ABLEREX ELECTRONICS CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REVIEW REPORT MARCH 31, 2023 AND 2022

For the convenience of readers and for information purpose only, the auditors' report and the accompanying financial statements have been translated into English from the original Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. In the event of any discrepancy between the English version and the original Chinese version or any differences in the interpretation of the two versions, the Chinese-language auditors' report and financial statements shall prevail.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REVIEW REPORT TRANSLATED FROM CHINESE

To the Board of Directors and Shareholders of ABLEREX ELECTRONICS CO., LTD.

Introduction

We have reviewed the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of ABLEREX ELECTRONICS CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES (the "Group") as at March 31, 2023 and 2022, and the related consolidated statements of comprehensive income, of changes in equity and of cash flows for the three-month periods then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and International Accounting Standard 34, "Interim Financial Reporting" that came into effect as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on these consolidated financial statements based on our reviews.

Scope of Review

Except as explained in the following paragraph, we conducted our reviews in accordance with the Standard on Review Engagements 2410 "Review of Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity" in the Republic of China. A review of consolidated financial statements consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

Basis for Qualified Conclusion

As explained in Note 4(3), the financial statements of certain insignificant consolidated subsidiaries were not reviewed by independent auditors. Those statements reflect total assets of NT\$578,058 and NT\$544,097, constituting 17% and 17% of the consolidated total assets, and total liabilities of NT\$117,477 and NT\$179,938, constituting 7% and 11% of the consolidated total liabilities as at March 31, 2023 and 2022, and total comprehensive income of NT\$4,706 and NT\$7,797, constituting 55% and 30% of the consolidated total comprehensive income for the three-month periods then ended.

Qualified Conclusion

Except for the adjustments to the consolidated financial statements, if any, as might have been determined to be necessary had the financial statements of certain consolidated subsidiaries been reviewed by independent auditors, that we might have become aware of had it not been for the situation described above, based on our reviews, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying consolidated financial statements do not present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Group as at March 31, 2023 and 2022, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the three-month periods then ended in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and International Accounting Standard 34, "Interim Financial Reporting" that came into effect as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission.

Lin, Se-Kai Lai, Chung-Hsi For and on behalf of PricewaterhouseCoopers, Taiwan May 8, 2023

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are not intended to present the financial position and results of operations and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. The standards, procedures and practices in the Republic of China governing the audit of such financial statements may differ from those generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. Accordingly, the accompanying consolidated financial statements and independent auditors' review report are not intended for use by those who are not informed about the accounting principles or auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China, and their applications in practice.

As the financial statements are the responsibility of the management, PricewaterhouseCoopers cannot accept any liability for the use of, or reliance on, the English translation or for any errors or misunderstandings that may derive from the translation.

ABLEREX ELECTRONICS CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

MARCH 31, 2023, DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND MARCH 31, 2022

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

(The balance sheets as of March 31, 2023 and 2022 are reviewed, not audited)

			March 31, 20		December 31, 2		March 31, 202	
	ASSETS	Notes	AMOUNT		AMOUNT	<u></u>	AMOUNT	
(Current assets							
100	Cash and cash equivalents	6(1)	\$ 230,144	7	\$ 259,173	7	\$ 240,864	8
136	Current financial assets at	6(3) and 8						
	amortised cost		13,487	-	13,418	1	13,712	1
150	Notes receivable, net	6(4)	16,880	-	6,307	-	33,362	1
170	Accounts receivable, net	6(4)	470,683	14	707,384	19	518,721	16
180	Accounts receivable due from	6(4) and 7						
	related parties, net		5,348	-	7,709	-	1,059	-
200	Other receivables		18,137	1	11,049	-	14,480	1
220	Current tax assets		165	-	2,119	-	3,103	-
30X	Inventories, net	6(5)	1,428,363	42	1,490,274	40	1,338,746	42
410	Prepayments		38,742	1	42,788	1	42,686	1
1XX	Total current assets		2,221,949	65	2,540,221	68	2,206,733	70
1	Non-current assets							
517	Non-current financial assets at fa	ir 6(2)						
	value through other comprehensi	ve						
	income		243,536	7	243,536	7	81,000	3
600	Property, plant and equipment	6(6) and 8	747,743	22	726,935	20	748,136	24
755	Right-of-use assets	6(7), 7 and 8	12,262	1	13,780	-	8,063	-
780	Intangible assets		45,836	1	45,970	1	46,827	1
840	Deferred income tax assets		42,459	1	42,642	1	43,654	1
900	Other non-current assets	6(8)	83,805	3	101,432	3	29,100	1
5XX	Total non-current assets		1,175,641	35	1,174,295	32	956,780	30
	Total assets		\$ 3,397,590	100	\$ 3,714,516	100	\$ 3,163,513	100

(Continued)

ABLEREX ELECTRONICS CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS MARCH 31, 2023, DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND MARCH 31, 2022

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars) (The balance sheets as of March 31, 2023 and 2022 are reviewed, not audited)

	March 31, 2023					December 31, 2			22	
	LIABILITIES AND EQUITY	Notes		AMOUNT	<u></u>	AMOUNT	<u></u> %		AMOUNT	<u></u> %
2100	Current liabilities	6(0)	ď	120 052	1.2	¢ (1(472	17	ф	455 072	1.4
2100	Short-term borrowings	6(9)	\$	438,053	13	\$ 616,473	17	\$	455,973	14
2110	Short-term notes and bills payable	6(10)		139,902	4	69,845	2		-	-
2130	Current contract liabilities	6(18)		302,640	9	284,449	8		230,589	7
2150	Notes payable			1,591	- 10	3,689	-		7,792	-
2170	Accounts payable	C(10)		408,786	12	591,145	16		603,210	19
2200	Other payables	6(12)		192,125	6	151,021	4		152,908	5
2230	Current income tax liabilities			19,124	1	17,008	-		14,628	1
2250	Provisions for liabilities - current	6(13)		68,474	2	65,963	2		59,120	2
2280	Current lease liabilities	7		9,532	-	9,237	-		4,796	-
2320	Long-term liabilities, current	6(11)								
	portion			11,235	-	10,075	-		10,180	-
2399	Other current liabilities, others			15,230		18,916	1		14,740	1
21XX	Total current liabilities			1,606,692	47	1,837,821	50		1,553,936	49
	Non-current liabilities									
2540	Long-term borrowings	6(11)		17,097	1	19,460	1		27,281	1
2570	Deferred income tax liabilities			92,975	3	92,975	2		90,810	3
2580	Non-current lease liabilities	7		2,207	-	4,032	-		2,626	-
2640	Net defined benefit liability,	6(14)								
	non-current			11,831	_	11,831	_		17,772	_
25XX	Total non-current liabilities			124,110	4	128,298	3		138,489	4
2XXX	Total liabilities			1,730,802	51	1,966,119	53		1,692,425	53
	Equity attributable to owners of			1,750,002					1,002,120	
	parent									
	Share capital	6(15)								
3110	Common stock	0(13)		450,000	13	450,000	12		450,000	14
3110	Capital surplus	6(16)		450,000	13	450,000	12		450,000	14
3200	Capital surplus	0(10)		713,657	21	713,416	19		711,878	22
3200	Retained earnings	6(17)		713,037	21	713,410	19		711,070	22
3310	Legal reserve	0(17)		225 052	7	225,053	6		217 452	7
	_			225,053	7		6		217,453	7
3320	Special reserve			61,427	2	61,427	2		52,110	2
3350	Unappropriated retained earnings			81,255	2	163,863	5		67,767	2
2.400	Other equity interest			100 156		122 444	2	,	40.005	
3400	Other equity interest			123,176	4	122,444	3	(42,825)(<u>l</u>)
31XX	Total equity attributable to									
	owners of parent			1,654,568	49	1,736,203	<u>47</u>		1,456,383	<u>46</u>
36XX	Non-controlling interests			12,220		12,194			14,705	1
3XXX	Total equity			1,666,788	49	1,748,397	47		1,471,088	47
	Significant commitments and	7 and 9								
	contingent liabilities									
	Significant events after the balance	11								
	sheet date									
3X2X	Total liabilities and equity		\$	3,397,590	100	\$ 3,714,516	100	\$	3,163,513	100

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

ABLEREX ELECTRONICS CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME THREE-MONTH PERIODS ENDED MARCH 31, 2023 AND 2022

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except as otherwise indicated) (UNAUDITED)

			Three-month periods ended March 31 2023 2022									
				2023								
	Items	Notes		AMOUNT	%	AMOUNT	%					
4000	Sales revenue	6(18) and 7	\$	674,375	100 \$	661,908	100					
5000	Operating costs	6(5)(23)(24)	(504,662)(<u>75</u>) (516,999)(<u>78</u>)					
5950	Gross profit from operations			169,713	25	144,909	22					
	Operating expenses	6(23)(24)										
6100	Selling expenses		(80,965)(12)(75,767) (12)					
6200	General and administrative											
	expenses		(32,949)(5)(27,989)(4)					
6300	Research and development											
	expenses		(40,483) (6)(39,829) (6)					
6450	Expected credit loss		(396)		458)						
6000	Total operating expenses		(<u>154,793</u>) (<u>23</u>) (<u> </u>	144,043)(_	<u>22</u>)					
6900	Net operating income			14,920	2	866						
	Non-operating income and											
	expenses											
7100	Interest income	6(3)(19)		177	-	104	-					
7010	Other income	6(20)		2,583	-	3,359	-					
7020	Other gains and losses	6(21)	(2,716)	-	6,145	1					
7050	Finance costs	6(22) and 7	(3,704)	- (1,693)	-					
7000	Total non-operating income and					·						
	expenses		(3,660)	-	7,915	1					
7900	Profit before income tax			11,260	2	8,781	1					
7950	Income tax expense	6(25)	(3,552)(1)(2,021)	-					
8200	Profit for the period		\$	7,708	1 \$	6,760	1					
	Other comprehensive income			<u>, </u>		,						
8361	Financial statements translation											
	differences of foreign operations		\$	975	- \$	23,765	4					
8399	Income tax relating to	6(25)	*	,,,,	*	20,700						
	components of other	` /										
	comprehensive (losses) income											
	that will be reclassified to profit											
	or loss		(183)	- (4,651)(1)					
8360	Components of other		`		\	.,/\						
	comprehensive income that will											
	be reclassified to profit or loss			792	_	19,114	3					
8300	Other comprehensive income, net		\$	792	- \$	19,114	3					
8500	Total comprehensive income		\$	8,500	1 \$	25,874	4					
0500	Profit attributable to:		Ψ	0,500	Ι Ψ	23,011	<u> </u>					
8610	Owners of the parent		\$	7,392	1 \$	6,444	1					
8620	Non-controlling interest		Ф		1 φ		1					
8020	Non-controlling interest		<u></u>	316 7,708	1 ¢	316						
			<u> </u>	7,708	1 \$	6,760	1					
	Comprehensive income attributable											
0710	to:		Φ	0 104	1 ф	05 046	4					
8710	Owners of the parent		\$	8,124	1 \$	25,046	4					
8720	Non-controlling interest		Φ.	376	<u> </u>	828						
			\$	8,500	<u>1</u> \$	25,874	4					
0750	Earnings per share (in dollars)	((26)	Φ		0 16 h		0 14					
9750	Basic earnings per share	6(26)	\$		0.16 \$		0.14					
9850	Diluted earnings per share	6(26)	\$		0.16 \$		0.14					

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

ABLEREX ELECTRONICS CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY THREE-MONTH PERIODS ENDED MARCH 31, 2023 AND 2022

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars) (UNAUDITED)

Equity attributable to owners of the parent

					Equity attributable to owners of the parent														
				Capital R	Reserve	s		Reta	ined Earnin	gs			Other equ	ity inte	rest				
	Notes	Common stock	Capital s	surplus	cha ow inte	al Surplus, anges in nership erests in sidiaries	Legal reserve	Spe	cial reserve		ppropriated ned earnings	diff trai	al exchange erences on inslation of foreign inancial atements	gain from assets at fa through	realised s (losses) financial measured air value agh other rehensive	Total		-controlling interests	Total equity
2022																			
Balance at January 1, 2022		\$ 450,000	\$ 720	0,878	\$	-	\$ 217,453	\$	52,110	\$	108,573	(\$	61,427)	\$	-	\$1,487,587	\$	13,877	\$1,501,464
Profit for the period		-	'						-		6,444	· <u></u>				6,444		316	6,760
Other comprehensive income for the period		-		_		-	-		_		-		18,602		-	18,602		512	19,114
Total comprehensive income				_		_			_		6,444		18,602			25,046		828	25,874
Cash dividends to shareholders	66(17)			_		_			_	(47,250)		_		_	(47,250)		-	(47,250)
Cash dividends paid from additional paid-in capital	6(16)		(9,000)		<u>-</u>			<u>-</u>				<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	(9,000)			(9,000)
Balance at March 31, 2022		\$ 450,000	\$ 71	1,878	\$		\$ 217,453	\$	52,110	\$	67,767	(\$	42,825)	\$	<u>-</u>	\$1,456,383	\$	14,705	\$1,471,088
<u>2023</u>						<u></u>													
Balance at January 1, 2023		\$ 450,000	\$ 71	1,878	\$	1,538	\$ 225,053	\$	61,427	\$	163,863	(\$	40,092)	\$	162,536	\$1,736,203	\$	12,194	\$1,748,397
Profit for the period		-		-		-	-		-		7,392		-		-	7,392		316	7,708
Other comprehensive income for the period		<u>-</u>				<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>		<u> </u>		<u>-</u>		732		<u>-</u>	732		60	792
Total comprehensive income				_					_		7,392		732			8,124		376	8,500
Cash dividends to shareholders	66(17)	-		-		-	-		-	(90,000)		-		-	(90,000)		-	(90,000)
Changes in non-controlling interests	6(27)	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		241	<u>-</u>				<u>-</u>				<u>-</u>	241	(350)	(109_)
Balance at March 31, 2023		\$ 450,000	\$ 71	1,878	\$	1,779	\$ 225,053	\$	61,427	\$	81,255	(\$	39,360)	\$	162,536	\$1,654,568	\$	12,220	\$1,666,788

ABLEREX ELECTRONICS CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS THREE-MONTH PERIODS ENDED MARCH 31, 2023 AND 2022

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars) (UNAUDITED)

		Т	hree-month period	ds ended March 31		
	Notes		2023		2022	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES						
Profit before tax		\$	11,260	\$	8,781	
Adjustments		Ψ	11,200	Ψ	0,701	
Adjustments to reconcile profit (loss)						
Depreciation expense (including depreciation	6(6)(7)(23)					
charges on right-of-use assets)	0(0)(1)(23)		15,437		15,445	
Amortisation expense	6(23)		2,439		2,492	
Expected credit loss	0(23)		396		458	
Financial costs	6(22)		3,704		1,693	
Interest income	6(19)	(177)	(104)	
Loss on disposal of property, plant and	6(6)(21)	(1///	(101)	
equipment	0(0)(21)		17		26	
Unrealised foreign exchange loss (gain)			16	(57)	
Changes in operating assets and liabilities			10	(31)	
Changes in operating assets and habitates Changes in operating assets						
Notes receivable, net		(10,573)	(8,525)	
Accounts receivable		(236,320	(309,751	
Accounts receivable due from related parties,			250,520		507,751	
net			2,361		19,399	
Other receivables		(7,035)	(6,475)	
Inventories, net		(61,911	(139,839)	
Prepayments				(2,284)	
Changes in operating liabilities			4,040	(2,204)	
Current contract liabilities			18,191		42,882	
Notes payable		(2,098)		3,919	
Accounts payable		(182,359)		52,654	
Other payables		(48,129)	(54,290)	
Provisions for liabilities - current		(2,511	(2,211	
Other current liabilities, others		(3,686)	(1,096)	
Defined benefit liability		(3,000)	(3	
Cash inflow generated from operations			104,552		247,044	
Interest received			104,332		106	
		,		,		
Interest paid Income tax paid		(4,471) 608)	(1,919) 1,747)	
_		('		
Net cash flows from operating activities		-	99,597		243,484	

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ABLEREX ELECTRONICS CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS THREE-MONTH PERIODS ENDED MARCH 31, 2023 AND 2022

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars) (UNAUDITED)

