1
	Endorser/		endorser/	provided for a	June 30, 2023	amount at	Actual amount drawn	secured with	guarantor	guarantees	company to	parent	Mainland	
Number	guarantor	Company name	guarantor	single party	(Note 3)	June 30, 2023	down	collateral	company	provided	subsidiary	company	China	Footnote
0	The Company	Ablerex-HK	Subsidiary	\$ 335,570	\$ 233,550	\$ 233,550 (USD 7,500 thousand)	\$ 31,140 (USD 1,000 thousand)	\$ -	14%	\$ 838,926	Y	N	N	Note 1 Note 2

Note1: In accordance with the Company's "Procedures for Provision of Endorsements and Guarantees", limit on the Company endorsements/guarantees to others is 50% of the Company's net assets. Limit on the Company's endorsements/guarantees to a single party is 20% of the Company's net assets, and limit on endorsements/guarantees for companies with business relations is the higher value of purchases or sales during current year.

Note 2: Relationship between the endorser/guarantor and the party being endorsed/guaranteed is classified into the following six categories:

- (1)Having business relationship.
- (2)The endorser/guarantor parent company owns directly and indirectly more than 50% voting shares of the endorsed/guaranteed subsidiary.
- (3)The endorsed/guaranteed company owns directly and indirectly more than 50% voting shares of the endorser/guarantor parent company.
- (4) The endorser/guarantor parent company owns directly and indirectly more than 90% voting shares of the endorsed/guaranteed company.
- (5)Mutual guarantee of the trade made by the endorsed/guaranteed company or joint contractor as required under the construction contract.
- (6)Due to joint venture, all shareholders provide endorsements/guarantees to the endorsed/guaranteed company in proportion to its ownership.

Note 3: Transactions made with Ablerex-HK is higher than 50% of the Company's net assets, which is over the limit on the Company endorsements/guarantees to others. Thus, the limit on the Company endorsements/guarantees to Ablerex-HK is 50% of the Company's net assets.

Holding of marketable securities at the end of the period (not including subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures)

June 30, 2023

Table 3

					As of June	30, 2023		
		Relationship with the						
Securities held by	Marketable securities	securities issuer	General ledger account	Number of shares	Book value	Ownership (%)	Fair value	Footnote
The Company	Eco Energy Corporation	Other related party	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income-non-current	5,400,000	\$243,536 thousand	13.24%	\$243,536 thousand	None

Purchases or sales of goods from or to related parties reaching NT\$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more

For the six-month period ended June 30, 2023

Table 4

				Transaction				terms comp	in transaction pared to third nsactions	Notes/accounts receivable (payable)			
Purchaser/seller	Counterparty	Relationship with the counterparty	Purchases (sales)		Amount	Percentage of total purchases (sales)	Credit term	Unit price	Credit term		Balance	Percentage of total notes/accounts receivable (payable)	Footnote
The Company	Ablerex-HK	Subsidiary	Purchases	\$	296,000	40%	Note 1	Note 1	Note 1	(\$	101,660)	(25%)	-
Ablerex-HK	The Company	Parent Company	(Sales)	(USD	9,689 thousand)	(100%)	Note 1	Note 1	Note 1	USD	3,265 thousand	100%	-
The Company	Ablerex-SZ	An indirectly-owned Subsidiary	Purchases	\$	190,801	26%	Note 1	Note 1	Note 1	(\$	79,709)	(20%)	ı
Ablerex-SZ	The Company	Parent Company	(Sales)	(RMB	43,293 thousand)	(34%)	Note 1	Note 1	Note 1	RMB	18,615 thousand	37%	-
Ablerex-HK	Ablerex-SZ	Affiliate	Purchases	USD	9,689 thousand	100%	Note 2	Note 2	Note 2	(USD	3,265 thousand)	(100%)	-
Ablerex-SZ	Ablerex-HK	Affiliate	(Sales)	(RMB	66,973 thousand)	(52%)	Note 2	Note 2	Note 2	RMB	23,589 thousand	46%	-

Note 1: The transaction price is commensurate with the purchase price from Ablerex-SZ; the receivable (payable) policy is Net 60 days E.O.M.

Note 2: The transaction price is the Ablerex-SZ production cost plus an agreed gross margin; the receivable (payable) policy is Net 60 days E.O.M.

Note 3: Transaction price are determined according to the agreements between the parties; the receivable (payable) policy is Net 120 days E.O.M.

Note 4: Ablerex-HK conducts purchases from Ablerex, whereby the prices were determined according to the agreements between the parties. The purchases were then sold to Ablerex-SZ with a zero contribution margin; the credit term is coherent with general customers.

Receivables from related parties reaching NT\$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more

June 30, 2023

Table 5

		Relationship				Overdue re	eceivables	Amount collected subsequent to the	Allowance for
Creditor	Counterparty	with the counterparty	Balance	as at June 30, 2023	Turnover rate	Amount	Action taken	balance sheet date	doubtful accounts
Ablerex-HK	The Company	Parent company	USD	3,265 thousand	4.52	=	-	USD 1,658 thousnad	-
Ablerex-SZ	Ablerex-HK	Affiliate	RMB	23,589 thousand	4.43	-	-	RMB 12,059 thousnad	-

Significant inter-company transactions during the reporting period For the six-month period ended June 30, 2023

Table 6
Individual transactions not exceeding \$10,000 and their corresponding transactions are not disclosed.