		Three-month periods ended March 31						
	Notes		2023		2022			
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES								
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	6(6)	(\$	2,102)	(\$	1,382)			
Acquisition of intangible assets			-	(879)			
Increase in other non-current assets		(1,590)	(770)			
Increase in prepayment of equipment		(17,525)	(1,031)			
Increase in deposit		·	3,419		834			
Net cash flows used in investing activities		(17,798)	(3,228)			
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES								
Increase in short-term borrowings	6(28)		599,449		678,004			
Decrease in short-term borrowings	6(28)	(778,289)	(980,123)			
Increase in short-term notes and bills payable	6(28)		140,286		-			
Decrease in short-term notes and bills payable	6(28)	(70,229)		-			
Proceeds from long-term debt	6(28)		-		18,868			
Repayments of long-term debt	6(28)	(1,566)	(3,574)			
Repayment of principal portion of lease liabilities	6(28)	(2,599)	(2,429)			
Decrease in non-controlling interests	6(27)	(109)		<u>-</u>			
Net cash flows used in financing activities		(113,057)	(289,254)			
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash								
equivalents			2,229		20,914			
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(29,029)	(28,084)			
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period			259,173		268,948			
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period		\$	230,144	\$	240,864			

ABLEREX ELECTRONICS CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS THREE-MONTH PERIODS ENDED MARCH 31, 2023 AND 2022

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except as otherwise indicated) (UNAUDITED)

1. History and Organization

- (1) Ablerex Electronics Co., Ltd (the "Company"), formerly UIS Abler Electronics Co., Ltd., was incorporated under the provisions of the Company Law of the Republic of China (R.O.C.) on April 27, 1998. The Company merged with PEC Technology Co., Ltd. on April 1, 2002, with the Company as the surviving company and was then renamed as Ablerex Electronics Co., Ltd. The shares of the Company have been trading on the Taipei Exchange since September 9, 2010.
- (2) The Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred herein as the "Group") are primarily engaged in the following business activities:
 - (a) Manufacturing and sales of uninterruptible power supply systems.
 - (b) Manufacturing and sales of equipment to power quality devices.
 - (c) Manufacturing and sales of solar energy equipment.
 - (d) Maintenance and technical services.
- 2. The Date of Authorization for Issuance of the Financial Statements and Procedures for Authorization These consolidated financial statements were reported to the Board of Directors on May 8, 2023.
- 3. Application of New Standards, Amendments and Interpretations
 - (1) Effect of the adoption of new issuances of or amendments to International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") that came into effect as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission ("FSC")

New standards, interpretations and amendments endorsed by the FSC and became effective from 2023 are as follows:

	Effective date by
	International
	Accounting
New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments	Standards Board
Amendments to IAS 1, 'Disclosure of accounting policies'	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IAS 8, 'Definition of accounting estimates'	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IAS 12, 'Deferred tax related to assets and liabilities arising	January 1, 2023
from a single transaction'	

The above standards and interpretations have no significant impact to the Group's financial condition and financial performance based on the Group's assessment

(2) Effect of new issuances of or amendments to IFRSs as endorsed by the FSC but not yet adopted by the Group

None.

(3) IFRSs issued by IASB but not yet endorsed by the FSC

New standards, interpretations and amendments issued by IASB but not yet included in the IFRSs as endorsed by the FSC are as follows:

	Effective date by
	International Accounting
New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments	Standards Board
Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28, 'Sale or contribution of assets	To be determined by
between an investor and its associate or joint venture'	International Accounting
	Standards Board
Amendments to IFRS 16, 'Lease liability in a sale and leaseback'	January 1, 2024
IFRS 17, 'Insurance contracts'	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IFRS 17, 'Insurance contracts'	January 1, 2023
Amendment to IFRS 17, 'Initial application of IFRS 17 and IFRS 9 –	January 1, 2023
comparative information'	
Amendments to IAS 1, 'Classification of liabilities as current or	January 1, 2024
non-current'	
Amendments to IAS 1, 'Non-current liabilities with covenants'	January 1, 2024

The above standards and interpretations have no significant impact to the Group's financial condition and financial performance based on the Group's assessment.

4. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the periods presented, unless otherwise stated.

(1) Compliance statement

The consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers, and the International Accounting Standard 34, 'Interim financial reporting' that came into effect as endorsed by the FSC.

(2) Basis of preparation

- A. Except for the following items, the consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention:
 - (a) Financial assets and financial liabilities (including derivative instruments) at fair value through profit or loss.
 - (b) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income.
 - (c) Defined benefit liabilities recognised based on the net amount of pension fund assets plus less present value of defined benefit obligations.

B. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, IFRIC Interpretations, and SIC Interpretations that came into effect as endorsed by the FSC (collectively referred herein as the "IFRSs") requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial statements are disclosed in Note 5.

(3) Basis of consolidation

- A. Basis for preparation of consolidated financial statements:
 - (a) All subsidiaries are included in the Group's consolidated financial statements. Subsidiaries are all entities (including structured entities) controlled by the Group. The Group controls an entity when the Group is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. Consolidation of subsidiaries begins from the date the Group obtains control of the subsidiaries and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiaries.
 - (b) Inter-company transactions, balances and unrealised gains or losses on transactions between companies within the Group are eliminated. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been adjusted where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.
 - (c) Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the parent and to the non-controlling interests. Total comprehensive income is attributed to the owners of the parent and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.
 - (d) Changes in a parent's ownership interest in a subsidiary that do not result in the parent losing control of the subsidiary (transactions with non-controlling interests) are accounted for as equity transactions, i.e. transactions with owners in their capacity as owners. Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognised directly in equity.
 - (e) When the Group loses control of a subsidiary, the Group remeasures any investment retained in the former subsidiary at its fair value. That fair value is regarded as the fair value on initial recognition of a financial asset or the cost on initial recognition of the associate or joint venture. Any difference between fair value and carrying amount is recognised in profit or loss. All amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to the subsidiary are reclassified to profit or loss on the same basis as would be required if the related assets or liabilities were disposed of. That is, when the Group loses control of a subsidiary, all gains or losses previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to the subsidiary should be reclassified from equity to profit or loss, if such gains or losses would be reclassified to profit or loss when the related assets or liabilities are disposed of.

B. Subsidiaries included in the consolidated financial statements:

Name of	Name of	Main business	March 21, 2022	December 21, 2022	March 21, 2022	Decemention
investor The Company	Ablerex Electronics (Samoa) Co., Ltd.	activities Investment holdings	March 31, 2023 100	December 31, 2022 100	March 31, 2022 100	Note 1, 2
The Company	(Ablerex Samoa) Ablerex Corporation (Ablerex-USA)	Sales of uninterruptible power supply systems and solar energy equipment and others	100	100	100	Note 2, 5
The Company	Ablerex International Co., Ltd. (Ablerex-HK)	Sales of uninterruptible power supply systems and solar energy equipment and others	100	100	100	Note 2, 5
The Company	Ablerex Electronics (S) Pte. Ltd. (Ablerex-SG)	Sales of uninterruptible power supply systems and solar energy equipment and others	100	100	100	Note 2, 5
The Company	Ablerex Electronics U.K. Ltd. (Ablerex-UK)	Investment holdings	100	100	100	Note 2, 5
The Company	Wada Denki Co., Ltd. (Ablerex-JP)	Sales of uninterruptible power supply systems and solar energy equipment and others	99	99	99	Note 2, 5
Ablerex Electronics U.K. Ltd.	Ablerex Electronics Italy S.R.L. (Ablerex-IT)	Sales of uninterruptible power supply systems and solar energy equipment and others	100	100	100	Note 2, 5
Ablerex Electronics (Samoa) Co., Ltd.	Ablerex Overseas Co., Ltd. (Ablerex-Overseas)	Investment holdings	100	100	100	Note 1, 2
Ablerex Overseas Co., Ltd.	Ablerex Electronics (Suzhou) Co., Ltd. (Ablerex-SZ)	Manufacturing and sales of uninterruptible power supply systems and solar energy equipment and others	100	100	100	Note 1, 2
Ablerex Overseas Co., Ltd.	Ablerex Electronics (Beijing) Co., Ltd. (Ablerex-BJ)	Sales of uninterruptible power supply systems and solar energy equipment and others	80	80	80	Note 2, 5
Ablerex Electronics (S) Pte. Ltd.	Ablerex Electronics (Thailand) Co., Ltd. (Ablerex-TH)	Sales of uninterruptible power supply systems and solar energy equipment and others	100	94	70	Note 2, 3, 4, 5
Ablerex Corporation	Ablerex Latam Corporation (Ablerex-Latam)	Sales of uninterruptible power supply systems and solar energy equipment and others	86	86	86	Note 2, 5

- Note 1: The information included in these consolidated financial statements as at March 31, 2023, December 31, 2022 and March 31, 2022 is based on the audited financial statement of the investee.
- Note 2: The information included in these consolidated financial statements as at December 31,2022 is based on the audited financial statement of the investee.
- Note 3: In December 2022, Ablerex Electronics (S)Pte. Ltd. participated in the cash capital increase of ordinary stock of the investee, Ablerex Electronics (Thailand) Co., Ltd. for a total of THB 1,600 thousand, which resulted to an increase of ownership to 94%. Additionally, in March 2023, Ablerex Electronics (S)Pte. Ltd., acquired the entire equity interests of non-controlling interests, which resulted to an increase of ownership to 100%.
- Note 4: Due to restriction of local regulations, the Company holds 51% ownership which is under the name of other individuals. The substantial ownership held by the Company is 100%.
- Note 5: The information included in those consolidated financial statements as at March 31, 2023 and 2022 is based on the unreviewed financial statements of each investee as the investees failed to meet the definition of a significant subsidiary.
- C. Subsidiaries not included in the consolidated financial statements: None.
- D. Adjustments for subsidiaries with different balance sheet dates: None.
- E. Significant restrictions
 - Cash and short-term deposits of \$60,776 deposited in Mainland China are under local foreign exchange control which restricts the capital to be remitted outside the borders (except for normal dividend distribution).
- F. Subsidiaries that have non-controlling interests that are material to the Group: None.

(4) Foreign currency translation

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the "functional currency"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in New Taiwan Dollars, which is the Company's functional and the Group's presentation currency.

A. Foreign currency transactions and balances

- (a) Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions or valuation where items are remeasured. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.
- (b) Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the period end are re-translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date. Exchange differences arising upon re-translation at the balance sheet date are recognised in profit or loss.

- (c) Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies held at fair value through profit or loss are re-translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date; their translation differences are recognised in profit or loss. Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies held at fair value through other comprehensive income are re-translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date; their translation differences are recognised in other comprehensive income. However, non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies that are not measured at fair value are translated using the historical exchange rates at the dates of the initial transactions.
- (d) All foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in the statement of comprehensive income within 'other gains and losses'.

B. Translation of foreign operations

- (a) The operating results and financial position of all the group entities associates and joint arrangements that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows:
 - i. Assets and liabilities for each balance sheet presented are translated at the closing exchange rate at the date of that balance sheet;
 - ii. Income and expenses for each statement of comprehensive income are translated at average exchange rates of that period; and
 - iii. All resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income.
- (b) When the foreign operation partially disposed of or sold is a subsidiary, cumulative exchange differences that were recorded in other comprehensive income are proportionately transferred to the non-controlling interest in this foreign operation. In addition, even when the Group retains partial interest in the former foreign subsidiary after losing control of the former foreign subsidiary, such transactions should be accounted for as disposal of all interest in the foreign operation.

(5) Classification of current and non-current items

- A. Assets that meet one of the following criteria are classified as current assets; otherwise they are classified as non-current assets:
 - (a) Assets arising from operating activities that are expected to be realised, or are intended to be sold or consumed within the normal operating cycle;
 - (b) Assets held mainly for trading purposes;
 - (c) Assets that are expected to be realised within twelve months from the balance sheet date;
 - (d) Cash and cash equivalents, excluding restricted cash and cash equivalents and those that are to be exchanged or used to settle liabilities more than twelve months after the balance sheet date.
- B. Liabilities that meet one of the following criteria are classified as current liabilities; otherwise they are classified as non-current liabilities:
 - (a) Liabilities that are expected to be settled within the normal operating cycle;

- (b) Liabilities arising mainly from trading activities;
- (c) Liabilities that are to be settled within twelve months from the balance sheet date;
- (d) Liabilities for which the repayment date cannot be extended unconditionally to more than twelve months after the balance sheet date. Terms of a liability that could, at the option of the counterparty, result in its settlement by the issue of equity instruments do not affect its classification.

(6) Cash equivalents

Cash equivalents refer to short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amount of cash and subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. Time deposits that meet the above criteria and are held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitment in operations are classified as cash equivalents.

(7) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

- A. Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income comprise equity securities which are not held for trading, and for which the Company has made an irrevocable election at initial recognition to recognise changes in fair value in other comprehensive income.
- B. On a regular way purchase or sale basis, financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are recognised and derecognised using trade date accounting.
- C. At initial recognition, the Company measures the financial assets at fair value plus transaction costs. The Company subsequently measures the financial assets at fair value. The changes in fair value of equity investments that were recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to retained earnings and are not reclassified to profit or loss following the derecognition of the investment. Dividends are recognised as revenue when the right to receive payment is established, future economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the Company and the amount of the dividend can be measured reliably.

(8) Financial assets at amortised cost

- A. Financial assets at amortised cost are those that meet all of the following criteria:
 - (a) The objective of the Group's business model is achieved by collecting contractual cash flows.
 - (b) The assets' contractual cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest.
- B. On a regular way purchase or sale basis, financial assets at amortised cost are recognised and derecognised using trade date accounting.
- C. At initial recognition, the Group measures the financial assets at fair value plus transaction costs. Interest income from these financial assets is included in finance income using the effective interest method. A gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised or impaired.
- D. The Group's time deposits which do not fall under cash equivalents are those with a short maturity period and are measured at initial investment amount as the effect of discounting is immaterial.

(9) Accounts and notes receivable

A. Accounts and notes receivable entitle the Group a legal right to receive consideration in exchange

for transferred goods or rendered services.

B. The short-term accounts and notes receivable without bearing interest are subsequently measured at initial invoice amount as the effect of discounting is immaterial.

(10) <u>Impairment of financial assets</u>

For debt instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income and financial assets at amortised cost, at each reporting date, the Group recognises the impairment provision for 12 months expected credit losses if there has not been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition or recognises the impairment provision for the lifetime expected credit losses (ECLs) if such credit risk has increased since initial recognition after taking into consideration all reasonable and verifiable information that includes forecasts. On the other hand, for accounts receivable or contract assets that do not contain a significant financing component, the Group recognises the impairment provision for lifetime ECLs.

(11) <u>Derecognition of financial assets</u>

The Group derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to receive the cash flows from the financial asset expire.

(12) <u>Inventories</u>

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost is determined using the weighted-average method. The cost of finished goods and work in process comprises raw materials, direct labour, other direct costs and related production overheads (allocated fixed production overheads based on normal capacity). It excludes borrowing costs. The item by item approach is used in applying the lower of cost and net realizable value. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

(13) Property, plant and equipment

- A. Property, plant and equipment are initially recorded at cost. Borrowing costs incurred during the construction period are capitalised.
- B. Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to profit or loss during the financial period in which they are incurred.
- C. Land is not depreciated. Other property, plant and equipment apply cost model and are depreciated using the straight-line method to allocate their cost over their estimated useful lives. Each part of an item of property, plant, and equipment with a cost that is significant in relation to the total cost of the item must be depreciated separately.
- D. The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each balance sheet date. If expectations for the assets' residual values and useful lives differ from previous estimates or the patterns of consumption of the assets' future economic

benefits embodied in the assets have changed significantly, any change is accounted for as a change in estimate under IAS 8, 'Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors', from the date of the change. The estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment are as follows:

Buildings and structures $10\sim50$ yearsMachinery and equipment $5\sim10$ yearsTransportation equipment5 yearsOffice equipment $5\sim10$ yearsLeasehold improvements10 years

(14) Leasing arrangements (lessee)—right-of-use assets/ lease liabilities

- A. Leases are recognised as a right-of-use asset and a corresponding lease liability at the date at which the leased asset is available for use by the Group. For short-term leases or leases of low-value assets, lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.
- B. Lease liabilities include the net present value of the remaining lease payments at the commencement date, discounted using the incremental borrowing interest rate. Lease payments are mainly fixed payments, less any lease incentives receivable.
 - The Group subsequently measures the lease liability at amortised cost using the interest method and recognises interest expense over the lease term. The lease liability is remeasured and the amount of remeasurement is recognised as an adjustment to the right-of-use asset when there are changes in the lease term or lease payments and such changes do not arise from contract modifications.
- C. At the commencement date, the right-of-use asset is stated at cost and the cost is mainly the amount of the initial measurement of lease liability.