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

					Т	ransaction	
Number (Note 1)	Company name	Counterparty	Relationship (Note 2)	General ledger account	Amount	Transaction terms	Percentage of consolidated total operating revenues or total assets (Note 3)
0	The Company	Ablerex-HK	1	Purchases	\$ 296,000	Note 4	22%
		Ablerex-HK	1	Accounts Payable	101,660		3%
		Ablerex-SZ	1	Sales	17,086	Note 5	1%
		Ablerex-SZ	1	Purchases	190,801	Note 5	14%
		Ablerex-SZ	1	Accounts Payable	79,709		2%
		Ablerex-SZ	1	Accounts Receivable	10,689		0%
		Ablerex-USA	1	Sales	55,776	Note 5	4%
		Ablerex-USA	1	Accounts Receivable	40,972		1%
		Ablerex-SG	1	Sales	41,314	Note 5	3%
		Ablerex-SG	1	Accounts Receivable	31,224		1%
		Ablerex-IT	1	Sales	26,941	Note 5	2%
		Ablerex-IT	1	Accounts Receivable	36,461		1%
		Ablerex-IT	1	Other Receivables	29,824	Note 10	1%
		Ablerex-LATAM	1	Sales	26,324	Note 5	2%
		Ablerex-LATAM	1	Accounts Receivable	35,844		1%
		Ablerex-LATAM	1	Other Receivables	65,971	Notes 7 and 10	2%
		Ablerex-JP	1	Sales	21,836	Note 5	2%
		Ablerex-JP	3	Accounts Receivable	17,640		1%
1	Ablerex-HK	Ablerex-SZ	3	Purchases	295,163	Note 4	22%
		Ablerex-SZ	3	Accounts Payable	101,010		3%
		Ablerex-SZ	3	Other Receivables	63,880	Note 6	2%
2	Ablerex-SZ	Ablerex-BJ	3	Sales	20,209	Note 5	1%
		Ablerex-BJ	3	Accounts Receivable	12,734		0%
3	Ablerex-SG	Ablerex-TH	3	Short term loan	13,801	Note 8	0%
4	Ablerex-USA	Ablerex-SZ	3	Other Receivables	15,503	Note 9	0%

Note 1: The numbers filled in for the transaction company in respect of inter-company transactions are as follows:

- (1) Parent company is '0'.
- (2) The subsidiaries are numbered in order starting from '1'.
- Note 2: Relationship between transaction company and counterparty is classified into the following three categories:
  - (1) Parent company to subsidiary.
  - (2) Subsidiary to parent company.
  - (3) Subsidiary to subsidiary.
- Note 3: Regarding percentage of transaction amount to consolidated total operating revenues or total assets, it is computed based on period-end balance of transaction to consolidated total assets for balance sheet accounts and based on accumulated transaction amount for the period to consolidated total operating revenues for income statement accounts.
- Note 4: Ablerex-HK conducted purchases from Ablerex-SZ, whereby the prices were based on Ablerex-SZ's production costs plus an agreed gross margin. The purchases were then resold to Ablerex with a zero contribution margin; the term for receivables and payables is Net 60 days E.O.M.
- Note 5: Transaction prices are determined according to the agreements between the parties; the credit term is coherent with general customers.
- Note 6: Ablerex-HK loan to Ablerex-SZ, interest against agreed interest rate 3.5% per annum.
- Note 7: Ablerex loan to Ablerex-Latam, interest against agreed interest rate 3.5% per annum.
- Note 8: Ablerex-SG loan to Ablerex-TH, interest against agreed interest rate 1.00% per annum.
- Note 9: Ablerex-USA loan to Ablerex-SZ, interest against agreed interest rate 1.25% per annum.
- Note 10: Accounts receivable beyond the normal credit period are regarded as capital loans.