The right-of-use asset is measured subsequently using the cost model and is depreciated from the commencement date to the earlier of the end of the asset's useful life or the end of the lease term. When the lease liability is remeasured, the amount of remeasurement is recognised as an adjustment to the right-of-use asset.

(15) Intangible assets

A. Trademark right and patent rights

Trademark right and patent rights are stated at cost, have a finite useful life and are amortised on a straight-line basis over its estimated useful life of 5 years.

B. Computer software

Computer software is stated at cost and amortised on a straight-line basis over its estimated useful life of 3~5 years.

C. Goodwill

Goodwill arises in a business combination accounted for by applying the acquisition method.

(16) Impairment of non-financial assets

- A. The Group assesses at each balance sheet date the recoverable amounts of those assets where there is an indication that they are impaired. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell or value in use. Except for goodwill, when the circumstances or reasons for recognising impairment loss for an asset in prior years no longer exist or diminish, the impairment is reversed. The increased carrying amount due to reversal should not be more than what the depreciated or amortised historical cost would have been if the impairment had not been recognised.
- B. The recoverable amounts of goodwill shall be evaluated periodically. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. Impairment loss of goodwill previously recognised in profit or loss shall not be reversed in the following years.
- C. For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill acquired in a business combination is allocated to each of the cash-generating units, or groups of cash-generating units, that is/are expected to benefit from the synergies of the business combination. Each unit or group of units to which the goodwill is allocated represents the lowest level within the entity at which the goodwill is monitored for internal management purposes. Goodwill is monitored at the operating segment level.

(17) Borrowings

Borrowings comprise long-term and short-term bank borrowings. Borrowings are recognised initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently stated at amortised cost; any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is recognised in profit or loss over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.

(18) Notes and accounts payable

- A. Accounts payable are liabilities for purchases of raw materials, goods or services and notes payable are those resulting from operating and non-operating activities.
- B. The short-term notes and accounts payable without bearing interest are subsequently measured at initial invoice amount as the effect of discounting is immaterial.

(19) <u>Derecognition of financial liabilities</u>

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability specified in the contract is discharged or cancelled or expires.

(20) Provisions

Provisions (primarily warranties) are recognised when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, and it is probable that an outflow of economic resources will be required to settle the obligation and the amount of the obligation can be reliably estimated.

Provisions are measured at the present value of the expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation on the balance sheet date, which is discounted using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects

the current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the obligation. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to passage of time is recognised as interest expense. Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses.

(21) Employee benefits

A. Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits are measured at the undiscounted amount of the benefits expected to be paid in respect of service rendered by employees in a period and should be recognised as expense in that period when the employees render service.

B. Pensions

(a) Defined contribution plans

For defined contribution plans, the contributions are recognised as pension expense when they are due on an accrual basis. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent of a cash refund or a reduction in the future payments.

(b) Defined benefit plans

- i. Net obligation under a defined benefit plan is defined as the present value of an amount of pension benefits that employees will receive on retirement for their services with the Group in current period or prior periods. The liability recognised in the balance sheet in respect of defined benefit pension plans is the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the balance sheet date less the fair value of plan assets, together with adjustments for unrecognised past service costs. The net defined benefit obligation is calculated annually by independent actuaries using the projected unit credit method. The rate used to discount is determined by using interest rates of government bonds (at the balance sheet date) of a currency and term consistent with the currency and term of the employment benefit obligations.
- ii. Remeasurement arising on defined benefit plans are recognised in other comprehensive income in the period in which they arise and are recorded as retained earnings.
- iii. Past service costs are recognised immediately in profit or loss.
- iv. Pension cost for the interim period is calculated on a year-to-date basis by using the pension cost rate derived from the actuarial valuation at the end of the prior financial year, adjusted for significant market fluctuations since that time and for significant curtailments, settlements, or other significant one-off events. And, the related information is disclosed accordingly.

C. Termination benefits

Termination benefits are employee benefits provided in exchange for the termination of employment as a result from the Group's decision to terminate an employee's employment before the normal retirement date, or an employee's decision to accept an offer of redundancy benefits in exchange for the termination of employment. The Group recognises termination benefits when it is demonstrably committed to a termination, when it has a detailed formal plan

to terminate the employment of current employees and when it can no longer withdraw the plan. In the case of an offer made by the Group to encourage voluntary termination of employment, the termination benefits are recognised as expenses only when it is probable that the employees are expected to accept the offer and the number of the employees taking the offer can be reliably estimated. Benefits falling due more than 12 months after balance sheet date are discounted to their present value.

D. Employees', directors' and supervisors' remuneration are recognised as expense and liability, provided that such recognition is required under legal or constructive obligation and those amounts can be reliably estimated. Any difference between the resolved amounts and the subsequently actual distributed amounts is accounted for as changes in estimates. If employee compensation is distributed by shares, the Group calculates the number of shares based on the closing price at the previous day of the board meeting resolution.

(22) Income tax

- A. The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or items recognised directly in equity, in which cases the tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or equity.
- B. The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date in the countries where the Company and its subsidiaries operate and generate taxable income. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in accordance with applicable tax regulations. It establishes provisions where appropriate based on the amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities. An additional 10% tax is levied on the unappropriated retained earnings and is recorded as income tax expense in the year the stockholders resolve to retain the earnings.
- C. Deferred income tax is recognised, using the balance sheet liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated financial statements. However, the deferred income tax is not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of goodwill or of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss. Deferred income tax is provided on temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries, except where the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference is controlled by the Group and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the balance sheet date and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realised or the deferred income tax liability is settled.
- D. Deferred income tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised. At each balance sheet date, unrecognised and recognised deferred income tax assets are reassessed.
- E. Current income tax assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the balance sheet when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are offset on the balance sheet when the entity has the legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and they are levied by the same taxation authority on either the same entity or different entities that intend to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

- F. The interim period income tax expense is recognised based on the estimated average annual effective income tax rate expected for the full financial year applied to the pretax income of the interim period, and the related information is disclosed accordingly.
- G. If a change in tax rate is enacted or substantively enacted in an interim period, the Group recognises the effect of the change immediately in the interim period in which the change occurs. The effect of the change on items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised in other comprehensive income or equity while the effect of the change on items recognised in profit or loss is recognised in profit or loss.

(23) Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or stock options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

(24) Dividends

Dividends are recorded in the Company's financial statements in the period in which they are approved by the Company's shareholders. Cash dividends are recorded as liabilities; stock dividends are recorded as stock dividends to be distributed and are reclassified to ordinary shares on the effective date of new shares issuance.

(25) Revenue recognition

A. Sales revenue

- (a) The Group manufactures and sells uninterrupted power supply equipment and system, improved power quality system and equipment and solar energy equipment and other related products. Sales are recognised when control of the products has transferred, being when the products are delivered to the wholesaler, the wholesaler has full discretion over the channel and price to sell the products, and there is no unfulfilled obligation that could affect the wholesaler's acceptance of the products. Delivery occurs when the products have been shipped to the specific location, the risks of obsolescence and loss have been transferred to the wholesaler, and either the wholesaler has accepted the products in accordance with the sales contract, or the Group has objective evidence that all criteria for acceptance have been satisfied.
- (b) The Group's obligation to provide a repair for faulty products under the standard warranty terms is recognised as a provision.
- (c) A receivable is recognised when the goods are delivered as this is the point in time that the consideration is unconditional because only the passage of time is required before the payment is due.

B. Sale of goods—Project construction

- (a) The Group provides sales services related to uninterruptible power system and equipment, improved power quality system and equipment and solar energy system and equipment. The project construction revenue includes equipment sales and installation services, and the contract involves and provides integrated services. Therefore, the equipment and installation are indistinguishable and are regarded as a single performance obligation. The Group installs equipment, the customer performs the acceptance procedure, and the Group opens the warranty book. The customer obtains the control of the equipment and the benefits arising therefrom. When all the acceptance criteria are met, the Group completes the contractual performance obligated of contract to recognise revenue.
- (b) The Group's obligation to provide a repair for project construction under the standard warranty terms is recognised as a provision.
- (c) A receivable is recognised when the project construction is completed and the warranty book is delivered to the customer. As this is the point in time that the consideration is unconditional because only the passage of time is required before the payment is due.

C. Service revenue

The Group provides related services of maintaining uninterruptible power supply equipment, improved power quality system and equipment and solar energy system and equipment. Service revenue is recognised as income during the financial reporting period in which the services are provided to customers. Revenue from fixed price contracts is recognised as a percentage of the number of months of service actually provided on the balance sheet date. The customer pays the contract price in accordance with the payment schedule agreed upon, and is recognised as a contract assets when the services provided by the Group exceed the customers' payables, and are recognized as contract liabilities if the customer pays more than the services provided by the Group.

D. Costs of obtaining a customer contract

Given that the contractual period lasts less than one year, the Group recognises the incremental costs of obtaining a contract as an expense when incurred although the Group expects to recover those costs.

(26) Operating segments

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the Chief Operating Decision-Maker. The Group's Chief Operating Decision-Maker, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, has been identified as the Board of Directors that makes strategic decisions.

5. <u>Critical Accounting Judgements</u>, <u>Estimates and Key Sources of Assumption Uncertainty</u>

The preparation of these consolidated financial statements requires management to make critical judgements in applying the Group's accounting policies and make critical assumptions and estimates concerning future events. Assumptions and estimates may differ from the actual results and are continually evaluated and adjusted based on historical experience and other factors. Such assumptions

and estimates have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year; and the related information is addressed below:

(1) <u>Critical judgements in applying the Group's accounting policies</u> None.

(2) Critical accounting estimates and assumptions

A. Evaluation of inventories

Evaluation of inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realizable value, the Group must determine the net realizable value of inventories on balance sheet date using judgements and estimates. Due to the rapid technology innovation, the Group evaluates the amounts of normal inventory consumption, obsolete inventories or inventories without market selling value on balance sheet date, and writes down the cost of inventories to the net realizable value. Such an evaluation of inventories is principally based on the demand for the products within the specified period in the future. Therefore, there might be material changes to the evaluation.

As of March 31, 2023, the Group's carrying amount of inventories was \$1,428,363.

B. Estimation of provisions for liabilities

The sale of goods requires consideration of the cost incurred or to be incurred in connection with the transaction. Therefore, the Group formulates the proposed policy for the determination of the warranty for the sale of the product, which is used to measure the actual operating profit and loss of the company. The Group's liability determination is based on the Group's policy based on the historical warranty data of the product as the basis for the assessment, and the related product warranty liabilities are estimated to estimate the future maintenance costs.

As of March 31, 2023, the Group estimated the liability provision to be \$68,474.

6. Details of Significant Accounts

(1) Cash and cash equivalents

	Ma	rch 31, 2023	Dece	ember 31, 2022	N	March 31, 2022
Cash on hand and revolving funds	\$	774	\$	640	\$	831
Checking accounts and demand deposits		217,181		247,936		229,219
Time deposits		12,189		10,597		10,814
	\$	230,144	\$	259,173	\$	240,864

- A. The Group transacts with a variety of financial institutions all with high credit quality to disperse credit risk, so it expects that the probability of counterparty default is remote.
- B. The Group has no cash and equivalents pledged to others.

(2) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

Items	Mar	ch 31, 2023	Decer	mber 31, 2022	March 31, 2022		
Non-current items:							
Equity instruments							
Unlisted stocks	\$	81,000	\$	81,000	\$	81,000	
Fair value adjustments		162,536		162,536		-	
-	\$	243,536	\$	243,536	\$	81,000	

- A. The Group has elected to classify equity instruments that are considered to be strategic investments as financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income. The fair value of such investments amounted to \$243,536, \$243,536 and \$81,000, as at March 31, 2023, December 31, 2022 and March 31, 2022, respectively.
- B. Amounts recognised in profit or loss and other comprehensive income in relation to the financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are both \$0 for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2023 and 2022.
- C. As at March 31, 2023, December 31, 2022 and March 31, 2022 without taking into account any collateral held or other credit enhancements, the maximum exposure to credit risk in respect of the amount that best represents the financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income held by the Group were \$243,536, \$243,536 and \$81,000, respectively.
- D. Information relating to price risk of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income is provided in Note 12(2)(3).

(3) Financial assets at amortised cost

Items	Mare	ch 31, 2023	Decem	nber 31, 2022	Marc	ch 31, 2022
Current items:						
Time deposits expiring						
beyond three months	\$	13,293	\$	13,224	\$	13,518
Pledged time deposits		194		194		194
Total	\$	13,487	\$	13,418	\$	13,712

- A. Amounts recognised in profit or loss in relation to financial assets at amortised cost were both \$1 for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2023 and 2022.
- B. As at March 31, 2023, December 31, 2022 and March 31, 2022, without taking into account any collateral held or other credit enhancements, the maximum exposures to credit risk in respect of the amount that best represents the financial assets at amortised cost held by the Group were \$13,487, \$13,418 and \$13,712, respectively.
- C. Details of the Group's financial assets at amortised cost pledged to others as collateral are provided in Note 8.
- D. Information relating to credit risk and fair value of financial assets at amortised cost is provided in Note 12(2). The counterparties of the Group's investments in certificates of deposit are financial institutions with high credit quality, so the Group expects that the probability of counterparty default is remote.

(4) Notes and accounts receivable (including related parties)

	Mar	ch 31, 2023	Decer	mber 31, 2022	March 31, 2022		
Notes receivable	\$	16,880	\$	6,307	\$	33,362	
Accounts receivable	\$	480,814	\$	717,134	\$	527,062	
Less: Allowance for bad debts — accounts receivable	(10,131)	(9,750)	(8,341)	
	\$	470,683	\$	707,384	\$	518,721	
Accounts receivable due from related parties	\$	5,348	\$	7,709	\$	1,059	

A. The ageing analysis of accounts receivable and notes receivable is as follows:

	N	March 31, 2023						December 31, 2022					
	Accounts receivable		Related parties		Notes receivable		Accounts receivable		Related parties		Notes ceivable		
Not overdue	\$ 445,616	\$	5,348	\$	16,880	\$	689,859	\$	7,709	\$	6,307		
Within 30 days	12,614		-		-		18,110		-		-		
31 to 60 days	7,556		-		-		1,677		-		-		
61 to 90 days	7,575		-		-		664		-		-		
Over 90 days	7,453				_		6,824				_		
	\$ 480,814	\$	5,348	\$	16,880	\$	717,134	\$	7,709	\$	6,307		
							1	Marcl	March 31, 2022				
						I	Accounts	R	elated		Notes		
						r	eceivable	p	arties	re	ceivable		
Not overdue						\$	484,432	\$	1,059	\$	33,362		
Within 30 days							20,670		-		-		
31 to 60 days							6,585		-		-		
61 to 90 days							5,607		-		-		
Over 90 days							9,768		_		_		
						\$	527,062	\$	1,059	\$	33,362		

The above ageing analysis was based on past due date.

- B. As at March 31, 2023, December 31, 2022 and March 31, 2022, accounts receivable and notes receivable were all from contracts with customers. And as of January 1, 2022, the balance of receivables including related parties from contracts with customers amounted to \$881,995.
- C. As at March 31, 2023, December 31, 2022 and March 31, 2022, without taking into account any collateral held or other credit enhancements, the maximum exposure to credit risk in respect of the amount that best represents the Group's notes and accounts receivable, including related parties, were \$16,880, \$6,307 and \$33,362; \$476,031, \$715,093 and \$519,780, respectively.
- D. The Group does not hold any collateral as security.
- E. Information relating to credit risk of accounts receivable including related parties and notes receivable is provided in Note 12(2).

(5) <u>Inventories</u>

			March 31, 2023						
			Allowance for		_				
	 Cost		valuation loss		Book value				
Raw materials	\$ 362,763	(\$	81,651)	\$	281,112				
Work in process	76,535	(4,300)		72,235				
Semi-finished goods	210,012	(36,111)		173,901				
Finished goods	145,799	(6,613)		139,186				
Goods	286,988	(22,278)		264,710				
Inventory in transit	74,372		-		74,372				
Unfinished constructions	422,847		-		422,847				
	\$ 1,579,316	(\$	150,953)	\$	1,428,363				
		Γ	December 31, 2022						
	Allowance for								
	 Cost		valuation loss		Book value				
Raw materials	\$ 387,442	(\$	75,656)	\$	311,786				
Work in process	106,459	(5,776)		100,683				
Semi-finished goods	191,943	(34,546)		157,397				
Finished goods	131,245	(10,586)		120,659				
Goods	217,206	(22,527)		194,679				
Inventory in transit	119,399		-		119,399				
Unfinished constructions	 485,671		<u>-</u>		485,671				
	\$ 1,639,365	(\$	149,091)	\$	1,490,274				
			March 31, 2022						
			Allowance for						
	 Cost		valuation loss		Book value				
Raw materials	\$ 421,658	(\$	72,300)	\$	349,358				
Work in process	109,969	(6,630)		103,339				
Semi-finished goods	193,732	(36,585)		157,147				
Finished goods	108,793	(10,023)		98,770				
Goods	205,211	(22,178)		183,033				
Inventory in transit	126,816		-		126,816				
Unfinished constructions	 320,283		<u>-</u>		320,283				
	\$ 1,486,462	(\$	147,716)	\$	1,338,746				

The cost of inventories recognised as expense for the period:

	For the three-month periods ended March 31							
		2023	2022					
Cost of goods sold	\$	484,281	\$	498,142				
Maintenance cost		13,656		12,594				
Decline in market value of inventory		1,460		647				
Others		5,265		5,616				
	\$	504,662	\$	516,999				

(6) Property, plant and equipment

	_							20	23							
		Land		Buildings	N	Machinery_		sportation uipment	e	Office quipment		Leasehold provements		Others		Total
At January 1																
Cost	\$	169,793	\$	721,408	\$	271,130	\$	12,706	\$	59,983	\$	18,591	\$	140	\$	1,253,751
Accumulated depreciation			(264,050)	(200,452)	(9,837)	(37,212)	(15,168)	(97)	(526,816)
	\$	169,793	\$	457,358	\$	70,678	\$	2,869	\$	22,771	\$	3,423	\$	43	\$	726,935
Opening net book amount as at January 1	\$	169,793	\$	457,358	\$	70,678	\$	2,869	\$	22,771	\$	3,423	\$	43	\$	726,935
Additions		-		-		840		-		1,262		-		-		2,102
Transfers		-		-		30,956		-		20		-		-		30,976
Disposals		-		-	(10)		-	(7)		-		-	(17)
Depreciation charge		-	(6,879)	(3,420)	(194)	(2,093)	(258)		-	(12,844)
Net exchange differences	(_	31)	_	321	_	273	(9)	_	26	_	12	(_	1)	_	591
Closing net book amount as at March 31	<u>\$</u>	169,762	\$	450,800	\$	99,317	\$	2,666	\$	21,979	\$	3,177	\$	42	\$	747,743
At March 31																
Cost	\$	169,762	\$	722,171	\$	304,117	\$	12,675	\$	61,250	\$	18,591	\$	139	\$	1,288,705
Accumulated depreciation			(271,371)	(204,800)	(10,009)	(39,271)	(15,414)	(97)	(540,962)
	\$	169,762	\$	450,800	\$	99,317	\$	2,666	\$	21,979	\$	3,177	\$	42	\$	747,743
								20	22							
		Land]	Buildings	N	Machinery		sportation uipment	e	Office quipment		Leasehold provements		Others		Total
At January 1																
Cost	\$	169,426	\$	713,377	\$	259,889	\$	11,711	\$	58,552	\$	17,870	\$	126	\$	1,230,951
Accumulated depreciation		_	(234,334)	(190,100)	(8,420)	(33,245)	(13,556)	(87)	(479,742)
•	\$	169,426	\$	479,043	\$	69,789	\$	3,291	\$	25,307	\$	4,314	\$	39	\$	751,209
Opening net book amount as at January 1	\$	169,426	\$	479,043	\$	69,789	\$	3,291	\$	25,307	\$	4,314	\$	39	\$	751,209
Additions		-		-		498		-		833		51		-		1,382
Transfers		-		-		130		-		-		-		-		130
Disposals		-		-	(17)		-	(9)		-		-	(26)
Depreciation charge		-	(7,283)	(3,110)	(251)	(2,067)	(267)		-	(12,978)
Net exchange differences		115		6,004		1,904		91		190		115		<u>-</u>		8,419
Closing net book amount as at March 31	\$	169,541	\$	477,764	\$	69,194	\$	3,131	\$	24,254	\$	4,213	\$	39	\$	748,136
At March 31																
Cost	\$	169,541	\$	722,855	\$	268,980	\$	12,085	\$	60,082	\$	18,357	\$	130	\$	1,252,030
Cost Accumulated depreciation	\$	169,541 <u>-</u>	\$ (_	722,855 245,091)		268,980 199,786)		12,085 8,954)		60,082 35,828)		18,357 14,144)		130 91)		1,252,030 503,894)

A. The abovementioned equipment are all assets for its own use.

- B. The significant components of buildings include buildings, air conditioners, elevators and utility construction. Buildings are depreciated over 26 to 50 years, and others are depreciated over 10 to 20 years.
- C. Information about the property, plant and equipment that were pledged to others as collaterals is provided in Note 8.
- D. There were no borrowing costs capitalised as part of property, plant and equipment.
- E. As of March 31, 2023 and 2022, the amount paid but not yet delivered for equipment, under the equipment purchase contracts for production and operation, were \$56,316 and \$1,626, respectively.

(7) <u>Leasing arrangements—lessee</u>

- A. The Group leases various assets including land, buildings (including land), transportation equipment and office equipment. Rental contracts are typically made for periods of 1 to 3 years. Lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis and contain a wide range of different terms and conditions. The lease agreements do not impose covenants, but leased assets may not be used as security for borrowing purposes.
- B. Short-term leases with a lease term of 12 months or less comprise buildings. Low-value assets comprise office equipment. As of March 31, 2023, December 31, 2022 and March 31, 2022, payments of lease commitments for short-term leases amounted to \$382, \$1,158 and \$479, respectively.
- C. The carrying amount of right-of-use assets and the depreciation charge are as follows:

	March 31, 2023		Decem	ber 31, 2022	March 31, 2022		
	Carrying	g amount	Carry	ing amount	Carryi	ng amount	
Land	\$	838	\$	841	\$	881	
Buildings (including land)		11,360		12,858		7,049	
Office equipment		64		81		133	
	\$	12,262	\$	13,780	\$	8,063	

	For the ti	hree-month pe	eriods end	ed March 31,
		2023		2022
	Depreci	Depreciation charge		
Land	\$	7	\$	7
Buildings (including land)		2,569		2,443
Office equipment		17		17
	\$	2,593	\$	2,467

D. For the three-month periods ended March 31, 2023 and 2022, the additions to right-of-use assets were \$1,069 and \$0, respectively.

E. The information on profit and loss accounts relating to lease contracts is as follows:

	 2023	 2022
Items affecting profit or loss		
Interest expense on lease liabilities	\$ 115	\$ 121
Expense on short-term lease contracts	382	479
Expense on leases of low-value assets	38	32

- F. For the three-month periods ended March 31, 2023 and 2022, the Group's total cash outflow for leases were \$3,134 and \$3,061, respectively.
- G. Information about the right-of-use assets land use right that were pledged to others as collateral is provided in Note 8.

(8) Other non-current assets

	_ Marc	ch 31, 2023	Decem	ber 31, 2022	Marc	h 31, 2022
Overdue receivable	\$	38,965	\$	39,034	\$	38,485
Allowance for bad debts	(38,965)	(39,034)	(38,485)
 overdue receivable 						
Prepayments for equipment		56,316		70,362		1,626
Guarantee deposits paid		12,349		15,768		12,416
Others		15,140		15,302		15,058
	\$	83,805	\$	101,432	\$	29,100

(9) Short-term borrowings

Type of borrowings	Mai	rch 31, 2023	Interest rate range	Collateral
Bank borrowings				
Unsecured borrowings	\$	345,450	$1.775\% \sim 5.15\%$	None
Secured borrowings		92,603	$3.60\% \sim 3.70\%$	Please refer to Note 8
	\$	438,053		
Type of borrowings	December 31, 2022		Interest rate range	Collateral
Bank borrowings				
Unsecured borrowings	\$	496,631	$1.64\% \sim 5.26\%$	None
Secured borrowings		119,842	$3.60\% \sim 4.65\%$	Please refer to Note 8
	\$	616,473		
Type of borrowings	Mai	rch 31, 2022	Interest rate range	Collateral
Bank borrowings				
Unsecured borrowings	\$	371,786	$0.88\% \sim 1.80\%$	None
Secured borrowings		84,187	$0.80\% \sim 3.75\%$	Please refer to Note 8
	\$	455,973		

(10) Short-term notes and bills payable

Acceptance agency	March 31, 2023		Interest rate range	Collateral
CBF BILLS	\$	59,947	1.35%	None
MEGA BILLS		79,955	1.798%	None
	\$	139,902		
Acceptance agency	Dece	mber 31, 2022	Interest rate range	Collateral
CBF BILLS	\$	69,845	1.50%	None

As at March 31, 2021, the Group had no short-term notes and bills payable.

(11) Long-term borrowings

Type of borrowings Installment-repayment borrowings	Borrowing period and repayment term	Interest rate range	<u>Collateral</u>	March 31, 2023		
Unsecured EUR borrowings	Borrowing period is from July 3, 2020 to July 3, 2024; interest is repayable monthly; principal is repayable in 36 installments from August 3, 2021.(Note 3)	1.00%	None	\$ 5	5,200	
Unsecured EUR borrowings	Borrowing period is from October 27, 2020 to December 31, 2026; interest is repayable half monthly from June 30, 2021; principal is repayable in 8 installments from June 30, 2023.(Note 4)	0.74%	None		3,242	
Unsecured EUR borrowings	Borrowing period is from March 30, 2022 to March 30, 2026; interest is repayable monthly; principal is repayable in 36 installments from April 30, 2023.	1.50%	None	10) 800	
Less: Current portion (shown as "other current liabilities")			28	9,890 3,332 1,235) 7,097	

	Borrowing period	Interest rate			
Type of borrowings	and repayment term	range	<u>Collateral</u>	December	31, 2022
Installment-repayment borrowings					
Unsecured EUR borrowings	Borrowing period is from September 27, 2019 to January 27, 2023; interest is repayable monthly; principal is repayable in 24 installments from October 27, 2019.(Note 2)	0.40%	None	\$	616
Unsecured EUR borrowings	Borrowing period is from July 3, 2020 to July 3, 2024; interest is repayable monthly; principal is repayable in 36 installments from August 3, 2021.(Note 3)	1.00%	None		6,087
Unsecured EUR borrowings	Borrowing period is from October 27, 2020 to December 31, 2026; interest is repayable half monthly from June 30, 2021; principal is repayable in 8 installments from June 30, 2023.(Note 4)	0.74%	None		3,200
Unsecured EUR borrowings	Borrowing period is from March 30, 2022 to March 30, 2026; interest is repayable monthly; principal is repayable in 36 installments from April 30, 2023.	1.50%	None		10 (22
	r				19,632
					29,535
Less: Current portion (shown as "other current liabilities")			(10,075)
				\$	19,460

Type of borrowings	Borrowing period and repayment term	Interest rate range	Collateral	March 31, 2022
Bank borrowings	Borrowing period is from May 22, 2020 to June 21, 2022, no need to repay if the exemption conditions are met.(Note 1)	1.00%	None	\$ 470
Installment-repayment borrowings				
Unsecured EUR borrowings	Borrowing period is from September 27, 2019 to January 27, 2023; interest is repayable monthly; principal is repayable in 24 installments from October 27, 2019.(Note 2)	0.40%	None	5,999
Unsecured EUR borrowings	Borrowing period is from July 3, 2020 to July 3, 2024; interest is repayable monthly; principal is repayable in 36 installments from August 3, 2021.(Note 3)	1.00%	None	8,718
Unsecured EUR borrowings	Borrowing period is from October 27, 2020 to December 31, 2026; interest is repayable half monthly from June 30, 2021; principal is repayable in 8 installments from June 30, 2023.(Note 4)	0.74%	None	3,122
Unsecured EUR borrowings	Borrowing period is from March 30, 2022 to March 30, 2026; interest is repayable monthly; principal is repayable in 36 installments from April 30, 2023.	1.50%	None	
				19,152
Less: Current portion (shown as "other current liabilities")			37,461 (10,180)	
2033. Current portion (one will be deficit intollities y			\$ 27,281

Note 1: Ablerex-LATAM, a subsidiary of the Group, is eligible for Small and Medium Enterprise (SME) financing in the United States of America, and approved for Paycheck Protection Program (PPP) from local bank. As the exemption conditions are not met, the interest would be paid monthly and the principal would be repaid in 9 installments since October 21, 2021.

- Note 2: Ablerex-IT, a subsidiary of the Group, received a bank notice in March 2020. Due to the COVID-19 pandemic, the bank suspended the installments until March 2020 for a total of 16 installments and the repayment was resumed in July 2021.
- Note 3: Ablerex-IT, a subsidiary of the Group, was approved to apply for relief loan from the Italian government due to the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic.
- Note 4: Ablerex-IT, a subsidiary of the Group, was approved to apply for a loan from the Italian government. This loan is provided by the Italian government to encourage the internationalization of Italian companies, the total amount of funding is EUR\$163,000, of which EUR\$65,200 are government grants.

(12) Other payables

	March 31, 2023		December 31, 2022		March 31, 2022	
Dividends payable	\$	90,000	\$	-	\$	56,250
Payable for wages and salaries		28,010		27,385		28,934
Payable for year-end bonus		19,995		53,033		17,410
Compensation due to employees,						
directors and supervisors		15,652		14,655		11,672
Payable for other short-term						
employee benefits		14,034		15,474		14,659
Others		24,434		40,474		23,983
	\$	192,125	\$	151,021	\$	152,908

(13) Provisions for liabilities -current

		2023	2022		
Warranty:					
At January 1	\$	65,963 \$	56,909		
Additional provisions		4,539	4,988		
Used during the period	(2,028) (2,777)		
At March 31	\$	68,474 \$	59,120		

The Group's provisions for warranties are primarily for uninterruptible power supplies and solar energy related products. The provisions for warranties are estimated based on historical warranty data of uninterruptible power supplies and solar energy related products.

(14) Pensions

A. (a) The Company has a defined benefit pension plan in accordance with the Labor Standards Law, covering all regular employees' service years prior to the enforcement of the Labor Pension Act on July 1, 2005 and service years thereafter of employees who chose to continue to be subject to the pension mechanism under the Law. Under the defined benefit pension plan, two units are accrued for each year of service for the first 15 years and one unit for each additional year thereafter, subject to a maximum of 45 units. Pension benefits are based on the number of units accrued and the average monthly salaries and wages of the last 6 months

prior to retirement. The Company and its domestic subsidiaries contribute monthly an amount equal to 2% of the employees' monthly salaries and wages to the retirement fund deposited with Bank of Taiwan, the trustee, under the name of the independent retirement fund committee. Also, the Company and its domestic subsidiaries would assess the balance in the aforementioned labor pension reserve account by December 31, every year. If the account balance is insufficient to pay the pension calculated by the aforementioned method of the employees expected to qualify for retirement in the following year, the Company will make contributions to cover the deficit by next March.