#### Information on investees

#### For the six-month period ended June 30, 2023

Table 7

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

				Initial invest	ment amount	Shares	s held as at June 30	, 2023		Investment	
Investor	Investee	Location	Main business activities	Balance as at June 30, 2023	Balance as at December 31, 2022	Number of shares	Ownership (%)	Book value	Net profit (loss) of the investee for the six-month period ended June 30, 2023	income(loss) recognised by the Company for the six- month period ended June 30, 2023	Footnote
The Company	Ablerex-Samoa	Samoa	Holding company	\$ 217,445	\$ 217,445	6,635,000	100	\$ 465,815	\$ 10,503	\$ 11,457	Subsidiary
The Company	Ablerex-USA	U.S.	Sales of uninterruptible power supply, solar energy products, and related systems	8,303	8,303	250,000	100	86,478	10,269	10,269	Subsidiary
The Company	Ablerex-HK	Hong Kong	Sales of uninterruptible power supply, solar energy products, and related systems	43	43	10,000	100	33,753	287	287	Subsidiary
The Company	Ablerex-SG	Singapore	Sales of uninterruptible power supply, solar energy products, and related systems	48,008	48,008	2,140,763	100	116,667	1,637	( 172)	Subsidiary
The Company	Ablerex-UK	UK	Holding company	4,674	4,674	100,000	100	13,417	( 122)	( 1,704)	Subsidiary
The Company	Ablerex-JP	Japan	Sales of uninterruptible power supply, solar energy products, and related systems	9,159	9,159	2,970	99	9,446	5,408	4,933	Subsidiary
Ablerex-Samoa	Ablerex -Overseas	Hong Kong	Holding company	217,445	217,445	6,635,000	100	468,544	10,546	-	Second-tier subsidiary
Ablerex-UK	Ablerex-IT	Italy	Sales of uninterruptible power supply, solar energy products, and related systems	4,674	4,674	100,000	100	13,417	( 122)	-	Second-tier subsidiary
Ablerex-SG	Ablerex-TH	Thailand	Sales of uninterruptible power supply, solar energy products, and related systems	1,795	1,687	20,000	100	6,040	( 1,230)	-	Second-tier subsidiary
Ablerex-USA	Ablerex-LATAM	U.S.	Sales of uninterruptible power supply, solar energy products,and related systems	15,358	15,358	3,650	86	6,609	4,442	-	Second-tier subsidiary

Note: The Company recognised investment income comprising of downstream and upstream transactions.

Information on investments in Mainland China For the six-month period ended June 30, 2023

Table 8

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

				Accumulated amount of remittance from Taiwan to Mainland China	to Taiwan for period ended !	d China/ mitted back the six-month	Accumulated amount of remittance from Taiwan to Mainland China		Ownership held by the Company	Investment income (loss) recognised by the Company for the six-month	Book value of investments in Mainland China	Accumulated amount of investment income remitted back to	
Investee in Mainland China	Main business activities	Paid-in capital	Investment method	as of January 1, 2023	Remitted to Mainland China	Remitted back to Taiwan	as of June 30, 2023	as of June 30, 2023	(direct or indirect)	period ended June 30, 2023	as of June 30, 2023	Taiwan as of June 30, 2023	Footnote
Ablerex-SZ	Manufacturing and sales of uninterruptible power supply, solar energy products, and related systems	\$ 170,024	Note 1	\$ 170,024			\$ 170,024		100	,		,	Note 2
Ablerex-BJ	Manufacturing and sales of uninterruptible power supply, solar energy products, and related systems	42,820	Note 1	36,590	-	-	36,590	3,266	80	2,613	46,672	-	-

		Investment	Ceiling on
		amount approved	investments in
	Accumulated amount	by the Investment	Mainland China
	of remittance from	Commission of	imposed by the
	Taiwan to Mainland	the Ministry of	Investment
	China	Economic Affairs	Commission of
Company name	as of June 30, 2023	(MOEA)	MOEA
ABLEREX			
ELECTRONICS	\$ 206,614	\$ 206,614	\$ 1,014,418
CO., LTD.			

Note 1: Invested in cash through the third region's subsidiary, Ablerex-Samoa which invested in Ablerex-Overseas and then reinvested in Ablerex-BJ. The investments were approved by the Investment Commission of the Ministry of Economic Affairs.

Note 2: Excluding the presentation and disclosures of Ablerex-SZ concurrently reviewed by the Certified Public Accountant, the above-listed related parties disclosed below are presentations and disclosures on investees that were not concurrently reviewed by the Certified Public Accountant. For consolidated reporting purposes, all individuals disclosed below have eliminated all inter-group transactions.

# Significant transactions conducted with investees in Mainland China directly or indirectly through other companies in the third areas For the six-month period ended June 30, 2023

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

(1)	Purchasing amount and	percentage and relate	d payables	' percentage and balance a	t June 30, 2023:
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Company name	General ledger amount	Amount	%	Footnote
Ablerex-SZ	Purchases	\$ 486,801	66%	Purchase from Ablerex-SZ through Ablerex-HK of which \$190,801 purchase directly.
Ablerex-SZ	Accounts Payable	\$ 181,369	45%	Pay from Ablerex-SZ through Ablerex-HK of which \$79,709 purchase directly.

#### (2) Selling amount and percentage and related receivables' percentage and balance at June 30, 2023:

Company name	General ledger amount	_	Amount	%	Footnote
Ablerex-SZ	Sales	\$	17,086	2%	Sold directly
Ablerex-SZ	Accounts Receivable	\$	10,689	2%	

(3) Other significant transactions that affected the gains and losses or financial status for the period, i.e. rendering/receiving of service:

Company name	General ledger amount	Amount		Footnote
Ablerex-SZ	Miscellaneous income	\$ 4	174 19%	The Company purchased the critical raw materials of \$9,978 on behalf of Ablerex-SZ.

#### Major shareholders information June 30, 2023

#### Table 10

	Shares	
Name of major shareholders	Number of shares held	Ownership (%)
United Integrated Services Co., Ltd.	14,001,502	31.11%
Wen Hsu	9,638,177	21.41%
Y.A. Chen	2,485,763	5.52%