- (b) For the aforementioned pension plan, the Group recognised pension costs of \$86 and \$87 for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively.
- (c) Expected contributions to the defined benefit pension plans of the Group for the year ending December 31, 2023 amount to \$859.
- B. (a) Effective July 1, 2005, the Company has established a defined contribution pension plan (the "New Plan") under the Labour Pension Act (the "Act"), covering all regular employees with R.O.C. nationality. Under the New Plan, the Company contributes monthly an amount based on 6% of the employees' monthly salaries and wages to the employees' individual pension accounts at the Bureau of Labour Insurance. The benefits accrued are paid monthly or in lump sum upon termination of employment.
 - (b) The Company's mainland China indirect subsidiaries, Ablerex Electronics (Suzhou) Co., Ltd. and Ablerex Electronics (Beijing) Corporation Limited, have a defined contribution plan. Monthly contributions to an independent fund administered by the government in accordance with the pension regulations in the People's Republic of China (PRC) are based on a certain percentage of employees' monthly salaries and wages. The contribution percentage as at March 31, 2023, December 31, 2022 and March 31, 2022 was both 20%. Other than the monthly contributions, the Group has no further obligations. Ablerex Corporation, Ablerex Latam Corporation, Ablerex Electronics (S) Pte. Ltd., Ablerex Electronics (Thailand) Co Ltd., Ablerex Electronics Italy S.R.L and Wada Denki Co., Ltd. have a defined contribution plan under the local regulations and have no further obligations. Other consolidated subsidiaries do not have any employees.
 - (c) The pension costs under the defined contribution pension plans of the Group for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2023 and 2022 were \$7,727 and \$7,459, respectively.

(15) Share capital

As of March 31, 2023, the Company's authorised capital was \$800,000, consisting of 80 million shares of ordinary stock, and the paid-in capital was \$450,000 with a par value of \$10 (in dollars) per share. All proceeds from shares issued have been collected. The Group's ordinary shares at the beginning of the period are the same with the outstanding shares at the end of the period.

(16) Capital surplus

- A. Pursuant to the R.O.C. Company Act, capital surplus arising from paid-in capital in excess of par value on issuance of common stocks and donations can be used to cover accumulated deficit or to issue new stocks or cash to shareholders in proportion to their share ownership, provided that the Company has no accumulated deficit. Further, the R.O.C. Securities and Exchange Law requires that the amount of capital surplus to be capitalized mentioned above should not exceed 10% of the paid-in capital each year. However, capital surplus should not be used to cover accumulated deficit unless the legal reserve is insufficient.
- B. The shareholders resolved to appropriate capital surplus in cash at their meeting on June 23, 2022:

	Ye	Year ended December 31, 2021			
			Cash	per share	
		Amount		(in dollars)	
Capital surplus appropriated in cash	\$	9,000	\$	0.2	

The cash appropriation of capital surplus is in agreement with the proposal submitted by the Board of Directors.

(17) Retained earnings / Events after the Balance Sheet Date

- A. Under the Company's Articles of Incorporation, the current year's earnings, if any, shall first be used to pay all taxes and offset prior years' operating losses and then 10% of the remaining amount shall be set aside as legal reserve unless the accumulated legal reserve has reached the total capital stock balance. Special reserve shall be appropriated in accordance with related regulations promulgated by competent authorities, and the special reserve along with the accumulated unappropriated retained earnings from previous years is considered as the distributable earnings. The remainder, if any, after considering the operating status, and through a proposition by the Board of Directors and a resolution by the shareholders, shall be retained.
- B. The Company's dividend policy is based on the Company's current operation status, future capital requirements, long-term operation plan, shareholders' benefits, balanced dividends and the Company's long-term financial plan, etc. The appropriation is proposed by the Board of Directors and then approved by the shareholders during their meeting. Cash dividends shall not be less than 20% of the total dividends distributed to shareholders.
- C. Except for covering accumulated deficit or issuing new stocks or cash to shareholders in proportion to their share ownership, the legal reserve shall not be used for any other purpose. The use of legal reserve for the issuance of stocks or cash to shareholders in proportion to their share ownership is permitted, provided that the distribution of the reserve is limited to the portion in excess of 25% of the Company's paid-in capital.
- D. In accordance with the regulations, the Company shall set aside special reserve from the debit balance on other equity items at the balance sheet date before distributing earnings. When the debit balance on other equity items is reversed subsequently, the reversed amount may be

included in the distributable earnings.

E. The appropriations of 2022 earnings was proposed during the board meeting on March 21, 2023 and the appropriations of 2021 earnings as resolved by the Board of Directors on June 23, 2022 are as follows:

	Y	Year ended December 31, 2022				Year ended December 31, 2021				
			Divider	nd per share			Div	vidend per share		
		Amount	(in	dollars)	A	mount		(in dollars)		
Legal reserve	\$	11,946			\$	7,600				
Special reserve	(61,427)				9,317				
Cash dividends		90,000	\$	2.00		47,250	\$	1.05		

As of May 8, 2023, the aforementioned profit distribution plan for 2022, except for cash dividends that have been resolved by the Board of Directors on March 21, 2023 (to be reported to the shareholders' meeting), and the dividends payable that are shown in these financial statements has not yet been resolved at the shareholders' meeting. There is no difference between the earnings distribution in 2021 and the proposal of the Company's Board of Directors on March 21, 2022.

For the information relating to the distribution of earnings as approved by the Board of Directors or shareholders, please refer to the "Market Observation Post System" at the website of the Taiwan Stock Exchange.

(18) Sales revenue

	For the three-month periods ended March 31					
		2023		2022		
Sales revenue	\$	374,716	\$	393,605		
Project construction revenue		268,552		242,115		
Service revenue		31,107		26,188		
	\$	674,375	\$	661,908		

A. Disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers

The Group derives revenue from the transfer of goods and services over time and at a point in time in the following:

		First		Second	Те	echnical					
For the three-month period	F	Business		Business	S	ervices]	Energy	Re	conciliation	
ended March 31, 2023	I	Division		Division	D	ivision		ivision	and	elimination	Total
Revenue from external customer contracts	\$	219,312	\$	307,654	\$	73,911	\$	73,498	\$	-	\$ 674,375
Inter-segment revenue		10,663		480,823		_			(491,486)	
Total segment revenue	\$	229,975	\$	788,477	\$	73,911	\$	73,498	(\$	491,486)	\$ 674,375
Segment income	\$	14,967	\$	25,938	\$	36,215	\$	3,457	(\$	65,657)	\$ 14,920
Timing of revenue recognition											
At a point in time	\$	219,312	\$	307,654	\$	52,526	\$	66,004	\$	-	\$ 645,496
Over time	_					21,385		7,494		_	28,879
	\$	219,312	\$	307,654	\$	73,911	\$	73,498	\$		\$ 674,375
For the three-month period		First Business		Second Business	S	echnical ervices		Energy		conciliation	
ended March 31, 2022		Division		Division		ivision		ivision		elimination	 Total
Revenue from external customer contracts	\$	246,611	\$	288,632	\$	62,607	\$	64,058	\$	-	\$ 661,908
Inter-segment revenue	_	11,142	_	520,395					(531,537)	 _
Total segment revenue	\$	257,753	\$	809,027	\$	62,607	\$	64,058	(\$	531,537)	\$ 661,908
Segment income	\$	17,183	\$	12,725	\$	29,684	\$	1,365	(<u>\$</u>	60,091)	\$ 866
Timing of revenue recognition											
At a point in time	\$	246,611	\$	288,632	\$	43,788	\$	58,371	\$	-	\$ 637,402
Over time						18,819		5,687		_	 24,506
	\$	246,611	\$	288,632	\$	62,607	\$	64.058	\$	_	\$ 661.908

B. Contract liabilities

The Group has recognised the following revenue-related contract liabilities:

	Marc	h 31, 2023	December 31, 2022		March 31, 2022		January 1, 202	
Contract liabilities: Contract liabilities	\$	272,483	\$	246,698	\$	191,472	\$	156,666
advance receipts for construction								
Contract liabilities								
advance sales receipts		30,157		37,751		39,117		31,041
receipts	\$	302,640	\$	284,449	\$	230,589	\$	187,707

- (a) Significant changes in contract liabilities None.
- (b) Revenue recognised that was included in the contract liability balance at the beginning of the period

	For the	three-month pe	eriods end	ed March 31,
		2023		2022
Revenue recognised that was included in the contract liability balance at the beginning of the period				
Sales revenue	\$	94,247	\$	52,414
(19) <u>Interest income</u>				
	For the	three-month pe	eriods end	ed March 31
	1 of the	2023		2022
Interest income from bank deposits	\$	176	\$	103
Interest income from financial assets measured		1		1
at amortised cost	<u></u>	<u>l</u>	<u>•</u>	104
	\$	177	\$	104
(20) Other income				
	For the	three-month pe	eriods end	ed March 31,
		2023		2022
Government subsidy income	\$	428	\$	1,355
Other income, others		2,155		2,004
	\$	2,583	\$	3,359
(21) Other gains and losses				
	For the	three-month pe	eriods end	ed March 31,
		2023		2022
Foreign exchange (loss) gain	(\$	2,634)	\$	6,225
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	(17)	(26)
Others	(65)	`	54)
	(\$	2,716)	\$	6,145
(22) <u>Finance costs</u>				
	For the	three-month pe	eriods end	ed March 31,
		2023		2022
Interest expense	\$	3,704	\$	1,693
(23) Expenses by nature				
By function For the three-month perio	d ended	For the thre	e-month pe	

By function	For the	three-month per March 31, 202		For the three-month period ended March 31, 2022			
By nature	Operating costs	Operating expenses	Total	Operating costs	Operating expenses	Total	
Employee benefit expense	\$ 51,899	\$ 97,099	\$ 148,998	\$ 54,187	\$ 93,645	\$ 147,832	
Depreciation expense	7,654	7,783	15,437	7,383	8,062	15,445	

2,133

2,439

210

2,282

2,492

306

Amortization expense

(24) Employee benefit expense

2023	2022
\$ 123,948	\$ 123,204
12 200	12 649

For the three-month periods ended March 31,

	2023	 2022
Wages and salaries	\$ 123,948	\$ 123,204
Labor and health insurance fees	13,388	12,648
Pension costs	7,813	7,546
Directors' remuneration	200	173
Other personnel expenses	 3,649	 4,261
	\$ 148,998	\$ 147,832

- A. In accordance with the Articles of Incorporation of the Company, a ratio of distributable profit of the current year, after covering accumulated losses, shall be distributed as employees' compensation and directors' and supervisors' remuneration. The ratio shall be 6% to 10% for employees' compensation and shall not be higher than 2% for directors' and supervisors' remuneration.
- B. For the three-month periods ended March 31, 2023 and 2022, employees' compensation was accrued at \$606 and \$526, respectively; while directors' and supervisors' remuneration was accrued at \$200 and \$173, respectively. The aforementioned amounts were recognised in salary expenses. The employees' compensation and directors' and supervisors remuneration were estimated and accrued based on 6% and 2% of distributable profit of current period for the three-month period ended March 31, 2023.

There is no difference between employees' compensation (directors' and supervisors' remuneration) as resolved by the Board of Directors and reported at the shareholders' meeting and the amount recognised in the 2022 financial statements of \$8,748, \$2,884 had been adjusted in profit or loss for 2022. The appropriation was in the form of cash.

Information about the appropriation of employees' compensation (bonus) and directors' and supervisors' remuneration by the Company as proposed by the Board of Directors and resolved will be posted in the "Market Observation Post System" at the website of the Taiwan Stock Exchange.

(25) Income tax

A. Income tax expense

(a) Components of income tax expense:

	For the three-month periods ended March 31						
		2023	2022				
Current tax:							
Current tax on profit for the period	\$	4,667 \$	2,223				
Prior year income tax overestimation	(1,115) (1,677)				
Total current tax	-	3,552	546				
Deferred tax:							
Origination and reversal of temporary			1 475				
differences		<u> </u>	1,475				
Income tax expense	\$	3,552 \$	2,021				

(b) The income tax (charge)/credit relating to components of other comprehensive income are as follows:

	For the th	ree-month pe	eriods end	led March 31,
	2	023		2022
Currency translation differences	\$	183	\$	4,651

B. The Company's income tax returns through 2021 have been assessed and approved by the Tax Authority.

(26) Earnings per share

	For the three-month period ended March 31, 2023						
	Amo	ount after tax	pe	rnings r share dollars)			
Basic earnings per share							
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders							
of the parent company	\$	7,392	45,000	\$	0.16		
Diluted earnings per share							
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of		7,392	45,000				
the parent company		1,392	45,000				
Assumed conversion of all dilutive potential							
ordinary shares							
Employees' compensation			185				
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders							
of the parent plus assumed conversion of							
all dilutive potential ordinary shares	\$	7,392	45,185	\$	0.16		

	For the three-month period ended March 31, 2022						
	Amount after tax		Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding (shares in thousands)	Earnings per share (in dollars)			
Basic earnings per share							
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders							
of the parent company	\$	6,444	45,000	\$	0.14		
Diluted earnings per share							
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of		6 111	45,000				
the parent company		6,444	45,000				
Assumed conversion of all dilutive potential							
ordinary shares							
Employees' compensation		<u>-</u>	86				
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders							
of the parent plus assumed conversion of							
all dilutive potential ordinary shares	\$	6,444	45,086	\$	0.14		

(27) <u>Transactions with non-controlling interest</u>

Acquisition of additional equity interest in a second-tier subsidiary

The Group's subsidiary, Ablerex Electronics (S)Pte.Ltd., acquired 6% of additional issuance of shares of the second-tier subsidiary, Ablerex Electronics (Thailand)Co.,Ltd., by cash amounting to \$109 in March 15, 2023. The carrying amount of non-controlling interest in Ablerex Electronics (Thailand)Co.,Ltd. was \$350 at the acquisition date. This transaction decreased non-controlling interest by \$350 and increased equity attributable to owners of the parent by \$241.

(28) Changes in liabilities from financing activities

						2023				
		Short-term								Liabilities
	S	Short-term notes and Long-term						fro	m financing	
	bo	orrowings	bil	ls payable		borrowings	Le	ease liabilities	act	ivities-gross
At January 1	\$	616,473	\$	69,845	\$	29,535	\$	13,269	\$	729,122
Changes in cash flow from										
financing activities	(178,840)		70,057	(1,566)	(2,599)	(112,948)
Impact of changes in foreign										
exchange rate		420		-		363		-		783
Changes in other non-cash items	_	_						1,069		1,069
At March 31	\$	438,053	\$	139,902	\$	28,332	\$	11,739	\$	618,026

						L	iabilities from
	S	Short-term	Long-term			finaı	ncing activities-
	bo	orrowings	 borrowings	Leas	e liabilities		gross
At January 1 Changes in cash flow from	\$	752,544	\$ 21,510	\$	9,851	\$	783,905
financing activities Impact of changes in foreign	(302,119)	15,294	(2,429)	(289,254)
exchange rate		5,548	 657				6,205
At March 31	\$	455,973	\$ 37,461	\$	7,422	\$	500,856

7. Related Party Transactions

(1) Names of related parties and relationship

Names of related parties	Relationship with the Company
United Integrated Services Co., Ltd.	The entity with significant influence to the Group
Eco Energy Corporation	Other related party
Wada	Other related party
Directors, supervisors, general manager and vice	The Group's key management
general manager	

(2) Significant related party transactions and balances

A. Sales revenue

	For the	three-month pe	eriods end	ded March 31,
		2023		2022
Sales revenue				
Entities with significant influence to the Group	\$	11,009	\$	227
Other related parties		1,837		
	\$	12,846	\$	227

The transaction prices and terms of the Group and entities with significant influence over the Group are determined in accordance with the agreed contracts. The credit term is commensurate with non-related parties, which is $60\sim120$ days after monthly billings.

B. Leasing arrangements - lessee

(a) The Group leased office and plant from United Integrated Services Co., Ltd. Rental contracts are typically made for periods from 2022 to 2024. Rents are paid at the end of each month.

(b) Lease liabilities

i. Outstanding balance

	March	31, 2023	Decen	nber 31, 2022	Marc	ch 31, 2022
United Integrated						
Services Co., Ltd.	\$	6,136	\$	7,436	\$	743

ii. Interest expense

	For the three-month periods ended March							
	2	2023		2022				
United Integrated Services Co., Ltd.	\$	28	\$	6				

C. Accounts receivable from related parties

	March	March 31, 2023		ber 31, 2022	March 31, 2022	
Accounts receivable						
Entities with significant influence	\$	3,419	\$	6,367	\$	1,059
to the Group						
Other related parties		1,929		1,342		
	\$	5,348	\$	7,709	\$	1,059

The accounts receivable of the Group and entities with significant influence over the group are construction accounts. The transaction prices and terms are determined in accordance with the agreed contracts.

D. Endorsements and guarantees

As of March 31, 2023, December 31, 2022 and March 31, 2022, there were unsecured bank borrowings amounting to \$345,540, \$496,631 and \$371,786, respectively. The Company's key management was a joint guarantor.

E. Commitments

Promissory notes issued for the warranty of sales and performance guarantees of lease contracts.

	March 31, 2023		<u>December 31, 2022</u>		March 31, 2022	
Entities with significant influence						
to the Group	\$	12,111	\$	11,008	\$	10,962

(3) Key management compensation

	For the three-month periods ended March 31,						
		2023		2022			
Short-term employee benefits	\$	12,205	\$	11,213			
Termination benefits		249		242			
	\$	12,454	\$	11,455			

8. Pledged Assets

The Group's assets pledged as collateral are as follows:

				Book value			
Pledged assets	Mar	ch 31, 2023	Dec	cember 31, 2022	M	Iarch 31, 2022	Purpose
Financial assets at amortised cost —time deposits	\$	194	\$	194	\$	194	Performance guarantee for contracts
Property, plant and equipment —land and buildings Right-of-use assets		123,492		124,489		108,064	Short-term borrowings or guarantee for line of credit Short-term borrowings or
—land use rights		838		841		881	guarantee for line of credit
iana ase rights	\$	124,524	\$	125,524	\$	109,139	guarantee for fine of credit

9. Significant Contingent Liabilities and Unrecognised Contract Commitments

(1) Contingencies

None.

(2) Commitments

A. As of March 31, 2023, December 31, 2022 and March 31, 2022, other than the details of contingencies and commitments between the Group and related parties as provided in Note 7(2) E, contingencies and commitments between the Group and third parties are as follows:

Capital expenditure contracted for at the balance sheet date but not yet incurred

	Marc	h 31, 2023	Decem	ber 31, 2022	March 31, 2022	
Property, plant and equipment	\$	3,328	\$	8,696	\$	7,000
Intangible assets		1,919		1,143		1,216
	\$	5,247	\$	9,839	\$	8,216

Warranty and performance guarantee

As of March 31, 2023, December 31, 2022 and March 31, 2022, promissory notes issued for the warranty and performance guarantee of sales amounted to \$105,490, \$121,977 and \$118,620, respectively.

B. Details of endorsements/guarantees provided by the Company to subsidiaries are provided in Note 13(1) B.

10. Significant Disaster Loss

None.

11. Significant Events after the Balance Sheet Date

None.

12. Others

(1) Capital management

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure with reasonable cost of funds. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the

Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders, issue new shares or sell assets to reduce debt. The Group monitors capital on the basis of the gearing ratio. This ratio is calculated as total liabilities divided by total assets.

In 2023, the Group's strategy, which was unchanged from 2022, was to maintain the gearing ratio of about 40%. The gearing ratios at March 31, 2023, December 31, 2022 and March 31, 2022 were as follows:

	Ma	rch 31, 2023	Dece	mber 31, 2022	Ma	rch 31, 2022
Total liabilities	\$	1,730,802	\$	1,966,119	\$	1,692,425
Total equity		1,666,788		1,748,397		1,471,088
Total assets	\$	3,397,590	\$	3,714,516	\$	3,163,513
Gearing ratio		51%		53%		53%

(2) Financial instruments

A. Financial instruments by category

	March 31, 2023		<u>December 31, 2022</u>		Mar	ch 31, 2022
Financial assets						
Financial assets at fair value through						
other comprehensive income						
Designation of equity instrument	\$	243,536	\$	243,536	\$	81,000
Financial assets at amortised cost						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	230,144	\$	259,173	\$	240,864
Financial assets at amortised cost		13,487		13,418		13,712
Notes receivable		16,880		6,307		33,362
Accounts receivable						
(including related parties)		476,031		715,093		519,780
Other receivables		18,137		11,049		14,480
Guarantee deposits paid		12,349		15,768		12,416
	\$	767,028	\$	1,020,808	\$	834,614

	Ma	rch 31, 2023	Dece	mber 31, 2022	Ma	rch 31, 2022
Financial liabilities						
Financial liabilities at fair value						
through profit or loss						
Short-term borrowings	\$	438,053	\$	616,473	\$	455,973
Short-term notes and bills payable		139,902		69,845		-
Notes payable		1,591		3,689		7,792
Accounts payable		408,786		591,145		603,210
Other accounts payable		192,125		151,021		152,908
Long-term borrowings						
(including current portion)		28,332		29,535		37,461
Guarantee deposits received		375		374		376
	\$	1,209,164	\$	1,462,082	\$	1,257,720
Lease liability						
(including related parties)	\$	11,739	\$	13,269	\$	7,422

B. Financial risk management policies

- (a) The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk and price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. To minimise any adverse effects on the financial performance of the Group, derivative financial instruments, such as foreign exchange forward contracts and foreign currency option contracts are used to hedge certain exchange rate risk, and interest rate swaps are used to fix variable future cash flows. Derivatives are used exclusively for hedging purposes and not as trading or speculative instruments.
- (b) Risk management is carried out by a central treasury department (Group treasury) under policies approved by the Board of Directors. Group treasury identifies, evaluates and hedges financial risks in close cooperation with the Group's operating units. The Board provides written principles for overall risk management, as well as written policies covering specific areas and matters, such as foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk, credit risk, use of derivative financial instruments and non-derivative financial instruments, and investment of excess liquidity.

C. Significant financial risks and degrees of financial risks

(a) Market risk

Foreign exchange risk

- i. The Group operates internationally and is exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from various currency exposures, primarily with respect to the USD and RMB. Foreign exchange risk arises from future commercial transactions and recognised assets and liabilities.
- ii. Management has set up a policy to require group companies to manage their foreign exchange risk against their functional currency. The companies are required to hedge their entire foreign exchange risk exposure with the Group treasury. Exchange rate risk is measured through a forecast of highly probable USD and RMB expenditures. Forward

- foreign exchange contracts are adopted to minimise the volatility of the exchange rate affecting cost of forecast inventory purchases.
- iii. The Group's businesses involve some non-functional currency operations (the Company's functional currency: NTD; other certain subsidiaries' functional currency: USD and RMB). The information on assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies whose values would be materially affected by the exchange rate fluctuations is as follows:

		Ma	arch 31, 202		For the three-month period ended March 31, 2023					
						Sensitivity Analysis				
(Foreign currency: <u>Functional currency)</u> <u>Financial assets</u>	Fore curre amo	ency unt	Exchange rate		ook value (NTD)	Degree of variation	1	fect on profit fore tax	compr	on other ehensive
Monetary items										
USD:NTD	\$	6,525	30.4500	\$	198,686	1%	\$	1,987	\$	-
RMB:NTD		18	4.4310		80	1%		1		-
JPY:NTD		24,452	0.2288		5,595	1%		56		-
USD:RMB		963	6.8720		29,323	1%		293		-
SGD:USD		948	0.7524		21,719	1%		217		-
Financial liabilities Monetary items										
USD:NTD	\$	1,686	30.4500	\$	51,339	1%	\$	513	\$	-
USD:RMB		547	6.8720		16,656	1%		167		-
SGD:USD		148	0.7524		3,391	1%		34		-
		Dece	ember 31, 20)22				2022		
						Se	ensiti	vity Ana	lysis	
	Fore curre	_					Ef	fect on	Effect	on other
(Foreign currency:	amo	unt	Exchange	R ₄	ook value		_	-mafit		
Functional currency)			50			Degree	•	orofit	-	ehensive
	(In thou	isands)	rate		(NTD)	Degree of variation	•	ore tax	-	ehensive come
Financial assets Monetary items	(In thou	isands)	•			•	•		-	
	(In thou	8,021	•			•	•		-	
Monetary items	-	8,021 411	rate	_	(NTD) 246,325 1,811	of variation	bet	Fore tax	in	
Monetary items USD:NTD RMB:USD RMB:NTD	\$	8,021 411 137	30.7100 0.1435 4.4080	_	(NTD) 246,325 1,811 604	of variation 1% 1% 1% 1%	bet	2,463	in	
Monetary items USD:NTD RMB:USD RMB:NTD JPY:NTD	\$	8,021 411 137 19,579	30.7100 0.1435 4.4080 0.2324	_	246,325 1,811 604 4,550	of variation 1% 1% 1% 1% 1%	bet	2,463 18 6 46	in	
Monetary items USD:NTD RMB:USD RMB:NTD JPY:NTD USD:RMB	\$	8,021 411 137 19,579 619	30.7100 0.1435 4.4080 0.2324 6.9669	_	246,325 1,811 604 4,550 19,010	of variation 1% 1% 1% 1% 1% 1%	bet	2,463 18 6 46 190	in	
Monetary items USD:NTD RMB:USD RMB:NTD JPY:NTD USD:RMB SGD:USD	\$	8,021 411 137 19,579	30.7100 0.1435 4.4080 0.2324	_	246,325 1,811 604 4,550	of variation 1% 1% 1% 1% 1%	bet	2,463 18 6 46	in	
Monetary items USD:NTD RMB:USD RMB:NTD JPY:NTD USD:RMB SGD:USD Financial liabilities	\$	8,021 411 137 19,579 619	30.7100 0.1435 4.4080 0.2324 6.9669	_	246,325 1,811 604 4,550 19,010	of variation 1% 1% 1% 1% 1% 1%	bet	2,463 18 6 46 190	in	
Monetary items USD:NTD RMB:USD RMB:NTD JPY:NTD USD:RMB SGD:USD Financial liabilities Monetary items	\$	8,021 411 137 19,579 619 1,170	30.7100 0.1435 4.4080 0.2324 6.9669 0.7450	\$	246,325 1,811 604 4,550 19,010 26,768	of variation 1% 1% 1% 1% 1% 1% 1%	<u>bet</u>	2,463 18 6 46 190 268	\$	
Monetary items USD:NTD RMB:USD RMB:NTD JPY:NTD USD:RMB SGD:USD Financial liabilities Monetary items USD:NTD	\$	8,021 411 137 19,579 619 1,170	30.7100 0.1435 4.4080 0.2324 6.9669 0.7450	_	246,325 1,811 604 4,550 19,010 26,768	of variation 1% 1% 1% 1% 1% 1% 1%	<u>bet</u>	2,463 18 6 46 190 268	in	
Monetary items USD:NTD RMB:USD RMB:NTD JPY:NTD USD:RMB SGD:USD Financial liabilities Monetary items	\$	8,021 411 137 19,579 619 1,170	30.7100 0.1435 4.4080 0.2324 6.9669 0.7450	\$	246,325 1,811 604 4,550 19,010 26,768	of variation 1% 1% 1% 1% 1% 1% 1%	<u>bet</u>	2,463 18 6 46 190 268	\$	

	AT .	1	2 1	2022	
ı	/12	rch	- 31	. 2022	

		IVI	arcii 51, 202		Wiai Cii 31, 2022					
						S	ensit	ivity Ana	lysi	S
		Foreign currency					E	ffect on	Eff	fect on other
(Foreign currency:		amount	Exchange	В	ook value	Degree		profit	cor	nprehensive
Functional currency)	(In	thousands)	rate		(NTD)	of variation	be	fore tax		income
Financial assets										
Monetary items										
USD:NTD	\$	6,274	28.6250	\$	179,593	1%	\$	1,796	\$	-
RMB:NTD		1,770	4.5060		7,976	1%		80		-
JPY:NTD		16,156	0.2353		3,802	1%		38		-
USD:RMB		27	6.3526		773	1%		8		-
SGD:USD		1,131	0.7392		23,932	1%		239		-
Financial liabilities										
Monetary items										
USD:NTD	\$	4,222	28.6250	\$	120,855	1%	\$	1,209	\$	-
USD:RMB		670	6.3526		19,179	1%		192		-
SGD:USD		184	0.7392		3,893	1%		39		-

iv. The total exchange (loss) gain arising from significant foreign exchange variation on the monetary items held by the Group for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2023 and 2022, amounted to (\$2,634) and \$6,225, respectively.

Price risk

- i. The Group's equity securities, which are exposed to price risk, are the held financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income. To manage its price risk arising from investments in equity securities, the Group diversifies its portfolio. Diversification of the portfolio is done in accordance with the limits set by the Group.
- ii. The Group's investments in equity securities comprise unlisted shares issued by the domestic companies. The prices of equity securities would change due to the change of the future value of investee companies. If the prices of these equity securities had increased/decreased by 1% with all other variables held constant, other components of equity for the year ended March 31, 2023 and 2022 would have increased/decreased by \$2,435 and \$810, respectively, as a result of other comprehensive income classified as equity investment at fair value through other comprehensive income.

Cash flow and fair value interest rate risk

The Group's borrowings are mostly with fixed interest rate and maturity within one year. Therefore, the Group does not expect to be exposed to significant interest rate risk.

(b) Credit risk

i. Credit risk refers to the risk of financial loss to the Group arising from default by the clients on the contract obligations. The main factor is that counterparties could not repay in full the contract cash flows of accounts receivable, notes receivable and amortized cost financial assets based on the agreed terms.

- ii. The Group manages their credit risk taking into consideration the entire group's concern. For banks and financial institutions, only independently rated parties with a minimum rating of investment grade or above are accepted. According to the Group's credit policy, each local entity in the Group is responsible for managing and analysing the credit risk for each of their new clients before standard payment and delivery terms and conditions are offered. Internal risk control assesses the credit quality of the customers, taking into account their financial position, past experience and other factors. Individual risk limits are set based on internal or external ratings in accordance with limits set by the management. The utilisation of credit limits is regularly monitored. The main credit risk arises from wholesale and retail customers, including outstanding receivables.
- iii. The Group adopts the assumptions under IFRS 9, there has been a significant increase in credit risk on that instrument since initial recognition, when the contract payments were past due over 30 days.
- iv. The Group adopts the assumptions under IFRS 9, the default occurs when the contract payments are past due over 90 days.
- v. The following indicators are used to determine whether the credit impairment of debt instruments has occurred:
 - (i) It becomes probable that the issuer will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganization due to their financial difficulties;
 - (ii) Default or delinquency in interest or principal repayments;
 - (iii) Adverse changes in national or regional economic conditions that are expected to cause a default.
- vi. The Group classifies customers' accounts receivable in accordance with sales area. The Group applies the modified approach using provision matrix to estimate expected credit loss under the provision matrix basis.
- vii. The Group wrote-off the financial assets, which cannot be reasonably expected to be recovered, after initiating recourse procedures. However, the Group will continue executing the recourse procedures to secure their rights. As of March 31, 2023, December 31, 2022 and March 31, 2022, the Group's written-off financial assets that are still under recourse procedures amounted to \$0, \$3,369 and \$2,902, respectively.

viii. The Group used the forecastability of Taiwan Institute of Economic Research boom observation report to adjust historical and timely information to assess the default possibility of accounts receivable. As of March 31, 2023, December 31, 2022 and March 31, 2022, the provision matrix is as follows:

	No	ot overdue	Ov	verdue within 30 days	Ov	verdue within 60 days	Ov	erdue within 90 days	more	erdue for than 90 days	Total
At March 31, 2023											
Expected loss rate		0.03%	0.7	79%~12.32%	5.3	7%~71.42%	37.	2%~96.84%	119	%~100%	
Total book value	\$	450,964	\$	12,614	\$	7,556	\$	7,575	\$	7,453	\$486,162
Loss allowance		134		769		1,872		3,300		4,056	10,131
At December 31, 2022											
Expected loss rate	0.03	3%~0.30%	0.7	79%~12.43%	5.3	7%~71.42%	37.3	2%~99.58%	119	%~100%	
Total book value	\$	697,568	\$	18,110	\$	1,677	\$	664	\$	6,824	\$724,843
Loss allowance		1,507		1,385		405		448		6,005	9,750
At March 31, 2022											
Expected loss rate		0.03%	1.0	03%~13.49%		16%~87%		50%~94%	319	%~100%	
Total book value	\$	485,491	\$	20,670	\$	6,585	\$	5,607	\$	9,768	\$528,121
Loss allowance		145		1,342		1,022		2,804		3,028	8,341

ix. Movements in relation to the Group applying the modified approach to provide loss allowance for accounts receivable are as follows:

		2023							
	Accour	nts receivable	Overd	ue receivable					
At January 1	\$	9,750	\$	39,034					
Provision for impairment loss		792		-					
Reversal of impairment loss	(396)		-					
Effect of foreign exchange	(15)	(69)					
At March 31	\$	10,131	\$	38,965					
	Accour	ats receivable	022 Overdi	ue receivable					
A. T. 1	·			<u> </u>					
At January 1	\$	7,770	\$	41,139					
Provision for impairment loss		466		-					
Reversal of impairment loss	(8)		-					
Write-offs		-	(2,902)					
Effect of foreign exchange		113		248					
At March 31	\$	8,341	\$	38,485					

(c) Liquidity risk

- i. Cash flow forecasting is performed in the operating entities of the Group and aggregated by Group treasury. Group treasury monitors rolling forecasts of the Group's liquidity requirements to ensure it has sufficient cash to meet operational needs.
- ii.Surplus cash held by the operating entities over and above balance required for working capital management are transferred to the Group treasury. Group treasury invests surplus cash in interest bearing current accounts, time deposits and other cash equivalents, choosing instruments with appropriate maturities or sufficient liquidity to provide sufficient head-room as determined by the above-mentioned forecasts.
- iii. The Group has the following undrawn borrowing facilities:

	Ma	March 31, 2023		ember 31, 2022	March 31, 2022		
Fixed rate:							
Expiring within one year	\$	1,329,242	\$	1,202,392	\$	1,362,521	

iv. The table below analyses the Group's non-derivative financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the balance sheet date to the contractual maturity date. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows.

Non-derivative financial liabilities

	L	Less than 3		Between 3 months				
March 31, 2023		months		and 1 year		Over 1 year		ook value
Short-term borrowings	\$	257,766	\$	182,879	\$	-	\$	440,645
Short-term notes and bills								
payable		140,000		-		-		140,000
Notes payable		1,591		-		-		1,591
Accounts payable		374,812		33,974		-		408,786
Other payables		71,828		111,801		8,496		192,125
Lease liability		2,575		7,210		2,224		12,009
Long-term borrowings								
(including current								
portion)		3,095		8,450	1	7,341		28,886

	L	ess than 3	Be	tween 3 months				
December 31, 2022		months		and 1 year	O	ver 1 year	В	ook value
Short-term borrowings	\$	292,049	\$	329,472	\$	-	\$	621,521
Short-term notes and bills								
payable		70,000		-		-		70,000
Notes payable		3,689		-		-		3,689
Accounts payable		558,208		32,937		-		591,145
Other payables		125,773		16,581		8,667		151,021
Lease liability		2,577		6,975		4,075		13,627
Long-term borrowings								
(including current								
portion)		1,659		8,752		19,759		30,170
	L	ess than 3	Be	tween 3 months				
March 31, 2022		months		and 1 year	O	ver 1 year	В	ook value
Short-term borrowings	\$	371,884	\$	85,702	\$	-	\$	457,586
Notes payable		7,792		-		-		7,792
Accounts payable		344,063		259,147		-		603,210
Other payables		48,924		94,748		9,236		152,908
Lease liability		2,088		3,013		2,754		7,855
Long-term borrowings								
(including current								
portion)		3,291		7,259		27,762		38,312

Loss than 2 Datyson 2 months

v. The Group does not expect the timing of occurrence of the cash flows estimated through the maturity date analysis will be significantly earlier, nor expect the actual cash flow amount will be significantly different.

(3) Fair value information

- A. The different levels that the inputs to valuation techniques are used to measure fair value of financial and non-financial instruments have been defined as follows:
 - Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date. A market is regarded as active where a market in which transactions for the asset or liability take place with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis.
 - Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.
 - Level 3: Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability. The fair value of the Group's investment in unlisted stocks is included in Level 3.
- B. Financial instruments not measured at fair value.

The Group's carrying amounts of cash and cash equivalents, notes receivable, accounts receivable, other receivables, accounts payable and other payables are approximate to their fair values. The carrying amounts are provided in Note 12(2) A.

C. The related information of financial and non-financial instruments measured at fair value by level on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the assets and liabilities is as follows:

The related information of natures of the assets and liabilities is as follows:

March 31, 2023	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Assets Recurring fair value measurements Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income				
Equity securities	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 243,536	\$ 243,536
December 31, 2022 Assets Recurring fair value measurements Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	<u>Total</u>
Equity securities March 31, 2022	\$ - Level 1	\$ <u>-</u> Level 2	\$ 243,536 Level 3	\$ 243,536 Total
Assets Recurring fair value measurements Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income				
Equity securities	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 81,000	\$ 81,000

- D. The methods and assumptions the Group used to measure fair value are as follows:
 - (a) When assessing non-standard and low-complexity financial instruments, for example, debt instruments without active market, interest rate swap contracts, foreign exchange swap contracts and options, the Group adopts valuation technique that is widely used by market participants. The inputs used in the valuation method to measure these financial instruments are normally observable in the market.
 - (b) The valuation of derivative financial instruments is based on valuation model widely accepted by market participants, such as present value techniques and option pricing models. Forward exchange contracts are usually valued based on the current forward exchange rate.
- E. For the three-month periods ended March 31, 2023 and 2022, there was no transfer between Level 1 and Level 2.
- F. The following chart is the movement of Level 3 for the three-month period ended March 31, 2023:

		2023
	E	quity instrument
At January 1 / March 31	<u>\$</u>	243,536

- G. For the three-month periods ended March 31, 2023 and 2022, there was no transfer into or out from Level 3.
- H. Financial segment is in charge of valuation procedures for fair value measurements being categorized within Level 3, which is to verify independent fair value of financial instruments. Such assessment is to ensure the valuation results are reasonable by applying independent information to make results close to current market conditions, confirming the resource of information is independent, reliable and in line with other resources and represented as the exercisable price, and frequently calibrating valuation model, performing back-testing, updating inputs used to the valuation model and making any other necessary adjustments to the fair value.
- I. The following is the qualitative information of significant unobservable inputs and sensitivity analysis of changes in significant unobservable inputs to valuation model used in Level 3 fair value measurement:

				Significant	Range	Relationship
	Fair	r value at	Valuation	unobservable	(weighted	of inputs to
	Marc	h 31, 2023	technique	input	average)	fair value
Non-derivative equity instrument:						
Unlisted shares	\$	243,536	Market comparable companies	Discount for lack of marketability	25%	The higher the discount for lack of marketability, the lower the fair value.
				Significant	Range	Relationship
	Fair	r value at	Valuation	unobservable	(weighted	of inputs to
	Decemb	ber 31, 2022	technique	input	average)	fair value
Non-derivative equity instrument:						
Unlisted shares	\$	243,536	Market comparable companies	Discount for lack of marketability	25%	The higher the discount for lack of marketability, the lower the fair value.

				Significant	Range	Relationship
	Fair val	ue at	Valuation	unobservable	(weighted	of inputs to
	March 31	, 2022	technique	input	average)	fair value
Non-derivative						
<u>equity</u>						
instrument:						
Unlisted	\$	81,000	Market	Discount for	30%	The higher the
shares			comparable	lack of		discount for
			companies	marketability		lack of
						marketability,
						the lower the
						fair value.

J. The Group has carefully assessed the valuation models and assumptions used to measure fair value. However, use of different valuation models or assumptions may result in different measurement. The following is the effect of profit or loss or of other comprehensive income from financial assets and liabilities categorised within Level 3 if the inputs used to valuation models have changed:

				March 31, 2023								
			Recognised	l in profit or	Recognis	ed in other						
			lo	OSS	comprehensive income							
			Favourable	Unfavourable	Favourable	Unfavourable						
	<u>Input</u>	Change	change	change	change	change						
Financial assets Equity instrument	25%	±1%	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,247	(\$ 3,247)						
				December	31, 2022							
			Recognised	l in profit or	Recognised in other							
			10	OSS	comprehensive income							
			Favourable	Unfavourable	Favourable	Unfavourable						
	<u>Input</u>	Change	change	change	change	change						
Financial assets Equity instrument	25%	±1%	<u>\$</u> _	\$ -	\$ 3,247	(\$ 3,247)						
				March 3	31, 2022							
			Recognised	l in profit or	Recognis	ed in other						
			lo	OSS	compreher	sive income						
			Favourable	Unfavourable	Favourable	Unfavourable						
	<u>Input</u>	Change	change	change	change	change						
Financial assets Equity instrument	30%	±1%	\$ -	<u>\$</u> _	\$ 1,906	(\$ 1,906)						

13. Supplementary Disclosures

(1) Significant transaction information

A. Loans to others: Please refer to table 1.

- B. Provision of endorsements and guarantees to others: Please refer to table 2.
- C. Holding of marketable securities at the end of the period (not including subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures): Please refer to table 3.
- D. Acquisition or sale of the same security with the accumulated cost exceeding \$300 million or 20% of the Company's paid-in capital: None.
- E. Acquisition of real estate reaching \$300 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: None.
- F. Disposal of real estate reaching \$300 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: None.
- G. Purchases or sales of goods from or to related parties reaching \$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: Please refer to table 4.
- H. Receivables from related parties reaching \$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: Please refer to table 5.
- I. Trading in derivative instruments undertaken during the reporting period: None.
- J. Significant inter-company transactions during the reporting period: Please refer to table 6.

(2) <u>Information on investees (not including investees in Mainland China)</u>

Names, locations and other information of investee companies (not including investees in Mainland China): Please refer to table 7.

(3) Information on investments in Mainland China

- A. Basic information: Please refer to table 8.
- B. Significant transactions, either directly or indirectly through a third area, with investee companies in the Mainland Area:
 - (a) Purchasing amount and percentage and related receivables' percentage and ending balance: Please refer to tables 6 and 9.
 - (b) Selling amount and percentage and related receivables' percentage and ending balance: Please refer to tables 6 and 9.
 - (c) Property transaction amounts and gains and loss arising from them: None.
 - (d) Ending balance and purpose of provision of endorsements/guarantees or collaterals: None.
 - (e) Maximum balance, ending balance, interest rate range and interest for financing during the years ended March 31, 2023: Please refer to table 1.
 - (f) Other significant transactions that affected the gains and loss or financial status for the period, i.e. rendering/receiving of service: Please refer to table 9.

(4) Major shareholders information

Major shareholders information: Please refer to table 10.

14. Segment Information

(1) General information

Management has determined the reportable operating segments based on the reports reviewed by the Chief Operating Decision-Maker that are used to make strategic decisions. The Group has four reportable operating segments: First Business Division, Second Business Division, Technical Services Division and Energy Division. The primary sources of revenue from products and services

are as follows:

First Business Division : Promotes domestic sales of consigned and self-manufactured

products

Second Business Division : Responsible for international sales and market promotion of

self-manufactured products

Technical Services Division: Responsible for the installation, testing, and warranty of products,

as well as development of the repair and maintenance business line,

and purchases and sales of spare parts and miscellaneous

Energy Division : Domestic sales and market promotion of self-manufactured

energy-related products

(2) Segment information

The segment information provided to the Chief Operating Decision-Maker for the reportable segments is as follows:

For the three-month period ended	First Business	Second Business	Technical Services	Energy	Reconciliation	
March 31, 2023	Division	Division	Division	Division	and elimination	Total
Revenue from external	\$ 219,312	\$ 307,654	\$ 73,911	\$ 73,498	\$ -	\$ 674,375
customer contracts Inter-segment revenue	10,663	480,823			(491,486)	
Total segment revenue	\$ 229,975	\$ 788,477	\$ 73,911	\$ 73,498	(\$ 491,486)	\$ 674,375
Segment income	\$ 14,967	\$ 25,938	\$ 36,215	\$ 3,457	(\$ 65,657)	\$ 14,920
For the three-month	First	Second	Technical			
period ended	Business	Business	Services	Energy	Reconciliation	
March 31, 2022	Division	Division	Division	Division	and elimination	Total
Revenue from external	\$ 246,611	\$ 288,632	\$ 62,607	\$ 64,058	\$ -	\$ 661,908
customer contracts						
Inter-segment revenue	11,142	520,395			(531,537)	
Total segment revenue	\$ 257,753	\$ 809,027	\$ 62,607	\$ 64,058	(\$ 531,537)	\$ 661,908
Segment income	\$ 17,183	\$ 12,725	\$ 29,684	\$ 1,365	(\$ 60,091)	\$ 866

(3) Reconciliation for segment income (loss)

Sales between segments are carried out at arm's length. The revenue from external customers reported to the Chief Operating Decision-Maker is measured in a manner consistent with that in the statement of comprehensive income.

Reconciliations of reportable segment income to the income before tax from continuing operations for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2023 and 2022 are as follows:

	For the three-month periods ended March						
		2023	2022				
Reportable segments income before tax	\$	14,920 \$	866				
Interest income		177	104				
Other income		2,583	3,359				
Other gains and losses	(2,716)	6,145				
Finance costs	(3,704) (1,693)				
Income before tax from continuing operations	\$	11,260 \$	8,781				

The Group did not provide the total assets and total liabilities amounts to the Chief Operating Decision-Maker.

Loans to others

For the three-month period ended March 31, 2023

Table 1

N	o. Cro	reditor	Borrower	General ledger account	Is a related party	Maximum outstanding balance during the three-month period ended March 31, 2023	Balance at March 31, 2023	Actual amount drawn down	Interest rate	Nature of loan	Amount of transactions with the borrower	Reason for short- term financing	Allowance for doubtful accounts	Colla Item	ateral Value	Limit on loans granted to a single party	Ceiling on total loans granted	Footnote
()	The	Ablerex- LATAM	Other recivables	Y	\$ 45,675 (USD 1,500 thousand)	\$ 45,675 (USD 1,500 thousand)	\$ 45,675 (USD 1,500 thousand)	3 50%	Short-term financing	\$ -	Turnover of operation	\$ -	None		\$ 165,457		Note 1 Note 5
	1 1	olerex- HK	Ablerex- SZ	Other recivables	Y	91,350 (USD 3,000 thousand)	91,350 (USD 3,000 thousand)	60,900 (USD 2,000 thousand)	3.50%	Short-term financing	-	Turnover of operation	-	None	-	165,457	661,827	Note 1 Note 2 Note 6
)	olerex- USA	Ablerex- SZ	Other recivables	Y	15,225 (USD 500 thousand)	15,225 (USD 500 thousand)	15,225 (USD 500 thousand)	1.25%	Short-term financing	-	Turnover of operation	1	None	-	165,457	661,827	Note 1 Note 3 Note 7
	3	olerex- SG	Ablerex- TH	Short term loan	Y	18,270 (USD 600 thousand)	18,270 (USD 600 thousand)	11,996 (USD 394 thousand)	1.00%	Short-term financing	-	Turnover of operation	-	None	-	165,457	661,827	Note 1 Note 4 Note 8

- Note 1: In accordance with the Company's "Procedures for Provision of Loans", limit on total loans to others is 40% of the Company's net assets. Limit on loans to a single party with business transactions is the higher value of purchases or sales during current year on the year of financing. Limit on loans to a single party with short-term financing is 10% of the Company's net assets; but limit on total loans to subsidiaries is 40% of the parent company's current net assets. Furthermore, for the foreign companies which the Group holds 100% of the voting rights directly or indirectly, limit on loans is not restricted. The deadline of each loan is 1 year from the lending day.
- Note 2: In accordance with the Ablerex-HK's "Procedures for Provision of Loans", limit on total loans to others is 40% of the parent company's net assets. Limit on loans to a single party with business transactions is the higher value of purchases or sales during current year. Limit on loans to a single party with short-term financing is 10% of the parent company's net assets; but limit on total loans to subsidiaries is 40% of the parent company's current net assets. Furthermore, for the foreign companies which the Group holds 100% of the voting rights directly or indirectly, limit on loans is not restricted. The deadline of each loan is 1 year from the lending day.
- Note 3: In accordance with the Ablerex-USA's "Procedures for Provision of Loans", limit on total loans to others is 40% of the parent company's net assets. Limit on loans to a single party with business transactions is the higher value of purchases or sales during current year. Limit on loans to a single party with short-term financing is 10% of the parent company's net assets; but limit on total loans to subsidiaries is 40% of the parent company's current net assets. Furthermore, for the foreign companies which the Group holds 100% of the voting rights directly or indirectly, limit on loans is not restricted.
- Note 4: In accordance with the Ablerex-SG's "Procedures for Provision of Loans", limit on total loans to others is 40% of the parent company's net assets. Limit on loans to a single party with business transactions is the higher value of purchases or sales during current year. Limit on loans to a single party with short-term financing is 10% of the parent company's net assets; but limit on total loans to subsidiaries is 40% of the parent company's current net assets. Furthermore, for the foreign companies which the Group holds 100% of the voting rights directly or indirectly, limit on loans is not restricted.
- Note 5: The maximum credit to be drawn as approved by the Board of Directors was USD 1,500 thousand. The period-end available credit balance was USD 1,500 thousand. The actual amount drawn was USD 1,500 thousand.
- Note 6: The maximum credit to be drawn as approved by the Board of Directors was USD 3,000 thousand. The period-end available credit balance was USD 3,000 thousand. The actual amount drawn was USD 2,000 thousand.
- Note 7: The maximum credit to be drawn as approved by the Board of Directors was USD 500 thousand. The period-end available credit balance was USD 500 thousand. The actual amount drawn was USD 500 thousand.
- Note 8: The maximum credit to be drawn as approved by the Board of Directors was USD 600 thousand. The period-end available credit balance was USD 600 thousand. The actual amount drawn was USD 394 thousand.

Provision of endorsements and guarantees to others

For the three-month period ended March 31, 2023

Table 2

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

		Party bei endorsed/gua	_		Maximum				Ratio of accumulated endorsement/					
			Relationship	Limit on endorsements/	outstanding endorsement/ guarantee	Outstanding endorsement/		Amount of endorsements/	guarantee amount to net	Ceiling on total amount of		Provision of endorsements/ guarantees by		
			with the	guarantees	amount as of	guarantee		guarantees	the endorser/	endorsements/	parent	subsidiary to	the party in	
	Endorser/		endorser/	provided for a	March 31, 2023	amount at	Actual amount drawn	secured with	guarantor	guarantees	company to	parent	Mainland	
Number	guarantor	Company name	guarantor	single party	(Note 3)	March 31, 2023	down	collateral	company	provided	subsidiary	company	China	Footnote
0	The Company	Ablerex-HK	Subsidiary	\$ 330,914	\$ 228,375	\$ 228,375 (USD 7,500 thousand)	\$ 30,450 (USD 1,000 thousand)	\$ -	14%	\$ 827,284	Y	N	N	Note 1 Note 2

Note1: In accordance with the Company's "Procedures for Provision of Endorsements and Guarantees", limit on the Company endorsements/guarantees to others is 50% of the Company's net assets. Limit on the Company's endorsements/guarantees to a single party is 20% of the Company's net assets, and limit on endorsements/guarantees for companies with business relations is the higher value of purchases or sales during current year.

Note 2: Relationship between the endorser/guarantor and the party being endorsed/guaranteed is classified into the following six categories:

- (1) Having business relationship.
- (2) The endorser/guarantor parent company owns directly and indirectly more than 50% voting shares of the endorsed/guaranteed subsidiary.
- (3)The endorsed/guaranteed company owns directly and indirectly more than 50% voting shares of the endorser/guarantor parent company.
- (4) The endorser/guarantor parent company owns directly and indirectly more than 90% voting shares of the endorsed/guaranteed company.
- (5)Mutual guarantee of the trade made by the endorsed/guaranteed company or joint contractor as required under the construction contract.
- (6)Due to joint venture, all shareholders provide endorsements/guarantees to the endorsed/guaranteed company in proportion to its ownership.

Note 3: Transactions made with Ablerex-HK is higher than 50% of the Company's net assets, which is over the limit on the Company endorsements/guarantees to others. Thus, the limit on the Company endorsements/guarantees to Ablerex-HK is 50% of the Company's net assets.

Holding of marketable securities at the end of the period (not including subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures)

March 31, 2023

Table 3

					As of March	1 31, 2023		
		Relationship with the						
Securities held by	Marketable securities	securities issuer	General ledger account	Number of shares	Book value	Ownership (%)	Fair value	Footnote
The Company	Eco Energy Corporation	Other related party	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income-non-current	5,400,000	\$243,536 thousand	13.24%	\$243,536 thousand	None

Purchases or sales of goods from or to related parties reaching NT\$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more

For the three-month period ended March 31, 2023

Table 4 Expre

			Transaction						in transaction pared to third nsactions	Notes/accounts receivable (payable)			
Purchaser/seller	Counterparty	Relationship with the counterparty	Purchases (sales)		Amount	Percentage of total purchases (sales)	Credit term	Unit price	Credit term		Balance	Percentage of total notes/accounts receivable (payable)	Footnote
The Company	Ablerex-HK	Subsidiary	Purchases	\$	136,224	37%	Note 1	Note 1	Note 1	(\$	60,378)	(15%)	-
Ablerex-HK	The Company	Parent Company	(Sales)	(USD	4,482 thousand)	(100%)	Note 1	Note 1	Note 1	USD	1,983 thousand	100%	-
The Company	Ablerex-SZ	An indirectly-owned Subsidiary	Purchases	\$	108,134	29%	Note 1	Note 1	Note 1	(106,251)	(26%)	-
Ablerex-SZ	The Company	Parent Company	(Sales)	(RMB	23,349 thousand)	(37%)	Note 1	Note 1	Note 1	RMB	23,979 thousand	49%	-
Ablerex-HK	Ablerex-SZ	Affiliate	Purchases	USD	4,482 thousand	100%	Note 2	Note 2	Note 2	(USD	1,983 thousand)	(100%)	-
Ablerex-SZ	Ablerex-HK	Affiliate	(Sales)	(RMB	30,777 thousand)	(47%)	Note 2	Note 2	Note 2	RMB	13,625 thousand	28%	-

Note 1: The transaction price is commensurate with the purchase price from Ablerex-SZ; the receivable (payable) policy is Net 60 days E.O.M.

Note 2: The transaction price is the Ablerex-SZ production cost plus an agreed gross margin; the receivable (payable) policy is Net 60 days E.O.M.

Note 3: Transaction price are determined according to the agreements between the parties; the receivable (payable) policy is Net 120 days E.O.M.

Note 4: Ablerex-HK conducts purchases from Ablerex, whereby the prices were determined according to the agreements between the parties. The purchases were then sold to Ablerex-SZ with a zero contribution margin; the credit term is coherent with general customers.

Receivables from related parties reaching NT\$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more

March 31, 2023

Table 5

		Relationship				Overdue re	eceivables	Amount collected subsequent to the	Allowance for
Creditor	Counterparty	with the counterparty	Balance a	as at March 31, 2023	Turnover rate	Amount	Action taken	balance sheet date	doubtful accounts
Ablerex-HK	The Company	Parent company	USD	1,983 thousand	4.92	=	-	USD 995 thousnad	-
Ablerex-SZ	Ablerex-HK	Affiliate	RMB	13,625 thousand	4.87	-	-	RMB 10,349 thousnad	-

Significant inter-company transactions during the reporting period For the three-month period ended March 31, 2023

Table 6 Individual transactions not exceeding \$10,000 and their corresponding transactions are not disclosed.

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

				Transaction							
Number			Relationship				Percentage of consolidated total operating revenues or total				
(Note 1)	Company name	Counterparty	(Note 2)	General ledger account	Amount	Transaction terms	assets (Note 3)				
0	The Company	Ablerex-HK	1	Purchases	\$ 136,224	Note 4	20%				
		Ablerex-HK	1	Accounts Payable	60,378		2%				
		Ablerex-SZ	1	Purchases	108,134	Note 5	16%				
		Ablerex-SZ	1	Accounts Payable	106,251		3%				
		Ablerex-USA	1	Sales	24,305	Note 5	4%				
		Ablerex-SG	1	Sales	24,512	Note 5	4%				
		Ablerex-SG	1	Accounts Receivable	41,064		1%				
		Ablerex-IT	1	Sales	17,115	Note 5	3%				
		Ablerex-IT	1	Accounts Receivable	77,964		2%				
		Ablerex-LATAM	1	Sales	15,811	Note 5	2%				
		Ablerex-LATAM	1	Accounts Receivable	56,611		2%				
		Ablerex-LATAM	1	Other Receivables	46,681	Note 7	1%				
1	Ablerex-HK	Ablerex-SZ	3	Purchases	136,682	Note 4	20%				
		Ablerex-SZ	3	Accounts Payable	60,372		2%				
		Ablerex-SZ	3	Other Receivables	62,318	Note 6	2%				
2	Ablerex-SZ	Ablerex-BJ	3	Accounts Receivable	15,556		0%				
3	Ablerex-SG	Ablerex-TH	3	Short term loan	11,981	Note 8	0%				
4	Ablerex-USA	Ablerex-SZ	3	Other Receivables	15,399	Note 9	0%				

Note 1: The numbers filled in for the transaction company in respect of inter-company transactions are as follows:

(1) Parent company is '0'.

(2) The subsidiaries are numbered in order starting from '1'.

Note 2: Relationship between transaction company and counterparty is classified into the following three categories:

- (1) Parent company to subsidiary.
- (2) Subsidiary to parent company.
- (3) Subsidiary to subsidiary.

Note 3: Regarding percentage of transaction amount to consolidated total operating revenues or total assets, it is computed based on period-end balance of transaction to consolidated total assets for balance sheet accounts and based on accumulated transaction amount for the period to consolidated total operating revenues for income statement accounts.

- Note 4: Ablerex-HK conducted purchases from Ablerex-SZ, whereby the prices were based on Ablerex-SZ's production costs plus an agreed gross margin. The purchases were then resold to Ablerex with a zero contribution margin; the term for receivables and payables is Net 60 days E.O.M.
- Note 5: Transaction prices are determined according to the agreements between the parties; the credit term is coherent with general customers.

Note 6: Ablerex-HK loan to Ablerex-SZ, interest against agreed interest rate 3.5% per annum.

Note 7: Ablerex loan to Ablerex-Latam, interest against agreed interest rate 3.5% per annum.

Note 8: Ablerex-SG loan to Ablerex-TH, interest against agreed interest rate 1.00% per annum.

Note 9: Ablerex-USA loan to Ablerex-SZ, interest against agreed interest rate 1.25% per annum.

Information on investees

For the three-month period ended March 31, 2023

Table 7

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

				Initial investment amount Shares held as at March 31, 2023				Investment			
Investor	Investee	Location	Main business activities	Balance as at March 31, 2023	Balance as at March 31, 2022	Number of shares	Ownership (%)	Book value	Net profit (loss) of the investee for the three-month period ended March 31, 2023	income(loss) recognised by the Company for the three- month period ended March 31, 2023	Footnote
The Company	Ablerex-Samoa	Samoa	Holding company	\$ 217,445	\$ 217,445	6,635,000	100	\$ 468,043	(\$ 2,156)	(\$ 2,381)	Subsidiary
The Company	Ablerex-USA	U.S.	Sales of uninterruptible power supply, solar energy products, and related systems	8,303	8,303	250,000	100	79,584	5,248	5,248	Subsidiary
The Company	Ablerex-HK	Hong Kong	Sales of uninterruptible power supply, solar energy products, and related systems	43	43	10,000	100	32,886	146	146	Subsidiary
The Company	Ablerex-SG	Singapore	Sales of uninterruptible power supply, solar energy products, and related systems	48,008	48,008	2,140,763	100	113,854	(916)	(919)	Subsidiary
The Company	Ablerex-UK	UK	Holding company	4,674	4,674	100,000	100	13,724	248	(1,043)	Subsidiary
The Company	Ablerex-JP	Japan	Sales of uninterruptible power supply, solar energy products, and related systems	9,159	9,159	2,970	99	3,455	(1,062)	(1,665)	Subsidiary
Ablerex-Samoa	Ablerex -Overseas	Hong Kong	Holding company	217,445	217,445	6,635,000	100	471,940	(2,121)	-	Second-tier subsidiary
Ablerex-UK	Ablerex-IT	Italy	Sales of uninterruptible power supply, solar energy products, and related systems	4,674	4,674	100,000	100	13,724	248	-	Second-tier subsidiary
Ablerex-SG	Ablerex-TH	Thailand	Sales of uninterruptible power supply, solar energy products, and related systems	1,795	1,687	20,000	100	5,918	(1,472)	-	Second-tier subsidiary
Ablerex-USA	Ablerex-Latam	U.S.	Sales of uninterruptible power supply, solar energy products,and related systems	15,358	15,358	3,650	86	3,663	1,625	-	Second-tier subsidiary

Note: The Company recognised investment income comprising of downstream and upstream transactions.

Information on investments in Mainland China

For the three-month period ended March 31, 2023

Table 8

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

				Accumulated amount of remittance from Taiwan to Mainland China	Amount remitted Mainland Amount rer to Taiwan for th period ended M	d China/ mitted back he three-month farch 31, 2023	Accumulated amount of remittance from Taiwan to Mainland China	of investee	held by the Company	Investment income (loss) recognised by the Company for the three-		Accumulated amount of investment income remitted back to	
Investee in Mainland China	Main business activities	Paid-in capital	Investment method	as of January 1, 2023	Remitted to Mainland China		as of March 31, 2023	as of March 31, 2023	(direct or indirect)	month period ended March 31, 2023	as of March 31, 2023	Taiwan as of March 31, 2023	Footnote
Ablerex-SZ	Manufacturing and sales of uninterruptible power supply, solar energy products, and related systems	\$ 166,257	Note 1	\$ 166,257		\$ -	\$ 166,257	(\$ 2,814)	100	(\$ 2,814)	\$ 422,279	\$ -	Note 2
Ablerex-BJ	Manufacturing and sales of uninterruptible power supply, solar energy products, and related systems	44,310	Note 1	35,779	-	-	35,779	819	80	655	46,323	-	-

		Investment	Ceiling on	
		amount approved	investments in	
	Accumulated amount	by the Investment	Mainland China	
	of remittance from	Commission of	imposed by the	
	Taiwan to Mainland	the Ministry of	Investment	
	China	Economic Affairs	Commission of	
Company name	as of March 31, 2023	(MOEA)	MOEA	
ABLEREX				
ELECTRONICS	\$ 202,036	\$ 202,036	\$ 1,000,073	
CO., LTD.				

Note 1: Invested in cash through the third region's subsidiary, Ablerex-Samoa which invested in Ablerex-Overseas and then reinvested in Ablerex-BJ. The investments were approved by the Investment Commission of the Ministry of Economic Affairs.

Note 2: Excluding the presentation and disclosures of Ablerex-SZ concurrently reviewed by the Certified Public Accountant, the above-listed related parties disclosed below are presentations and disclosures on investees that were not concurrently reviewed by the Certified Public Accountant. For consolidated reporting purposes, all individuals disclosed below have eliminated all inter-group transactions.

Significant transactions conducted with investees in Mainland China directly or indirectly through other companies in the third areas For the three-month period ended March 31, 2023

Table 9

Expressed in thousands of NTD

(Except as otherwise indicated)

(1)	Purchasing amount and	percentage and related	navables!	nercentage and	halance at	March 31	2023.
(1)	ruichasing amount and	percentage and related	payables	percentage and	Dalance at	wiaich 31,	2023.

Accounts Receivable

Ablerex-SZ

	Company name	General ledger amount	Amount	%	Footnote
	Ablerex-SZ	Purchases	\$ 244,358	66%	Purchase from Ablerex-SZ through Ablerex-HK of which \$108,134 purchase directly.
	Ablerex-SZ	Accounts Payable	\$ 166,629	41%	Pay from Ablerex-SZ through Ablerex-HK of which \$106,251 purchase directly.
(2)	Selling amount and percer	ntage and related receivables'	percentage and balance at M	arch 31, 2023:	
	Company name	General ledger amount	Amount	%	Footnote
	Ablerex-SZ	Sales	\$ 6,224	1%	Sold directly

(3) Other significant transactions that affected the gains and losses or financial status for the period, i.e. rendering/receiving of service:

6,257

Company name	General ledger amount	Amount		%	Footnote
Ablerex-SZ	Miscellaneous income	\$	129	9%	The Company purchased the critical raw materials of \$2,611 on behalf of Ablerex-SZ.

1%

Major shareholders information March 31, 2023

Table 10

	Shares	
Name of major shareholders	Number of shares held	Ownership (%)
United Integrated Services Co., Ltd.	14,068,502	31.26%
Wen Hsu	9,638,177	21.41%
Y.A. Chen	2,485,763	5.52%